I tcf wcvg'Cr vlawf g'Vguv'lp'Gpi lpggtlpi

P qvc vlqpu'<				
1.Options shown in	n green color and with	ı 🗸 icon are correct.		
2.Options shown in	n red color and with [§]	icon are incorrect.		
S wguNqp'Rcrgt'Pcog Pwodgt'qh'S wguNqpu≤ Vqwcn'Octm≤		GO KUVT["53uv'Lcp"Uj khv3		
Wrong answer f	for MCQ will result in neg	ative marks, (-1/3) for 1 mar	k Questions and (-2/3) for 2	2 marks Questions
		General Apt	itude	
P wo dgt "qh'S wgu	okapu<	32		
Ugevkqp'O ctmı≺	n	3702		
0.1 to 0.5 corn	/ 1 mark each & Q.6 to Q	10 carry 2 marks each		
Q. 1 to Q.5 carry	Tillark each & Q.0 to Q	. 10 carry 2 marks each.		
S wguMqp'P wo dgt '<3''	Swgunkqp'V{rg'<'OES			
Choose the most ap sentence.	ppropriate word from the	ne options given below to	complete the following	
The principal prese	nted the chief guest wi	th a	, as token of appreciation	1.
(A) momento	(B) memento	(C) momentum	(D) moment	
Qr vkqpu'<				
1. * A				
2. 🗸 B				
3. * C				
4. 🗱 D				
S wguMqp'P wo dgt '<4''	Swgunkap'V{rg'<'OES			
Choose the approp sentence:	riate word/phrase, out	of the four options given b	pelow, to complete the fo	ollowing
Frogs				
(A) croak	(B) roar	(C) hiss	(D) patter	
Qr vkqpu'<				
1. 🗸 A				
2. 🗱 B				
з. ж С				
4 # D				

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '<5''S wgurkqp'V{ r g'<0 ES

Choose the word most similar in meaning to the given word:

Educe

- (A) Exert
- (B) Educate
- (C) Extract
- (D) Extend

Qr vkqpu'⊱

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. * D

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '\'6''S wgurkqp'V{rg'\'OES

Operators \Box , \Diamond and \longrightarrow are defined by: $a \Box b = \frac{a-b}{a+b}$; $a \Diamond b = \frac{a+b}{a-b}$; $a \longrightarrow b = ab$.

Find the value of $(66 \square 6) \rightarrow (66 \lozenge 6)$.

- (A) 2
- (B) -1
- (C) 1

(D) 2

Qr vkqpu'\

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. * D

S wguNqp'P wo dgt'<7''S wguNqp'V $\{rg$ '<0 ES

If $\log_x (5/7) = -1/3$, then the value of x is

- (A) 343/125
- (B) 125/343
- (C) -25/49
- (D) -49/25

Qr vkqpu'⊱

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. * D

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<8"S wgurlqp'V{rg'<OES

The following question presents a sentence, part of which is underlined. Beneath the sentence you find four ways of phrasing the underlined part. Following the requirements of the standard written English, select the answer that produces the most effective sentence.

Tuberculosis, together with its effects, ranks one of the leading causes of death in India.

- (A) ranks as one of the leading causes of death
- (B) rank as one of the leading causes of death
- (C) has the rank of one of the leading causes of death
- (D) are one of the leading causes of death

Qr vkqpu'\

- 1. 🖋 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- з. **ж** с
- 4. * D

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<9''S wgurlqp'V{rg'<OES

Read the following paragraph and choose the correct statement.

Climate change has reduced human security and threatened human well being. An ignored reality of human progress is that human security largely depends upon environmental security. But on the contrary, human progress seems contradictory to environmental security. To keep up both at the required level is a challenge to be addressed by one and all. One of the ways to curb the climate change may be suitable scientific innovations, while the other may be the Gandhian perspective on small scale progress with focus on sustainability.

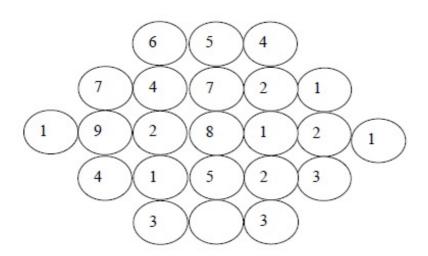
- (A) Human progress and security are positively associated with environmental security.
- (B) Human progress is contradictory to environmental security.
- (C) Human security is contradictory to environmental security.
- (D) Human progress depends upon environmental security.

Qr vkqpu'<

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. X C
- 4. * D

S wgurlap'P wo dgt '\!'S wgurlap'V{ rg'\!PCV

Fill in the missing value



Eqttgev'Cpuy gt'<

5

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '\'; "S wgurkqp'V{rg'\'OES

	3 units is formed using a faces of the smaller cubes		ide 1 unit. Find the proportion of re NOT visible.
(A) 1:4	(B) 1:3	(C) 1:2	(D) 2:3
Qr vkqpu'<			
1. 🗱 A			
2. 🏶 B			
3. 🗸 C			
4. 🏶 D			
S wguMap'P wo dgt'	<32''S wguskqp'V{rg' <oes< td=""></oes<>		
	ty sits on a wall every day all falls if the wall breaks		ne wall sometimes breaks. A perso
Which one of the	he statements below is lo	gically valid and can be	inferred from the above sentences
(B) Humpty Du	umpty always falls while impty does not fall somet	imes while having lunch	ı

Qr vkqpu'<

1. 🏶 A

2. 🖋 B

3. 🏶 C

4. 🗱 D

Chemistry

P wo dgt "qh"S wguvkqpu<

77

Ugevkqp'O ctm≺

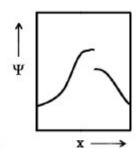
: 702

Q.11 to Q.35 carry 1 mark each & Q.36 to Q.65 carry 2 marks each.

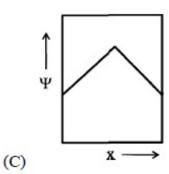
(D) When Humpty Dumpty does not sit on the wall, the wall does not break

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<33''S wgurlqp'V{ r g'<0 ES

Which one of the following plots represents an acceptable wavefunction?

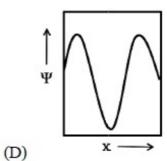






Ψ

(B)



Qr vlqpu'<

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. 🗱 C
- 4. 🖋 D

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '<34''S wgurkqp'V{ r g'<0 ES

When the operator, $-\hbar^2 d^2/dx^2$, operates on the function e^{-ikx} , the result is

(A)
$$k^2 h^2 e^{-ikx}$$

(B)
$$ik^2\hbar^2e^{-ikx}$$

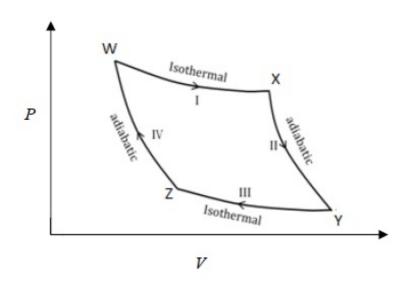
(C)
$$i\hbar^2 e^{-ikx}$$

(D)
$$\hbar^2 e^{-ikx}$$

Qr vkqpu'\

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. Ж С
- 4. 🗱 D

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '<35''S wgurkqp'V{ r g'<0 ES



From the above Carnot cycle undergone by an ideal gas, identify the processes in which the change in internal energy is NON-ZERO.

(A) I and II

(B) II and IV

(C) II and III

(D) I and IV

Qr vkqpu'⊱

1. 🏁 A

2. 🖋 B

3. 🎏 C

4. × D

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '<36''S wgurkqp'V{rg'<0ES

For an ideal gas with molar mass M, the molar translational entropy at a given temperature is proportional to

(A) $M^{3/2}$

(B) $M^{1/2}$

(C) e^{M}

(D) ln(M)

Qr vkqpu'<

1. 🏁 A

2. X B

3. **%** C

4. 🗸 D

S wgurlqp'P wo $\,dgt\,'\!\!<\!\!37''S$ wgurlqp'V{ $r\,g'\!\!<\!\!O\,ES$

Which one of the following defines the absolute temperature of a system?

(A) $\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_V$

(B) $\left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial S}\right)_V$

(C) $\left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial S}\right)_V$

(D) $\left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial S}\right)_V$

Qr vkqpu'⊱

1. 🗸 A

2. 🏶 B

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<38''S wgurlqp'V{ $r\,g$ '
' $C\,ES$

Which of the following properties are characteristic of an ideal solution?

- (i) $(\Delta_{\min}G)_{T,P}$ is negative
- (ii) $(\Delta_{mix}S)_{T,P}$ is positive
- (iii) $(\Delta_{mix}V)_{T,P}$ is positive
- (iv) $(\Delta_{mix}H)_{T,P}$ is negative
- (A) (i) and (iv)
- (B) (i) and (ii)
- (C) (i) and (iii)
- (D) (iii) and (iv)

Qr vkqpu'\

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗱 D

S wgunlqp'P wo dgt '<39"S wgunlqp'V{rg'<0ES

The expression for the equilibrium constant (K_{eq}) for the enzyme catalyzed reaction given below, is

$$E + S \xrightarrow{k_1} ES \xrightarrow{k_3} P + E$$

$$(A) \frac{k_1 k_3}{k_2 k_4}$$

$$(B) \frac{k_1 k_2}{k_3 k_4}$$

(C)
$$\frac{k_2 k_3}{k_1 k_4}$$

$$(D) \frac{k_1 k_4}{k_2 k_3}$$

Or vkqpu'<

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<3: 'S wgurlqp'V $\{rg' < PCV\}$

Given the E^0 values for the following reaction sequence,

$$Mn^{6+} \xrightarrow{1.28 \text{ V}} Mn^{5+} \xrightarrow{2.9 \text{ V}} Mn^{4+} \xrightarrow{0.96 \text{ V}} Mn^{3+} \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} Mn^{2+}$$

the computed value of E^0 for $Mn^{6+} \rightarrow Mn^{2+}$ (in volts) is ______

S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<3; ''S wgurlqp'V{ rg'<0 ES

The absorption spectrum of $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ in solution comprises of a maximum with a shoulder. The reason for the shoulder is

- (A) ligand-to-metal charge transfer (LMCT)
- (B) metal-to-ligand charge transfer (MLCT)
- (C) Jahn-Teller distortion
- (D) nephelauxetic effect

Qr vkqpu'<

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🗱 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. × D

S wgurkqp'P wo dgt '<42''S wgurkqp'V{ r g'<0 ES

The ease of formation of the adduct, $NH_3 \cdot BX_3$ (where, X = F, Cl, Br) follows the order

(A)
$$BBr_3 \leq BCl_3 \leq BF_3$$

(B)
$$BCl_3 \le BF_3 \le BBr_3$$

(C)
$$BF_3 < BCl_3 < BBr_3$$

(D)
$$BBr_3 \le BF_3 \le BCl_3$$

Qr vkqpu'<

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. * D

S wgunlap'P wo dgt '<43"S wgunlap'V{rg'<0 ES

An efficient catalyst for hydrogenation of alkenes is [Rh(PPh₃)₃Cl]. However, [Ir(PPh₃)₃Cl] does not catalyze this reaction, because

- (A) PPh3 binds stronger to Ir than to Rh
- (B) Cl binds stronger to Ir than to Rh
- (C) PPh3 binds stronger to Rh than to Ir
- (D) Cl binds stronger to Rh than to Ir

Qr vkqpu'<

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. × B
- 3. X C
- 4. * D

Among the given pH values, the O2 binding efficiency of hemoglobin is maximum at				
(A) 6.8	(B) 7.0	(C) 7.2	(D) 7.4	
Qr vkqpu' 1. ※ A 2. ※ B 3. ※ C 4. ✓ D				
S wgushqp'P wo dgt'<45"S wgush	kqp'V{rg' <oes< td=""><td></td><td></td></oes<>			
The intense red color of	of $[Fe(bpy)_3]^{2+}$ $(bpy = 2,$	2'-bipyridine) is due to		
(A) metal-to-ligand ch (C) <i>d-d</i> transition	arge transfer (MLCT)	(B) ligand-to-metal ch (D) inter-valence charg		
Qr vkqpu'≿ 1. ✓ A 2. ※ B 3. ※ C 4. ※ D				
S wgurlqp'P wo dgt '<46''S wgurl	kqp'V{rg' <oes< td=""><td></td><td></td></oes<>			
The compound with pl	anar geometry is			
(A) $N(t-Bu)_3$	(B) NPh ₃	(C) NF ₃	(D) $N(SiH_3)_3$	
Qr vkqpu'< 1. ※ A 2. ※ B 3. ※ C 4. ✔ D				
S wgunkqp'P wo dgt '<47''S wgunkqp'V{rg' <oes< td=""></oes<>				
The electrical conductivity of a metal				
(A) increases with increasing temperature (B) decreases with increasing temperature (C) is independent of temperature (D) shows oscillatory behaviour with temperature				
Qr vkqpu'\				
1. ※ A 2. ✓ B				

3 % 0

4. * D

Question Number: 26 Question Type: MCQ

Which one of the following statements is INCORRECT?

(A) Frenkel defect is a cation vacancy and a cation interstitial.

- (B) Frenkel defect is an anion vacancy and a cation interstitial.
- (C) Density of a solid remains unchanged in case of Frenkel defects.
- (D) Density of a solid decreases in case of Schottky defects.

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 27 Question Type: MCQ

The absolute configuration of C2 and C3 in the following compound is

- (A) 2R, 3S
- (B) 2S, 3R
- (C) 2S, 3S
- (D) 2R, 3R

Options:

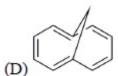
- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 28 Question Type: MCQ

Among the following compounds, the one that is non-aromatic, is







- 1. 🖋 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- з. Ж С
- 4. **%** D

Question Number : 29 Question Type : MCQ

The correct order of reactivity of p-halonitrobenzenes in the following reaction is

$$X = F, CI, Br, I)$$
NaOMe
MeO
NaOMe

- (A) p-chloronitrobenzene > p-iodonitrobenzene > p-fluoronitrobenzene > p-bromonitrobenzene
- (B) p-fluoronitrobenzene > p-chloronitrobenzene > p-bromonitrobenzene > p-iodonitrobenzene
- (C) p-iodonitrobenzene > p-bromonitrobenzene > p-chloronitrobenzene > p-fluoronitrobenzene
- (D) p-bromonitrobenzene > p-fluoronitrobenzene > p-iodonitrobenzene > p-chloronitrobenzene

Options:

- 1. 🍀 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number : 30 Question Type : MCQ

Tollen's test is NEGATIVE for

- (A) mannose
- (B) maltose
- (C) glucose
- (D) sucrose

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. * C
- 4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 31 Question Type: MCQ

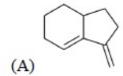
The compound given below is a

- (A) sesterterpene
- (B) monoterpene
- (C) sesquiterpene
- (D) triterpene

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. X B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. × D

Question Number: 32 Question Type: MCQ

Amongst the following, the compound that DOES NOT act as a diene in Diels-Alder reaction is



Options:

1. 🍔 A

2. 🖋 B

з. **Ж** С

4. * D

Question Number: 33 Question Type: MCQ

The following conversion is an example of

(A) Arndt-Eistert homologation

(B) Mannich reaction

(C) Michael addition

(D) Chichibabin amination reaction

Options:

1. 🏁 A

2. 🗸 B

3. **%** C

4. **%** D

Question Number: 34 Question Type: MCQ

The mass spectrum of a dihalo compound shows peaks with relative intensities of 1:2:1 corresponding to M, M+2 and M+4 (M is the mass of the molecular ion), respectively. The compound is

Options:

1. 🗸 A

2. 🏶 B

3. X C

Question Number: 35 Question Type: PCV

Reaction of benzaldehyde and p-methylbenzaldehyde under McMurry coupling conditions (TiCl₃ and LiAlH₄) gives a mixture of alkenes. The number of alkenes formed is

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

6

Question Number: 36 Question Type: PCV

The difference in the ground state energies (kJ/mol) of an electron in one-dimensional boxes of lengths 0.2 nm and 2 nm is _____

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

896 to 900

Question Number: 37 Question Type: NAT

The mean ionic activity coefficient of 0.001 molal ZnSO₄ (aq) at 298 K according to the Debye-Hückel limiting law is (Debye-Hückel constant is 0.509 molal⁻⁷²)

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

0.73 to 0.75

Question Number: 38 Question Type: MCQ

The process given below follows the Langmuir adsorption isotherm.

$$A_2(g) \stackrel{k_1}{=} 2 A_{ads}$$

If θ denotes the surface coverage and P denotes the pressure, the slope of the plot of $1/\theta$ versus $1/\sqrt{P}$ is

(A)
$$1/(K_{eq})^2$$

(B)
$$1/K_{eq}$$

(C)
$$-1/K_{eq}$$

(D)
$$1/(K_{eq})^{1/2}$$

1.	×	I
2	×	E

2. 🕶 B

3. **%** C

4. **✓** D

Question Number: 39 Question Type: PCV

For a gas phase unimolecular reaction at temperature 298 K, with a pre-exponential factor of $2.17 \times 10^{13} \, \text{s}^{-1}$, the entropy of activation (J K⁻¹ mol⁻¹) is _____

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

10.2 to 10.6

Question Number: 40 Question Type: PCV

A liquid has vapor pressure of 2.02×10^3 N m⁻² at 293 K and heat of vaporization of 41 kJ mol⁻¹. The boiling point of the liquid (in Kelvin) is

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

380 to 385

Question Number: 41 Question Type: MCQ

The rotational partition function of a diatomic molecule with energy levels corresponding to J = 0 and 1, is (where, ε is a constant)

(C)
$$1 + e^{-3\varepsilon}$$

(D)
$$1+3e^{-3\epsilon}$$

Options:

Question Number: 42 Question Type: PCV

The internal energy of an ideal gas follows the equation U = 3.5 PV + k, where k is a constant. The gas expands from an initial volume of 0.25 m³ to a final volume of 0.86 m³. If the initial pressure is 5 N m⁻², the change in internal energy (in Joules) is (given $PV^{1.3} = \text{constant}$)

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

-1.38 to -1.33

Question Number: 43 Question Type: PCV

The solubility product of AgBr(s) is 5×10⁻¹³ at 298 K. If the standard reduction potential of the half-cell, $E_{Ag|AgBr(s)|Br^-}^0$ is 0.07 V, the standard reduction potential, $E_{Ag^+|Ag}^0$ (in volts) is _____.

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

0.79 to 0.82

Question Number: 44 Question Type: PCV

One mole of a substance is heated from 300 K to 400 K at constant pressure. The C_P of the substance is given by, C_P (J K⁻¹mol⁻¹) = 5 + 0.1 T. The change in entropy, in J K⁻¹mol⁻¹, of the substance is

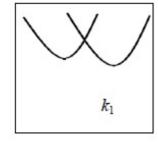
Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

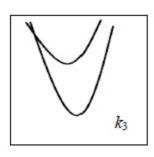
11.3 to 11.5

Question Number: 45 Question Type: MCQ

The potential energy (PE) versus reaction coordinate diagrams for electron transfer reactions with rate constants k_1 , k_2 and k_3 , are given below. The increasing order of the rate constants is

PE





(A)
$$k_2 < k_3 < k_1$$

(B)
$$k_2 < k_1 < k_2$$

(A)
$$k_2 < k_3 < k_1$$
 (B) $k_2 < k_1 < k_3$ (C) $k_3 < k_2 < k_1$ (D) $k_3 < k_1 < k_2$

(D)
$$k_3 < k_1 < k_2$$

Ouestion	Number :	: 46	Ouestion	Type:	MCO

The distance between two successive (110) planes in a simple cubic lattice with lattice parameter 'a' is

(A) $\sqrt{2} a$

(B) $\sqrt{3} a$

(C) $2\sqrt{2} a$

(D) $\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$

Options:

- 1. 🍀 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 47 Question Type: MCQ

The percent transmittance of 8×10^{-5} M solution of KMnO₄ is 39.8 when measured at 510 nm in a cell of path length of 1 cm. The absorbance and the molar extinction coefficient (in M^{-1} cm⁻¹) of this solution are, respectively,

(A) 0.30 and 4500

(B) 0.35 and 4800

(C) 0.4 and 5000

(D) 0.48 and 5200

Options:

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. X B
- 3. **√** C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 48 Question Type: MCQ

The value of 'g' and the number of signals observed for the reference standard, diphenylpicrylhydrazyl (DPPH), in the solid state ESR spectrum are, respectively,

(A) 2.0036 and 1

(B) 2.0036 and 3

(C) 2.2416 and 1

(D) 2.2416 and 3

Options:

- 1. 🗸 A
- 2. X B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 49 Question Type: MCQ

Ammonolysis of S2Cl2 in an inert solvent gives

(A) S₂N₂

(B) S₂N₂Cl₂

(C) S2N2H4

(D) S₄N₄

1. 🗱 A				
2. * B				
3. % C				
4. 🖍 D				
Question Number: 50 Quest	ion Type : MCQ			
The complexes K ₂ [Nil	F ₆] and K ₃ [CoF ₆] are			
(A) both paramagnetic (C) paramagnetic and		(B) both diamagnetic y (D) diamagnetic and	c l paramagnetic, respectively	
Options: 1. * A				
2. × B				
3. % C				
4. ✔ D				
0 / N 1 / 11 0 /	· T. MCO			
Question Number: 51 Quest				
The point group of IF7	is			
$(A) D_{6h}$	(B) D _{5h}	(C) C _{6v}	(D) C _{5v}	
Options:				
1. * A				
2. ✓ B				
3. * C				
4. * D				
Question Number : 52 Quest	ion Type : MCQ			
When one CO group is replaced by PPh_3 in $[Cr(CO)_6]$, which one of the following statements is $TRUE$?				
 (A) The Cr-C bond length increases and CO bond length decreases (B) The Cr-C bond length decreases and CO bond length decreases (C) The Cr-C bond length decreases and CO bond length increases (D) The Cr-C bond length increases and CO bond length increases 				
Options:				
1. 🏶 A				
2. % B				
3. ✓ C				
4. * D				
Question Number : 53 Quest	ion Type : MCQ			

Identify X in the reaction, $[Pt(NH_3)_4]^{2+} + 2 HC1 \rightarrow X$

(A) cis-[PtCl2(NH3)2]

(B) trans-[PtCl2(NH3)2]

(C) [PtCl(NH₃)₃]⁺

(D) [PtCl₃(NH₃)]

Options:

- 1. 🗱 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. **%** C
- 4. 🛎 D

Question Number: 54 Question Type: MCQ

Identify the function of hemocyanin and the metal responsible for it.

(A) O₂ transport and Fe

(B) O2 transport and Cu

(C) electron transport and Fe

(D) electron transport and Cu

Options:

- 1. 🏁 A
- 2. 🗸 B
- 3. X C
- 4. * D

Question Number: 55 Question Type: PCV

The limiting current (in μ A) from the reduction of 3×10^{-4} M Pb²⁺, using a dropping mercury electrode (DME) with characteristics, m = 3.0 mg s⁻¹ and t = 3s, is (diffusion coefficient of Pb²⁺ = 1.2×10^{-5} cm² s⁻¹)

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

3.5 to 3.8

Question Number: 56 Question Type: PCV

The number of possible stereoisomers obtained in the following reaction is _____

Eqttgev'Cpuy gt:

Question Number: 57 Question Type: MCQ

The major product formed in the following reaction is

Options:

1. 🏁 A

2. 🏶 B

3. 🏶 C

4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 58 Question Type: MCQ

The most suitable reagent(s) to effect the following transformation is

(A) N₂H₄, KOH, heat

(B) TsNHNH2, CF3COOH

(C) LiAlH₄

(D) Na, liq. NH₃

Question Number: 59 Question Type: MCQ

The major product formed in the following reaction is

Options:

1. 🏶 A

2. 🏶 B

3 % 0

4. 🖋 D

Question Number: 60 Question Type: MCQ

Solvolysis of the optically active compound X gives, mainly

(A) (optically active)

racemic (optically inactive)

racemic
(D) (optically inactive)

(B)

Options:

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. 🗸 C
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 61 Question Type: MCQ

The major product formed in the following reaction is

- 1 36 A
- 2. 🎏 B
- 3. X C
- 4. 🗸 D

Question Number: 62 Question Type: MCQ

The tetrapeptide, Ala-Val-Phe-Met, on reaction with Sanger's reagent, followed by hydrolysis gives

$$(B) \begin{picture}(20,10) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){100}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0$$

$$O_2N$$
 O_2
 O_2
 O_2
 O_3
 O_4
 O_4

Options:

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🏶 B
- 3. ❤ С
- 4. 🗱 D

Question Number: 63 Question Type: MCQ

The major product formed in the following reaction is

- 1. 🥗 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- 3. X C

4. **%** D

Question Number: 64 Question Type: MCQ

The Beckmann rearrangement of a bromoacetophenone oxime (C_8H_8BrNO) gives a major product having the following 1H NMR (δ , ppm): 9.89 (s, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, 1H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.06 (s, 3H). The structure of the product is

Options:

1. 🖋 A

2. 🏶 B

3. 🏶 C

4. * D

Question Number: 65 Question Type: MCQ

The major products, \mathbf{K} and \mathbf{L} formed in the following reactions are

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{NaH} & & \text{K} & \xrightarrow{1) \bigtriangleup} & \text{L} \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

(A)
$$K = H_3C$$

$$L = H_3C$$

(B)
$$\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{H}_3 \mathbf{C}$$

$$L = H_3C$$

(C)
$$\mathbf{K} = \mathbf{H}_3 \mathbf{C}$$

- 1. 🏶 A
- 2. 🖋 B
- В. Ж С
- 4. 🗱 D