CBSE Class 12 Term Wise Accountancy Syllabus 2021-22

Accountancy (Code No. 055)

(2021-22) CLASS XII - CURRICULUM (TERM-WISE)

	TERM -1 (MCQ BASED QUESTION PAPER)	
	Theory:40 Marks Duration: 90 minutes	MARKS
	Part A	
	<u>UNIT</u>	
	ACCOUNTING FOR PARTNERSHIP FIRMS:	18
1	FUNDAMENTALS	
2	CHANGE IN PROFIT SHARING RATIO	
3	ADMISSION OF A PARTNER	
	COMPANY ACCOUNTS:	12
1	ACCOUNTING FOR SHARES	
	PART B	
	ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	10
1	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF A COMPANY	
	(i) Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet in	N
	prescribed form with major headings and sub	C
	headings (as per Schedule III to the Companies Act,	
	2013)	
	(ii) Tools of Analysis - Ratio Analysis	
2	ACCOUNTING RATIOS	
	OR	
	COMPUTERISED ACCOUNTING	10
1	OVERVIEW OF COMPUTERISED ACCOUNTING SYSTEM	
2	ACCOUNTING APPLICATION OF ELECTRONIC SPREADSHEET	
	Total	40
	Project Work (Part -1): 10 Marks	

Part - A:

Unit: Accounting for Partnership Firms

Units/Topics

- Partnership: features, Partnership Deed.
- Provisions of the Indian Partnership Act 1932in the absence of partnership deed.
- Fixed v/s fluctuating capital accounts. Preparation of Profit and Loss Appropriationaccount- division of profit among partners, guarantee of profits.
- Past adjustments (relating to interest on capital, interest on drawing, salary and profitsharing ratio).
- Goodwill: nature, factors affecting and methods of valuation - average profit, superprofit and capitalization.

Note: Interest on partner's loan is to be treated as a charge against profits.

Goodwill to be adjusted through partners capital/current account.

Note: Raising and writing off goodwill is excluded.

Accounting for Partnership firms - Reconstitution

- Change in the Profit Sharing Ratio amongthe existing partners - sacrificing ratio, gaining ratio, accounting for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities and treatment of reserves and accumulated profits. Preparation of revaluation account and balance sheet.
- Admission of a partner effect of admission of a partner on change in the profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill, treatment for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, treatment of reserves and accumulated profits.

Learning Outcomes

After going through this Unit, the students will beable to:

- state the meaning of partnership, partnershipfirm and partnership deed.
- describe the characteristic features of partnership and the contents of partnershipdeed.
- discuss the significance of provision of Partnership Act in the absence of partnershipdeed.
- differentiate between fixed and fluctuating capital, outline the process and develop the understanding and skill of preparation of Profit and Loss Appropriation Account.
- develop the understanding and skill of preparation profit and loss appropriation account involving guarantee of profits.
- develop the understanding and skill ofmaking past adjustments.
- state the meaning, nature and factors affecting goodwill
- develop the understanding and skill of valuation of goodwill using different methods.
- state the meaning of sacrificing ratio, gainingratio and the change in profit sharing ratio among existing partners.
- develop the understanding of accounting treatment of revaluation assets and reassessment of liabilities and treatment ofreserves and accumulated profits by preparing revaluation account and balancesheet.
- explain the effect of change in profit sharingratio on admission of a new partner.
- develop the understanding and skill of treatment of goodwill, treatment of revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, treatment of reserves and accumulated profits, and preparation of balance sheet of the new firm.

nits/Topics	Learning Outcomes After going through this Unit, the students will beable to:	
ccounting for Share Capital		
 Share and share capital: nature and types. Accounting for share capital: issue and allotment of equity and preferences shares. Public subscription of shares - over subscription and under subscription of shares; issue at par and at premium, calls in advance and arrears (excluding interest), issue of shares for consideration other than cash. Concept of Private Placement and EmployeeStock Option Plan (ESOP). Accounting treatment of forfeiture and re-issue of shares. Disclosure of share capital in the BalanceSheet of a company. 	 state the meaning of share and share capitaland differentiate between equity shares and preference shares and different types of share capital. understand the meaning of private placementof shares and Employee Stock Option Plan. explain the accounting treatment of sharecapital transactions regarding issue of shares. develop the understanding of accounting treatment of forfeiture and re-issue of forfeited shares. describe the presentation of share capital inthe balance sheet of the company as per schedule III part I of the Companies Act 2013. 	

Part - B:

Unit: Analysis of Financial Statements

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes		
Financial statements of a Company:	After going through this Unit, the students will be		
Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet in	able to:		
prescribed form with major headings and sub headings	develop the understanding of major headings		
(as per Schedule III to the Companies Act,2013)	and sub-headings (as per Schedule III to the		
	Companies Act, 2013) of balance sheet as		
Note: Exceptional items, extraordinary items and	per the prescribed norms / formats.		
profit (loss) from discontinued operations are	state the meaning, objectives and limitations		
excluded.	of financial statement analysis.		
Financial Statement Analysis: Objectives,	discuss the meaning of different tools of		
importance and limitations.	'financial statements analysis'.		
Accounting Ratios: Meaning, Objectives,	state the meaning, objectives and		
classification and computation.	significance of different types of ratios.		
Liquidity Ratios: Current ratio and Quick	develop the understanding of computation of		
ratio.	current ratio and quick ratio.		
Solvency Ratios: Debt to Equity Ratio, Total	develop the skill of computation of debt equity		
Asset to Debt Ratio, Proprietary Ratio and	ratio, total asset to debt ratio, proprietary ratio		
interest coverage ratio.	and interest coverage ratio.		
Activity Ratios: Inventory Turnover Ratio,	develop the skill of computation of inventory		
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio, Trade	turnover ratio, trade receivables and trade		
Payables Turnover Ratio and Working Capital	payables ratio and working capital turnover		
Turnover Ratio.	ratio.		
	develop the skill of computation of gross		

Profitability Ratios: Gross Profit Ratio,	profit ratio, operating ratio, operating profit
Operating Ratio, Operating Profit Ratio, Net	ratio, net profit ratio and return on investment.
Profit Ratio and Return on Investment.	

Note: Net Profit Ratio is to be calculated on the basis of profit before and after tax.

OR

Part B: Computerised Accounting

Unit: Computerised Accounting

Overview of Computerised Accounting System

- Introduction: Application in Accounting.
- Features of Computerised Accounting System.
- Structure of CAS.
- Software Packages: Generic; Specific; Tailored.

Accounting Application of Electronic Spreadsheet.

- Concept of electronic spreadsheet.
- Features offered by electronic spreadsheet.
- Application in generating accounting information bank reconciliation statement; asset accounting;
 loan repayment of loan schedule, ratio analysis
- Data representation- graphs, charts and diagrams.

TERM-II

	TERM II	
	<u>Theory: 40 Marks</u>	MARKS
	Part A	
	UNIT	
1	ACCOUNTING FOR NOT-FOR PROFIT ORGANISATIONS	10
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	ACCOUNTING FOR PARTNERSHIP FIRMS:	12
1	RETIREMENT AND DEATH OF A PARTNER	
2	DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP FIRMS	
	COMPANY ACCOUNTS:	8
1	ACCOUNTING FOR DEBENTURES	
	PART B	
	ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	10
1	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF A COMPANY	

	(i) COMPARATIVE AND COMMON SIZE STATEMENTS	
2	CASH FLOW STATEMENT	
	OR	
	COMPUTERISED ACCOUNTING	10
1	USING COMPUTERISED ACCOUNTING SYSTEM	
2	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	
	Total	40
	PROJECT (PART – 2): 10 MARKS	

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes		
Not-for-profit organizations: concept.	After going through this Unit, the students will be		
Receipts and Payments Account: features	able to:		
and preparation.	state the meaning of a Not-for-profit		
Income and Expenditure Account: features,	organisation and its distinction from a profit		
preparation of income and expenditure	making entity.		
account and balance sheet from the given	state the meaning of receipts and payments		
receipts and payments account with	account, and understanding its features.		
additional information.	develop the understanding and skill of		
Scope:	preparing receipts and payments account.		
(i) Adjustments in a question should not exceed 3 or 4	state the meaning of income and expenditure		
in number and restricted to subscriptions, consumption	account and understand its features.		
of consumables and sale of assets/ old material.	develop the understanding and skill of		
(ii) Entrance/admission fees and general donations	preparing income and expenditure account		
are to be treated as revenue receipts.	and balance sheet of a not-for-profit		
(iii) Trading Account of incidental activities is not to be	organisation with the help of given receipts		
prepared.	and payments account and additional		
	information.		

Unit: Accounting for Partnership Firms

Accounting for Partnership firms - Reconstitution and Dissolution.

- Retirement and death of a partner: effect of retirement / death of a partner on change in profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill, treatment for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, adjustment of accumulated profits and reserves and preparation of balance sheet.
- Calculation of deceased partner's share of profit till the date of death.

- explain the effect of retirement / death of a partner on change in profit sharing ratio.
- develop the understanding of accounting treatment of goodwill, revaluation of assets and re-assessment of liabilities and adjustment of accumulated profits and reserves on retirement / death of a partner.
- develop the skill of calculation of deceased

Dissolution of a partnership firm: meaning of dissolution of partnership and partnership firm, types of dissolution of a firm. Settlementof accounts - preparation of realization account, and other related accounts: capitalaccounts of partners and cash/bank a/c (excluding piecemeal distribution, sale to a company and insolvency of partner(s)).

Note:

- (i) If realized value of an asset is not given, it is to be presumed that it has not realised any amount.
- (ii) If a partner has borne and/ or paid the realisation expenses, it should be stated.

- partner's share till the time of his death.
- discuss the preparation of the capital accounts of the remaining partners and the balance sheet of the firm after retirement / death of a partner.
- understand the situations under which a partnership firm can be dissolved.
- develop the understanding of preparation of realisation account and other related accounts.

Unit - Accounting for Companies

Units/Topics

Accounting for Debentures

 Debentures: Issue of debentures at par, at a premium and at a discount. Issue of debentures for consideration other than cash; Issue of debentures with terms of redemption; debentures as collateral securityconcept, interest on debentures. Writing off discount / loss on issue of debentures.

Note: Discount or loss on issue of debentures to be written off in the year debentures are allotted from Security Premium Reserve/ Capital Reserve/ Statement of Profit and Loss as Financial Cost (AS16) in that order.

Note: Related sections of the Companies Act, 2013will apply.

Concept of Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) is excluded.

Learning Outcomes

After going through this Unit, the students will be able to:

- explain the accounting treatment of different categories of transactions related to issue of debentures.
- develop the understanding and skill of writing of discount / loss on issue of debentures.
- understand the concept of collateral security and its presentation in balance sheet.
- develop the skill of calculating interest on
- debentures and its accounting treatment.
- state the meaning of redemption of debentures.

Part - B:

Unit: Analysis of Financial Statements

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes	
Financial statements of a Company: • Tools for Financial Statement Analysis: Comparative statements, common size statements.	After going through this Unit, the students will beable to: • develop the understanding and skill of preparation of comparative and common sizefinancial statements.	

Unit: Cash Flow Statement

Units/Topics	Learning Outcomes	
Meaning, objectives and preparation (as perAS 3 (Revised) (Indirect Method only) Note: (i) Adjustments relating to depreciation and amortization, profit or loss on sale of assets includinginvestments, dividend (both final and interim) and tax. (ii) Bank overdraft and cash credit to be treated asshort term borrowings. (iii) Current Investments to be taken as Marketable securities unless otherwise specified.	After going through this Unit, the students willbe able to: state the meaning and objectives of cash flow statement. develop the understanding of preparation of Cash Flow Statement using indirect methodas per AS 3 with given adjustments.	

Note: Previous years' Proposed Dividend to be given effect, as prescribed in AS-4, Events occurring after the Balance Sheet date. Current years' Proposed Dividend will be accounted for in the next year after it is declared by the shareholders.

OR

Part B: Computerised Accounting

Unit: Computerised Accounting

Using Computerized Accounting System.

- Steps in installation of CAS, codification and Hierarchy of account heads, creation of accounts.
- Data: Entry, validation and verification.
- Adjusting entries, preparation of balance sheet, profit and loss account with closing entries and opening entries.
- Need and security features of the system.

Database Management System (DBMS)

- Concept and Features of DBMS.
- DBMS in Business Application.
- Generating Accounting Information Payroll.

Part C: Practical Work

Students would prepare only ONE project in the entire academic session, which is divided into two terms i.e. Term – I and Term – II

Detailed guidelines for project work are as follows-

Students need to create one specific project only in which they would be required to cover the company profile, assessment of financial

statements, and specific report analysis. The main objective of preparing the project report is for the following reason:

- Students are able to state the meaning, objectives, and limitations of financial statement analysis.

 Study the proper use of different tools of 'financial statements analysis' like comparative analysis, Ratios and Cash flow statement.
- Capable to create Comparative Statements and Common Size Statement.
- Understand the Meaning, objective, advantage, and limitation of Accounting Ratios.

TERM -I

PARTICULARS	MAXIMUM MARKS
Written Test (based on Project – Accounting Ratios)	6
Practical file	2
Viva (Ratio Analysis)	2

TERM -II

PARTICULARS	MAXIMUM MARKS
Written Test (based on Comparative Statements and Common Size Statement and Cash Flow statement)	6
Practical file	2
Viva (Comparative Statements and Common Size Statement and Cash flow Statement)	2

Prescribed Books:

Class XI	NCERT Publication
Class XI	NCERT Publication
Class XII	NCERT Publication
Class XII	NCERT Publication
Class XII	NCERT Publication
	Class XI Class XII Class XII