

## EXERCISE 1.1

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**1. Determine each of the following products:**

**(i)  $12 \times 7$**

**(ii)  $(-15) \times 8$**

**(iii)  $(-25) \times (-9)$**

**(iv)  $125 \times (-8)$**

**Solution:**

**(i) Given  $12 \times 7$**

Here we have to find the products of given numbers

$$12 \times 7 = 84$$

Because the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.

**(ii) Given  $(-15) \times 8$**

Here we have to find the products of given numbers

$$(-15) \times 8 = -120$$

Because the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

**(iii) Given  $(-25) \times (-9)$**

Here we have to find the products of given numbers

$$(-25) \times (-9) = + (25 \times 9) = +225$$

Because the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

**(iv) Given  $125 \times (-8)$**

Here we have to find the products of given numbers

$$125 \times (-8) = -1000$$

Because the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

**2. Find each of the following products:**

**(i)  $3 \times (-8) \times 5$**

**(ii)  $9 \times (-3) \times (-6)$**

**(iii)  $(-2) \times 36 \times (-5)$**

(iv)  $(-2) \times (-4) \times (-6) \times (-8)$

**Solution:**

(i) Given  $3 \times (-8) \times 5$

Here we have to find the product of given number.

$$3 \times (-8) \times 5 = 3 \times (-8 \times 5)$$

$$= 3 \times -40 = -120$$

Since the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

(ii) Given  $9 \times (-3) \times (-6)$

Here we have to find the product of given number.

$$9 \times (-3) \times (-6) = 9 \times (-3 \times -6) [\because \text{the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.}]$$

$$= 9 \times +18 = +162$$

(iii) Given  $(-2) \times 36 \times (-5)$

Here we have to find the product of given number.

$$(-2) \times 36 \times (-5) = (-2 \times 36) \times -5 [\because \text{the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.}]$$

$$= -72 \times -5 = +360$$

(iv) Given  $(-2) \times (-4) \times (-6) \times (-8)$

Here we have to find the product of given number.

$$(-2) \times (-4) \times (-6) \times (-8) = (-2 \times -4) \times (-6 \times -8) [\because \text{the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.}]$$

$$= -8 \times -48 = +384$$

**3. Find the value of:**

(i)  $1487 \times 327 + (-487) \times 327$

(ii)  $28945 \times 99 - (-28945)$

**Solution:**

(i) Given  $1487 \times 327 + (-487) \times 327$

By using the rule of multiplication of integers, we have

$$1487 \times 327 + (-487) \times 327 = 486249 - 159249$$

Since the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

$$= 327000$$

(ii) Given  $28945 \times 99 - (-28945)$

By using the rule of multiplication of integers, we have

$$28945 \times 99 - (-28945) = 2865555 + 28945$$

Since the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.

$$=2894500$$

4. Complete the following multiplication table:

		Second number								
		-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
First number	x									
	-4									
	-3									
	-2									
	-1									
	0									
	1									
	2									
	3									
	4									

Is the multiplication table symmetrical about the diagonal joining the upper left corner to the lower right corner?

**Solution:**

Second number

	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
-4	16	12	8	4	0	-4	-8	-12	-16
-3	12	9	6	3	0	-3	-6	-9	-12
-2	8	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8
-1	4	3	2	1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
2	-8	-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6	8
3	-12	-9	-6	-3	0	3	6	9	12
4	-16	-12	-8	-4	0	4	8	12	16

From the table it is clear that, the table is symmetrical about the diagonal joining the upper left corner to the lower right corner.

**5. Determine the integer whose product with '-1' is**

(i) 58

(ii) 0

(iii) -225

**Solution:**

(i) Given 58

Here we have to find the integer which is multiplied by -1

We get,  $58 \times -1 = -58$

Since the product of two integers of opposite signs is equal to the additive inverse of the product of their absolute values.

(ii) Given 0

Here we have to find the integer which is multiplied by -1

We get,  $0 \times -1 = 0$  [because anything multiplied with 0 we get 0 as their result]

(iii) Given -225

Here we have to find the integer which is multiplied by -1

We get,  $-225 \times -1 = 225$

Since the product of two integers of like signs is equal to the product of their absolute values.