Consider \( N \) particles at temperature \( T \), pressure \( P \), volume \( V \) and chemical potential \( \mu \) having energy \( E \). The parameters that are kept constant for a canonical ensemble are

(A) \( N, V, T \)  
(B) \( N, V, E \)  
(C) \( N, P, T \)  
(D) \( \mu, V, T \)

**Question Number : 2**

For ortho-hydrogen, the nuclear wavefunction and the rotational quantum number, respectively, are

(A) antisymmetric and even  
(B) symmetric and odd  
(C) symmetric and even  
(D) antisymmetric and odd

**Question Number : 3**

\( m_1 \) and \( m_2 \) are the slopes \( (dP/dT) \) of the solid-liquid equilibrium lines in the \( P-T \) phase diagrams of \( H_2O \) and \( CO_2 \), respectively. For \( P < 10 \) atm, the values of \( m_1 \) and \( m_2 \) are

(A) \( m_1 > 0 \) and \( m_2 > 0 \)  
(B) \( m_1 > 0 \) and \( m_2 < 0 \)  
(C) \( m_1 < 0 \) and \( m_2 < 0 \)  
(D) \( m_1 < 0 \) and \( m_2 > 0 \)

**Question Number : 4**

The rate constant of a reaction is \( 1.25 \times 10^{-4} \) mol L\(^{-1} \) s\(^{-1} \). If the initial concentration of the reactant is \( 0.250 \) mol L\(^{-1} \), the total time (in seconds) required for complete conversion is ________________

**Question Number : 5**

Consider an ideal gas of volume \( V \) at temperature \( T \) and pressure \( P \). If the entropy of the gas is \( S \), the partial derivative \( \left( \frac{\partial P}{\partial S} \right)_V \) is equal to

(A) \( \frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \)  
(B) \( \frac{\partial T}{\partial V} \)  
(C) \( -\left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial V} \right) \)  
(D) \( \frac{\partial T}{\partial S} \)

**Question Number : 6**

The wavelength associated with a particle in one-dimensional box of length \( L \) is \( (n \) refers to the quantum number)

(A) \( 2L/n \)  
(B) \( L/n \)  
(C) \( nL \)  
(D) \( L/2n \)
The dependence of rate constant $k$ on temperature $T$ (in K) of a reaction is given by the expression

$$\ln k = \left[\frac{-5000 \text{ K}}{T}\right] + 10$$

The activation energy of the reaction (in kJ mol$^{-1}$) is ____________ (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number : 8**

The lowest energy of a quantum mechanical one-dimensional simple harmonic oscillator is 300 cm$^{-1}$. The energy (in cm$^{-1}$) of the next higher level is ________________

**Question Number : 9**

The electronic ground state term for the chromium ion in $[\text{Cr(CN)}_6]^{3-}$ is

(A) $^3\text{F}$  
(B) $^3\text{H}$  
(C) $^3\text{G}$  
(D) $^5\text{D}$

**Question Number : 10**

The VO$^{2-}$, CrO$_4^{2-}$ and MnO$_4^{-}$ ions exhibit intense ligand to metal charge transfer transition. The wavelengths of this transition follow the order

(A) VO$^{2-}$ < CrO$_4^{2-}$ < MnO$_4^{-}$  
(B) MnO$_4^{-}$ < VO$^{2-}$ < CrO$_4^{2-}$  
(C) VO$^{2-}$ < CrO$_4^{2-}$ < MnO$_4^{-}$  
(D) CrO$_4^{2-}$ < MnO$_4^{-}$ < VO$^{2-}$

**Question Number : 11**

The lanthanide ion that exhibits color in aqueous solution is

(A) La(III)  
(B) Eu(III)  
(C) Gd(III)  
(D) Lu(III)

**Question Number : 12**

The hapticity of cycloheptatriene, (C$_7$H$_8$), in Mo(C$_7$H$_8$)(CO)$_3$ is ________________
The $v_{o,o}$ resonance Raman stretching frequency (in cm$^{-1}$) of the $O_2$ coordinated to iron centre in oxy-hemoglobin is nearly

(A) 1100  (B) 850  (C) 1550  (D) 1950

The energy band diagram for magnesium is
(The hatched and unhatched regions in the figure correspond to filled and unfilled regions of the band, respectively.)

(Please refer to the diagram for options A, B, C, and D).

P, F and I represent primitive, face-centered and body-centered lattices, respectively. The lattice types of NaCl and CsCl, respectively, are

(A) F and I  (B) F and P  (C) I and P  (D) P and I

The characteristic feature of an electron spin resonance (ESR) spectrum of frozen aqueous solution of CuSO$_4$·5H$_2$O at 77 K is

(A) $g_{||} > g_\perp$  (B) $g_{||} < g_\perp$  (C) $g_{||} = g_\perp$  (D) $g_x \neq g_y \neq g_z$
Question Number : 17  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33

The most suitable reagent for the following transformation is

(A) Li / Liq. NH₃  
(B) PtO₂ / H₂  
(C) LiAlH₄  
(D) B₂H₆

Question Number : 18  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33

The major products M and N formed in the following reactions are

CH₃I/NaOH → M

CH₂N₂ → N

(A)  

M =  
N =  

(B)  

M =  
N =  

(C)  

M =  
N =  

(D)  

M =  
N =  

https://byjus.com
Question Number : 19
Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

The $^{13}$C NMR spectrum of acetone–d$_6$ has a signal at 30 ppm as a septet in the intensity ratio

(A) 1 : 6 : 15 : 20 : 15 : 6 : 1
(B) 1 : 3 : 6 : 7 : 6 : 3 : 1
(C) 1 : 2 : 3 : 5 : 3 : 2 : 1
(D) 1 : 3 : 7 : 10 : 7 : 3 : 1

Question Number : 20
Correct : 1 Wrong : -0.33

The major product formed in the following reaction is

![Reaction Diagram]

(A) ![Structure A]
(B) ![Structure B]
(C) ![Structure C]
(D) ![Structure D]
The major product obtained in the following reaction is

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{MeO} & \quad \text{OMe} \\
\text{OH} & \quad \text{OH} \\
\text{2,2-Dimethoxypropane} & \quad \text{(cat. \text{p-toluenesulfonic acid})}
\end{align*}
\]

(A)  

(B)  

(C)  

(D)

**Question Number : 22**  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33

In the two step reaction sequence given below, the starting bis-sulfone acts as

\[
\begin{align*}
&\text{Na/Hg} \quad \text{EtOH} \quad \text{heat} \\
&\text{heat} \\
\end{align*}
\]

(A) a dienophile and synthetic equivalent of acetylene  
(B) a dienophile and synthetic equivalent of ethylene  
(C) a dipolarophile and synthetic equivalent of acetylene  
(D) a dipolarophile and synthetic equivalent of ethylene
Question Number : 23  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33

The major product formed in the following photochemical reaction is

\[
\text{ONO} \xrightarrow{hv} \text{products}
\]

(A) \[\text{NO}_2\]  (B) \[\text{NO} \rightarrow \text{OH}\]

(C) \[\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{NO}\]  (D) \[\text{NO} \rightarrow \text{OH}\]

Question Number : 24  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33

The product formed in the following reaction is

\[
\text{D}_2\text{D}_4 + \text{D}_2\text{D}_4 \xrightarrow{\text{heat}} \text{products}
\]

(A) \[\text{a 1:1 mixture of} \]  (B) 

(C)  (D)
Question Number : 25  
Correct : 1  Wrong : 0

The number of possible stereoisomers for cyclononene is ________________

Question Number : 26  
Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The mobility of a univalent ion in aqueous solution is $6.00 \times 10^{-8}$ m$^2$ s$^{-1}$ V$^{-1}$ at 300 K. Its diffusion coefficient at 300 K is $X \times 10^{-9}$ m$^2$ s$^{-1}$. The value of $X$ is ________________ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number : 27  
Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

For the following consecutive first order reactions

$$X \xrightarrow{k_1 = 2.0 \text{ s}^{-1}} Y \xrightarrow{k_2 = 0.1 \text{ s}^{-1}} Z$$

the time (in seconds) required for $Y$ to reach its maximum concentration (assuming only $X$ is present at time $t = 0$) is ________________ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number : 28  
Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

Under physiological conditions, the conversion of CO$_2$ to bicarbonate ion by carbonic anhydrase enzyme (MW = 30,000 g mol$^{-1}$) has a turnover number of $4.00 \times 10^{3}$ s$^{-1}$. The minimum amount of enzyme (in µg) required to convert 0.44 g of CO$_2$ to bicarbonate ions in 100 seconds is ___________ (up to two decimal places)
Question Number : 29  Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

Assume 1,3,5-hexatriene to be a linear molecule and model the π electrons as particles in a one-dimensional box of length 0.70 nm. The wavelength (in nm) corresponding to the transition from the ground-state to the first excited-state is ________________________

Question Number : 30  Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The standard Gibbs free energy change of the reaction shown below is –2.7 kJ mol⁻¹.

\[ \text{Sn(s) + Pb}^{2+} = \text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{Pb(s)} \]

Given that \( E^0(\text{Pb}^{2+/\text{Pb}}) \) is –0.126 V, the value of \( E^0(\text{Sn}^{2+/\text{Sn}}) \) in V is ____________________ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number : 31  Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The dissociative chemisorption of \( X_2(g) \) on a metal surface follows Langmuir adsorption isotherm. The ratio of the rate constants of the adsorption and desorption processes is 4.0 atm⁻¹. The fractional surface coverage of \( X(\text{adsorbed}) \) at 1.0 atm pressure is ______________________ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number : 32  Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The ionic activity coefficients of \( \text{Ca}^{2+} \) and \( \text{F}^- \) are 0.72 and 0.28, respectively. The mean activity coefficient of \( \text{CaF}_2 \) is ___________________________ (up to two decimal places)

Question Number : 33  Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The angle of orientation (in degrees) of the angular momentum vector with respect to \( z \)-axis for \( l = 2 \) and \( m_l = +2 \) state of \( \text{H} \)-atom is ______________________ (up to two decimal places)
The Gibbs free energy of mixing is denoted as $\Delta G_{\text{mix}}$. 1.0 mole of He, 3.0 moles of Ne and 2.0 moles of Ar are mixed at the same pressure and temperature. Assuming ideal gas behavior, the value of $\Delta G_{\text{mix}}/RT$ is ______________________ (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number : 35**

$\Psi = [c \phi_1 - (1/\sqrt{3}) \phi_2]$ represents a normalized molecular orbital constructed from two different atomic orbitals $\phi_1$ and $\phi_2$ that form an orthonormal set. The value of $|c|$ is ________________ (up to two decimal places)

**Question Number : 36**

In cyclophosphazenes, $(\text{NPX}_2)_3$ ($X = \text{F, Cl, Br and Me}$), the strength of P–N $\pi$-bond varies with $X$ in the order

(A) $\text{F} > \text{Cl} > \text{Br} > \text{Me}$  (B) $\text{Me} > \text{F} > \text{Cl} > \text{Br}$  (C) $\text{Br} > \text{Cl} > \text{F} > \text{Me}$  (D) $\text{Me} > \text{Br} > \text{Cl} > \text{F}$

**Question Number : 37**

The structure type and shape of the polyhedral (skeletal) framework of the carborane, $\text{Me}_2\text{C}_2\text{B}_{10}\text{H}_{10}$, respectively, are

(A) *nido* and dodecahedron  (B) *closo* and icosahedron
(C) *nido* and icosahedron  (D) *closo* and dodecahedron

**Question Number : 38**

If $\Delta_o$ is the octahedral splitting energy and $P$ is the electron pairing energy, then the crystal-field stabilization energy (CFSE) of $[\text{Co(NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ is

(A) $-0.8 \Delta_o + 2 P$  (B) $-0.8 \Delta_o + 1 P$
(C) $-0.8 \Delta_o$  (D) $-1.8 \Delta_o + 3 P$
The rates of substitution for the following reaction vary with L in the order

$$\text{Et}_3\text{P} - \text{Pt} - \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{py}} \left[ \text{Et}_3\text{P} - \text{Pt} - \text{L} \right]^{+} + \text{Cl}^-$$

$L = \text{CH}_3^-, \text{Cl}^-, \text{Ph}^-, \text{H}^-$

(A) $\text{CH}_3^- > \text{Cl}^- > \text{Ph}^- > \text{H}^-$
(B) $\text{Cl}^- > \text{Ph}^- > \text{H}^- > \text{CH}_3^-$
(C) $\text{Ph}^- > \text{CH}_3^- > \text{H}^- > \text{Cl}^-$
(D) $\text{H}^- > \text{CH}_3^- > \text{Ph}^- > \text{Cl}^-$

Question Number : 40  
Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

The product formed in the reaction of MeMn(CO)$_5$ with $^{13}\text{CO}$ is

(A) $(\text{Me}^{13}\text{CO})\text{Mn(CO)}_5$
(B) $(\text{MeCO})\text{Mn(CO)}_5$
(C) $(\text{MeCO})\text{Mn(CO)}_4(^{13}\text{CO})$
(D) $(\text{Me}^{13}\text{CO})\text{Mn(CO)}_4(^{13}\text{CO})$

Question Number : 41  
Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

For the following three alkenes, 1, 2 and 3, the rates of hydrogenation using Wilkinson’s catalyst at 25 $^\circ$C vary in the order

(A) $1 > 3 > 2$
(B) $1 > 2 > 3$
(C) $2 > 1 > 3$
(D) $2 > 3 > 1$
Question Number : 42  
Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

$^{210}\text{Bi}$ undergoes $\beta^-$ decay to $\frac{1}{8}$ of its initial amount in 15 days. The time required for its decay to $\frac{1}{4}$ of its initial amount is _______________ days (up to two decimal places).

Question Number : 43  
Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

The metal ion and the macrocyclic skeleton present in the green pigment of plants, respectively, are

(A) Mg(II) and chlorin  
(B) Mg(II) and corrin  
(C) Mn(II) and chlorin  
(D) Mg(II) and porphine

Question Number : 44  
Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

The spinel structure of $\text{MgAl}_2\text{O}_4$ has cubic close packed arrangement of oxide ions. The fractions of the octahedral and tetrahedral sites occupied by cations, respectively, are

(A) $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$  
(B) $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$  
(C) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$  
(D) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$

Question Number : 45  
Correct : 2  Wrong : 0

The diffusion limiting current ($I_d$) at a dropping mercury electrode for an aqueous Mg(II) solution of concentration ‘c’ (mol L$^{-1}$) is 300 $\mu$A. If ‘c’ is increased by 0.1 mol L$^{-1}$, $I_d$ increases to 900 $\mu$A. The value of ‘c’ (in mol L$^{-1}$) is ______________________ (up to two decimal places)
Question Number : 46
The major product formed in the following reaction is

\[
\text{HO-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-OH} \quad \text{Ag}_2\text{CO}_3 \quad \text{on Celite} \quad \text{Benzene reflux}
\]

(A) ![Diagram A]  \hspace{2cm} (B) ![Diagram B]

(C) ![Diagram C]  \hspace{2cm} (D) ![Diagram D]

Question Number : 47
The product formed in the following photochemical reaction is

\[
\text{Me Me Me Me Me} \quad \text{Me Me Ph Ph} \quad \text{hv}
\]

(A) ![Diagram A]  \hspace{2cm} (B) ![Diagram B]

(C) ![Diagram C]  \hspace{2cm} (D) ![Diagram D]
Among the following decahydroquinoline toluenesulfonates (Ts), the one that yields 9-methylamino-\(E\)-non-5-enal as a major product upon aqueous solvolysis is

A) \[ \text{TsO} \quad \begin{array} \text{H} \hline \text{H} \hline \text{N} \hline \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \]

B) \[ \text{TsO} \quad \begin{array} \text{H} \hline \text{H} \hline \text{N} \hline \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \]

C) \[ \text{TsO} \quad \begin{array} \text{H} \hline \text{H} \hline \text{N} \hline \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \]

D) \[ \text{TsO} \quad \begin{array} \text{H} \hline \text{H} \hline \text{N} \hline \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \]

The product obtained in the following solvolysis reaction is

\[ \text{enantiomerically pure compound} \]

\[ \text{NaOAc / AcOH} \]

\[ \text{OAc} \quad \begin{array} \text{O} \hline \text{CH}_{3} \end{array} \]

\[ \text{OAc} \]

(A) a racemic mixture of \textit{trans} 1,2-diacetoxy cyclohexane
(B) enantiomerically pure \textit{trans} 1,2-diacetoxy cyclohexane
(C) racemic \textit{cis} 1,2-diacetoxy cyclohexane
(D) a mixture of \textit{cis} and \textit{trans} 1,2-diacetoxy cyclohexane
**Question Number : 50**

Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

The spectroscopic data for an organic compound with molecular formula $C_{10}H_{12}O_2$ are given below. IR band around 1750 cm$^{-1}$, $^1$H NMR δ 7.3 (m, 5H), 5.85 (q, 1H, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.5 (d, 3H, $J = 7.2$ Hz) ppm. The compound is

(A) methyl 2-phenylpropionate  
(B) 1-(phenylethyl) acetate  
(C) 2-(phenylethyl) acetate  
(D) methyl 3-phenylpropionate

**Question Number : 51**

Correct : 2  Wrong : -0.66

The structures of the intermediate [P] and major product Q formed in the following reaction sequence are

(A)  
(B)  
(C)  
(D)
Hydration of fumaric acid gives malic acid as shown below. Assume that addition of water takes place specifically from A face or B face. The correct statement pertaining to stereochemistry of malic acid formed is

(A) addition specifically from A face gives S isomer of malic acid  
(B) addition specifically from B face gives S isomer of malic acid  
(C) addition specifically from A face gives R isomer of malic acid  
(D) addition specifically from B face gives a racemic mixture of malic acid

Hydroboration of 2-butyne with \((\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11})_2\text{BH}\) yields the intermediate \(U\), which on treatment with \(\text{I}_2\) and \(\text{NaOMe}\) at \(-78^\circ\text{C}\), gives product \(V\). The structures of \(U\) and \(V\) are

(A)

\[
\begin{align*}
U &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{B}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11})_2 \\
V &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{CH}_3 
\end{align*}
\]

(B)

\[
\begin{align*}
U &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{CH}_3 \\
V &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{B}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11})_2
\end{align*}
\]

(C)

\[
\begin{align*}
U &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{B}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11})_2 \\
V &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{CH}_3
\end{align*}
\]

(D)

\[
\begin{align*}
U &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{B}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_{11})_2 \\
V &= \text{H}_3\text{C} = \text{CH}_3
\end{align*}
\]
The structures of the major products W and X in the following synthetic scheme are:

(A)  
\[ W = \text{Structure A} \quad \text{and} \quad X = \text{Structure B} \]

(B)  
\[ W = \text{Structure B} \quad \text{and} \quad X = \text{Structure A} \]

(C)  
\[ W = \text{Structure C} \quad \text{and} \quad X = \text{Structure D} \]

(D)  
\[ W = \text{Structure D} \quad \text{and} \quad X = \text{Structure C} \]
The major products $Y$ and $Z$ in the following reaction sequence are

$$
\text{CHCl} + \text{NaN}_3 \xrightarrow{1) \text{aq. Toluene}} Y \xrightarrow{2) \text{Heat}} Z
$$

(A)

$$
Y = \text{NCO} \quad Z = \text{NCO}
$$

(B)

$$
Y = \text{N}_3 \text{CHCl} \quad Z = \text{N}_3 \text{OCHPh}
$$

(C)

$$
Y = \text{N}_3 \text{NCHCl} \quad Z = \text{N}_3 \text{NCOPh}
$$

(D)

$$
Y = \text{N}_3 \text{CHN}_3 \quad Z = \text{PhOCHN}_3
$$

Question Number : 56

She has a sharp tongue and it can occasionally turn ____________

(A) hurtful  (B) left  (C) methodical  (D) vital
Question Number : 57  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33
I _________ made arrangements had I _________ informed earlier.
(A) could have, been  
(B) would have, being  
(C) had, have  
(D) had been, been

Question Number : 58  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33
In the summer, water consumption is known to decrease overall by 25%. A Water Board official states that in the summer household consumption decreases by 20%, while other consumption increases by 70%.

Which of the following statements is correct?
(A) The ratio of household to other consumption is 8/17  
(B) The ratio of household to other consumption is 1/17  
(C) The ratio of household to other consumption is 17/8  
(D) There are errors in the official’s statement.

Question Number : 59  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33
40% of deaths on city roads may be attributed to drunken driving. The number of degrees needed to represent this as a slice of a pie chart is
(A) 120  
(B) 144  
(C) 160  
(D) 212

Question Number : 60  
Correct : 1  Wrong : -0.33
Some tables are shelves. Some shelves are chairs. All chairs are benches. Which of the following conclusions can be deduced from the preceding sentences?

(i) At least one bench is a table
(ii) At least one shelf is a bench
(iii) At least one chair is a table
(iv) All benches are chairs

(A) Only i  
(B) Only ii  
(C) Only ii and iii  
(D) Only iv
Question Number : 61
Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

“If you are looking for a history of India, or for an account of the rise and fall of the British Raj, or for the reason of the cleaving of the subcontinent into two mutually antagonistic parts and the effects this mutilation will have in the respective sections, and ultimately on Asia, you will not find it in these pages: for though I have spent a lifetime in the country, I lived too near the seat of events, and was too intimately associated with the actors, to get the perspective needed for the impartial recording of these matters”.

Here, the word ‘antagonistic’ is closest in meaning to
(A) impartial (B) argumentative (C) separated (D) hostile

Question Number : 62
Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

S. T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z are seated around a circular table. T’s neighbours are Y and V. Z is seated third to the left of T and second to the right of S. U’s neighbours are S and Y. and T and W are not seated opposite each other. Who is third to the left of V?
(A) X (B) W (C) U (D) T

Question Number : 63
Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

Trucks (10 m long) and cars (5 m long) go on a single lane bridge. There must be a gap of at least 20 m after each truck and a gap of at least 15 m after each car. Trucks and cars travel at a speed of 36 km/h. If cars and trucks go alternately, what is the maximum number of vehicles that can use the bridge in one hour?
(A) 1440 (B) 1200 (C) 720 (D) 600

Question Number : 64
Correct : 2 Wrong : -0.66

There are 3 Indians and 3 Chinese in a group of 6 people. How many subgroups of this group can we choose so that every subgroup has at least one Indian?
(A) 56 (B) 52 (C) 48 (D) 44
A contour line joins locations having the same height above the mean sea level. The following is a contour plot of a geographical region. Contour lines are shown at 25 m intervals in this plot.

The path from P to Q is best described by

(A) Up-Down-Up-Down  (B) Down-Up-Down-Up
(C) Down-Up-Down  (D) Up-Down-Up