

## EXERCISE

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In each of the questions 1 to 16, out of the four options, only one is correct. Write the correct answer.

1. An algebraic expression containing three terms is called a

- (a) monomial                      (b) binomial                      (c) trinomial                      (d) All of these

**Solution:-**

- (c) trinomial

Expression with three unlike terms is called a 'Trinomial'.

2. Number of terms in the expression  $3x^2y - 2y^2z - z^2x + 5$  is

- (a) 2                      (b) 3                      (c) 4                      (d) 5

**Solution:-**

- (c) 4

In the given expression there are 4 terms.

3. The terms of expression  $4x^2 - 3xy$  are:

- (a)  $4x^2$  and  $-3xy$                       (b)  $4x^2$  and  $3xy$   
(c)  $4x^2$  and  $-xy$                       (d)  $x^2$  and  $xy$

**Solution:-**

- (a)  $4x^2$  and  $-3xy$

A term is the product of factors.

4. Factors of  $-5x^2y^2z$  are

- (a)  $-5 \times x \times y \times z$                       (b)  $-5 \times x^2 \times y \times z$   
(c)  $-5 \times x \times x \times y \times y \times z$                       (d)  $-5 \times x \times y \times z^2$

**Solution:-**

- (c)  $-5 \times x \times x \times y \times y \times z$

Factors may be numerical as well as algebraic (literal).

5. Coefficient of  $x$  in  $-9xy^2z$  is

- (a)  $9yz$                       (b)  $-9yz$                       (c)  $9y^2z$                       (d)  $-9y^2z$

**Solution:-**

- (d)  $-9y^2z$

Coefficient is the numerical factor in a term. Sometimes, any factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.

6. Which of the following is a pair of like terms?

(a)  $-7xy^2z, -7x^2yz$

(c)  $3xyz, 3x^2y^2z^2$

(b)  $-10xyz^2, 3xyz^2$

(d)  $4xyz^2, 4x^2yz$

**Solution:-**

(b)  $-10xyz^2, 3xyz^2$

The terms having the same algebraic factors are called like terms.

7. Identify the binomial out of the following:

(a)  $3xy^2 + 5y - x^2y$

(c)  $xy + yz + zx$

(b)  $x^2y - 5y - x^2y$

(d)  $3xy^2 + 5y - xy^2$

**Solution:-**

(d)  $3xy^2 + 5y - xy^2$

Expression with two unlike terms is called a 'Binomial'.

The expression  $3xy^2 + 5y - xy^2$  is further simplified as,

$$= 3xy^2 + 5y - xy^2$$

$$= (3xy^2 - xy^2) + 5y$$

$$= 2xy^2 + 5y$$

8. The sum of  $x^4 - xy + 2y^2$  and  $-x^4 + xy + 2y^2$  is

(a) Monomial and polynomial in y

(c) Trinomial and polynomial

(b) Binomial and Polynomial

(d) Monomial and polynomial in x

**Solution:-**

(a) Monomial and polynomial in y

Consider the given equation,  $x^4 - xy + 2y^2$  and  $-x^4 + xy + 2y^2$

Sum of two expressions =  $(x^4 - xy + 2y^2) + (-x^4 + xy + 2y^2)$

$$= x^4 - xy + 2y^2 - x^4 + xy + 2y^2$$

$$= (x^4 - x^4) + (-xy + xy) + (2y^2 + 2y^2)$$

$$= 0 + 0 + 4y^2$$

$$= 4y^2$$

9. The subtraction of 5 times of y from x is

(a)  $5x - y$

(b)  $y - 5x$

(c)  $x - 5y$

(d)  $5y - x$

**Solution:-**

(c)  $x - 5y$

10.  $-b - 0$  is equal to

(a)  $-1 \times b$

(b)  $1 - b - 0$

(c)  $0 - (-1) \times b$

(d)  $-b - 0 - 1$

**Solution:-**

(a)  $-1 \times b$

$-b - 0$  is equal to  $-b$

**11. The side length of the top of square table is  $x$ . The expression for perimeter is:**

(a)  $4 + x$

(b)  $2x$

(c)  $4x$

(d)  $8x$

**Solution:-**

(c)  $4x$

We know that, perimeter of the square =  $4 \times$  side

From the question it is given that, side length of the top of square table is  $x$ .

Then, perimeter =  $4 \times x$

$$= 4x$$

**12. The number of scarfs of length half metre that can be made from  $y$  metres of cloth is:**

(a)  $2y$

(b)  $y/2$

(c)  $y + 2$

(d)  $y + \frac{1}{2}$

**Solution:-**

(a)  $2y$

From the question it is given that, length of scarf is half metre =  $\frac{1}{2}$  m

Then, the number of scarfs can be made from  $y$  metres of cloth =  $y / (\frac{1}{2})$

$$= 2y$$

**13.  $123x^2y - 138x^2y$  is a like term of :**

(a)  $10xy$

(b)  $-15xy$

(c)  $-15xy^2$

(d)  $10x^2y$

**Solution:-**

(d)  $10x^2y$

$$123x^2y - 138x^2y = (123 - 138) x^2y$$

$$= -15 x^2y$$

Therefore,  $-15x^2y$  is a like term of  $10x^2y$ , because both contain  $x^2y$ .

**14. The value of  $3x^2 - 5x + 3$  when  $x = 1$  is**

(a) 1

(b) 0

(c)  $-1$

(d) 11

**Solution:-**

(a) 1

From the question it is given that, value of  $x = 1$

Substitute the value of  $x$  in the expression  $3x^2 - 5x + 3$

$$= (3 \times (1)^2) - (5 \times 1) + 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3 - 5 + 3 \\ &= 6 - 5 \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

15. The expression for the number of diagonals that we can make from one vertex of a  $n$  sided polygon is:

- (a)  $2n + 1$             (b)  $n - 2$             (c)  $5n + 2$             (d)  $n - 3$

**Solution:-**

- (d)  $n - 3$

There are  $n$  vertices, and from each vertex you can draw  $n-3$  diagonals, so the total number of diagonals that can be drawn is  $(n-3)$ .

16. The length of a side of square is given as  $2x + 3$ . Which expression represents the perimeter of the square?

- (a)  $2x + 16$             (b)  $6x + 9$             (c)  $8x + 3$             (d)  $8x + 12$

**Solution:-**

- (d)  $8x + 12$

We know that, perimeter of the square =  $4 \times$  side

From the question it is given that, side length of the top of square table is  $2x + 3$ .

Then, perimeter =  $4 \times (2x + 3)$

$$= (4 \times 2x) + (4 \times 3)$$

$$= 8x + 12$$

In questions 17 to 32, fill in the blanks to make the statements true.

17. Sum or difference of two like terms is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

Sum or difference of two like terms is a like term.

Let us consider the two like terms =  $2y$  and  $3y$

Sum of two like terms =  $2y + 3y$

$$= 5y$$

Difference of two like terms =  $2y - 3y$

$$= -y$$

18. In the formula, area of circle =  $\pi r^2$ , the numerical constant of the expression  $\pi r^2$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

In the formula, area of circle =  $\pi r^2$ , the numerical constant of the expression  $\pi r^2$  is  $\pi$ .

19.  $3a^2b$  and  $-7ba^2$  are \_\_\_\_\_ terms.

**Solution:-**

$3a^2b$  and  $-7ba^2$  are like terms.

The terms having the same algebraic factors are called like terms.

20.  $-5a^2b$  and  $-5b^2a$  are \_\_\_\_\_ terms.

**Solution:-**

$-5a^2b$  and  $-5b^2a$  are unlike terms.

The terms having different algebraic factors are called unlike terms.

21. In the expression  $2\pi r$ , the algebraic variable is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

In the expression  $2\pi r$ , the algebraic variable is  $r$ .

22. Number of terms in a monomial is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

Number of terms in a monomial is 1.

Expression with one term is called a 'Monomial'.

23. Like terms in the expression  $n(n + 1) + 6(n - 1)$  are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

Like terms in the expression  $n(n + 1) + 6(n - 1)$  are  $n$  and  $6n$ .

Consider the given expression,  $n(n + 1) + 6(n - 1)$

$$= n^2 + n + 6n - 6$$

$$= n^2 + 7n - 6$$

Therefore, like terms are  $n$  and  $6n$

24. The expression  $13 + 90$  is a \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

The expression  $13 + 90$  is a constant.

$$13 + 90 = 103$$

25. The speed of car is 55 km/hrs. The distance covered in  $y$  hours is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

The speed of car is 55 km/hrs. The distance covered in  $y$  hours is  $55y$ .

Because, distance = speed  $\times$  time

26.  $x + y + z$  is an expression which is neither monomial nor \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

$x + y + z$  is an expression which is neither monomial nor binomial.

The given expression contains 3 terms so; it is a trinomial.

27. If  $(x^2y + y^2 + 3)$  is subtracted from  $(3x^2y + 2y^2 + 5)$ , then coefficient of  $y$  in the result is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

If  $(x^2y + y^2 + 3)$  is subtracted from  $(3x^2y + 2y^2 + 5)$ , then coefficient of  $y$  in the result is  $2x^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} &(x^2y + y^2 + 3) \text{ is subtracted from } (3x^2y + 2y^2 + 5) \\ &= (3x^2y + 2y^2 + 5) - (x^2y + y^2 + 3) \\ &= 3x^2y + 2y^2 + 5 - x^2y - y^2 - 3 \\ &= (3x^2y - x^2y) + (2y^2 - y^2) + (5 - 3) \\ &= 2x^2y + y^2 + 2 \end{aligned}$$

28.  $-a - b - c$  is same as  $-a - (\text{_____})$ .

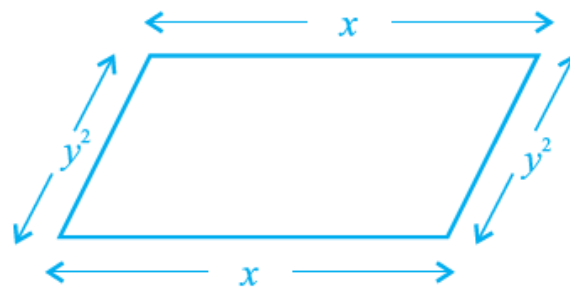
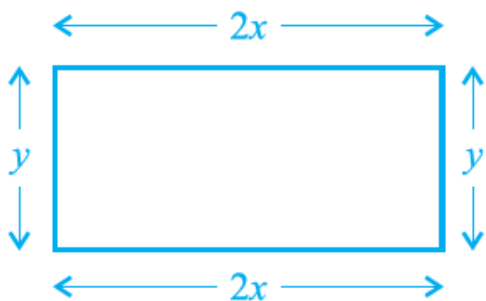
**Solution:-**

$-a - b - c$  is same as  $-a - (\underline{b + c})$ .

29. The unlike terms in perimeters of following figures are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:-**

The unlike terms in perimeters of following figures are  $2y$  and  $2y^2$ .



We know that perimeter of rectangle = 2 (length + breadth)

$$= 2 (2x + y)$$

$$= 4x + 2y$$

Perimeter of parallelogram =  $x + x + y^2 + y^2$

$$= 2x + 2y^2$$

**30. On adding a monomial \_\_\_\_\_ to  $-2x + 4y^2 + z$ , the resulting expression becomes a binomial.**

**Solution:-**

On adding a monomial  $2x$  or  $-4y^2$  or  $-z$  to  $-2x + 4y^2 + z$ , the resulting expression becomes a binomial.

$$2x + (-2x + 4y^2 + z) = 2x - 2x + 4y^2 + z$$

$$= 4y^2 + z$$

$$-4y^2 + (-2x + 4y^2 + z) = -4y^2 - 2x + 4y^2 + z$$

$$= -2x + z$$

$$-z + (-2x + 4y^2 + z) = -z - 2x + 4y^2 + z$$

$$= -2x + 4y^2$$

**31.  $3x + 23x^2 + 6y^2 + 2x + y^2 +$  \_\_\_\_\_  $= 5x + 7y^2$ .**

**Solution:-**

$$3x + 23x^2 + 6y^2 + 2x + y^2 + \underline{(-23x^2)} = 5x + 7y^2.$$

Let us consider the missing letter be p.

Then,

$$3x + 23x^2 + 6y^2 + 2x + y^2 + p = 5x + 7y^2$$

By transposing  $3x$ ,  $23x^2$ ,  $6y^2$ ,  $2x$  and  $y^2$  to RHS

$$5x - 3x - 23x^2 + 7y^2 - 6y^2 - 2x - y^2 = p$$

$$2x - 2x - 23x^2 + y^2 - y^2 = p$$

$$p = 0 - 23x^2 - 0$$

$$p = -23x^2$$

**32. If Rohit has  $5xy$  toffees and Shantanu has  $20yx$  toffees, then Shantanu has \_\_\_\_\_ more toffees.**

**Solution:-**

If Rohit has  $5xy$  toffees and Shantanu has  $20yx$  toffees, then Shantanu has  $15xy$  more toffees.

From the question,

Rohit has  $5xy$  toffees

Shantanu has  $20yx$  toffees

Then, difference between the toffees of both Rohit and Shantanu =  $20yx - 5xy = 15xy$

Then Shantanu has  $15xy$  more toffees.

**In questions 33 to 52, state whether the statements given are True or False.**

**33.  $1 + (x/2) + x^3$  is a polynomial**

**Solution:-**

True.

In general, an expression with one or more than one term (with nonnegative integral exponents of the variables) is called a 'Polynomial'.

**34.  $(3a - b + 3) - (a + b)$  is a binomial.****Solution:-**

False.

Consider the given expression,

$$(3a - b + 3) - (a + b)$$

$$3a - b + 3 - a - b$$

$$2a - 2b + 3$$

Therefore, the given expression contains 3 terms.

So, it is a trinomial.

**35. A trinomial can be a polynomial.****Solution:-**

True.

In general, an expression with one or more than one term (with nonnegative integral exponents of the variables) is called a 'Polynomial'.

**36. A polynomial with more than two terms is a trinomial.****Solution:-**

False.

Expression with three unlike terms is called a 'Trinomial'.

**37. Sum of  $x$  and  $y$  is  $x + y$ .****Solution:-**

True.

**38. Sum of 2 and  $p$  is  $2p$ .****Solution:-**

False.

Sum of 2 and  $p$  is  $2 + p$ .

**39. A binomial has more than two terms.****Solution:-**



False

Expression with two unlike terms is called a 'Binomial'

**40. A trinomial has exactly three terms.**

**Solution:-**

True.

Expression with three unlike terms is called a 'Trinomial'.

**41. In like terms, variables and their powers are the same.**

**Solution:-**

True.

The terms having the same algebraic factors are called like terms.

**42. The expression  $x + y + 5x$  is a trinomial.**

**Solution:-**

False.

Consider the given expression,  $x + y + 5x$

The expression contains like terms,  $x + 5x = 6x$

Then, the given expression becomes  $y + 6x$  which is a binomial.

**43.  $4p$  is the numerical coefficient of  $q^2$  in  $-4pq^2$ .**

**Solution:-**

False.

$-4$  is the numerical coefficient of  $q^2$  in  $-4pq^2$ .

**44.  $5a$  and  $5b$  are unlike terms.**

**Solution:-**

True.

The terms having different algebraic factors are called unlike terms.

**45. Sum of  $x^2 + x$  and  $y + y^2$  is  $2x^2 + 2y^2$ .**

**Solution:-**

False.

Sum of  $x^2 + x$  and  $y + y^2$

$$= (x^2 + x) + (y + y^2)$$

$$= x^2 + y^2 + x + y$$

**46. Subtracting a term from a given expression is the same as adding its additive inverse to the given expression.**

**Solution:-**

True.

Additive inverse of the expression is same as the subtracting term.

**47. The total number of planets of Sun can be denoted by the variable n.**

**Solution:-**

False.

We know that, total number of planets is constant. Hence, we cannot denote planets in variables.

**48. In like terms, the numerical coefficients should also be the same.**

**Solution:-**

False.

The terms having the same algebraic factors are called like terms. Numerical of the coefficient can be vary.

**49. If we add a monomial and binomial, then answer can never be a monomial.**

**Solution:-**

False.

If we add a monomial and binomial, then answer can be a monomial.

For example: sum of  $y^2$  and  $-y^2 + x^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= y^2 + (-y^2 + x^2) \\ &= y^2 - y^2 + x^2 \\ &= x^2 \end{aligned}$$

**50. If we subtract a monomial from a binomial, then answer is at least a binomial.**

**Solution:-**

False.

If we subtract a monomial from a binomial, then answer is at least a monomial.

For example: difference of  $y^2$  and  $y^2 + x^2$

$$\begin{aligned} &= y^2 - (y^2 + x^2) \\ &= y^2 - y^2 - x^2 \\ &= -x^2 \end{aligned}$$

**51. When we subtract a monomial from a trinomial, then answer can be a polynomial.**

**Solution:-**

True.

When we subtract a monomial from a trinomial, then answer can be binomial or polynomial.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{For example: subtract } p^2 \text{ from } p^2 + q^2 - r^2 \\ &= (p^2 + q^2 - r^2) - p^2 \\ &= p^2 + q^2 - r^2 - p^2 \\ &= q^2 - r^2\end{aligned}$$

**52. When we add a monomial and a trinomial, then answer can be a monomial.**

**Solution:-**

False.

When we add a monomial and a trinomial, then answer can be binomial or trinomial.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{For example: add } p^2 \text{ and } p^2 + q^2 - r^2 \\ &= p^2 + (p^2 + q^2 - r^2) \\ &= p^2 + p^2 + q^2 - r^2 \\ &= 2p^2 + q^2 - r^2\end{aligned}$$

**53. Write the following statements in the form of algebraic expressions and write whether it is monomial, binomial or trinomial.**

**(a) x is multiplied by itself and then added to the product of x and y.**

**Solution:-**

From the question it is given that,

x is multiplied by itself =  $x \times x = x^2$

the product of x and y =  $x \times y = xy$

Then, As per the condition in the question =  $x^2 + xy$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**(b) Three times of p and two times of q are multiplied and then subtracted from r.**

**Solution:-**

From the question it is given that,

Three times of p =  $3p$

Two times of q =  $2q$

Three times of p and two times of q are multiplied =  $3p \times 2q = 3p2q$

Then, As per the condition in the question =  $r - 3p2q$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**(c) Product of p, twice of q and thrice of r.**

**Solution:-**

As per the condition given in the question,

$$p \times 2q \times 3r = 6pqr$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is a monomial.

**(d) Sum of the products of a and b, b and c and c and a.****Solution:-**

The products of a and b, b and c and c and a =  $(a \times b)$  and  $(b \times c)$  and  $(c \times a)$

Then, sum of the products of a and b, b and c and c and a =  $ab + bc + ca$

Therefore, the obtained expression is trinomial.

**(e) Perimeter of an equilateral triangle of side x.****Solution:-**

We know that, perimeter of triangle = sum of all sides

$$= x + x + x$$

$$= 3x$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is monomial.

**(f) Perimeter of a rectangle with length p and breadth q.****Solution:-**

We know that, perimeter of rectangle =  $2(\text{length} + \text{breadth})$

$$= 2(p + q)$$

$$= 2p + 2q$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**(g) Area of a triangle with base m and height n.****Solution:-**

We know that, area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times m \times n$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}mn$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is monomial.

**(h) Area of a square with side x.****Solution:-**

We know that, area of square = side  $\times$  side

$$= x \times x$$

$$= x^2$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is monomial.

**(i) Cube of s subtracted from cube of t.**

**Solution:-**

As per the condition given in the question,  $t^3 - s^3$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**(j) Quotient of x and 15 multiplied by x.**

**Solution:-**

Quotient of x and 15 =  $x \div 15$

As per the condition given in the question, Quotient of x and 15 multiplied by

$$x = (x \div 15)x$$

$$= x^2/15$$

Therefore, the obtained expression is monomial.

**(k) The sum of square of x and cube of z.**

**Solution:-**

As per the condition given in the question =  $x^2 + z^3$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**(l) Two times q subtracted from cube of q.**

**Solution:-**

As per the condition given in the question =  $q^3 - 2q$

Therefore, the obtained expression is binomial.

**54. Write the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the following:**

**(i)  $x^2 - x + 4$**

**Solution:-**

The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the given expression is 1.

Coefficient is the numerical factor in a term. Sometimes, any factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.

**(ii)  $x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + 1$**

**Solution:-**

The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the given expression is -2.

Coefficient is the numerical factor in a term. Sometimes, any factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.

**(iii)  $1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3$**

**Solution:-**

The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the given expression is 3.

Coefficient is the numerical factor in a term. Sometimes, any factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.

**(iv)  $y + y^2x + y^3x^2 + y^4x^3$**

**Solution:-**

The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the given expression is  $y^3$ .

Coefficient is the numerical factor in a term. Sometimes, any factor in a term is called the coefficient of the remaining part of the term.

**55. Find the numerical coefficient of each of the terms :**

**(i)  $x^3y^2z, xy^2z^3, -3xy^2z^3, 5x^3y^2z, -7x^2y^2z^2$**

**Solution:-**

Numerical coefficient of,

$$x^3y^2z = 1$$

$$xy^2z^3 = 1$$

$$-3xy^2z^3 = -3$$

$$5x^3y^2z = 5$$

$$-7x^2y^2z^2 = -7$$

**(ii)  $10xyz, -7xy^2z, -9xyz, 2xy^2z, 2x^2y^2z$**

**Solution:-**

Numerical coefficient of,

$$10xyz = 10$$

$$-7xy^2z = -7$$

$$-9xyz = -9$$

$$2xy^2z = 2$$

$$2x^2y^2z = 2$$