Q.1 – Q.2	5 Carry ONE mark each.
Q.1	There are two bags; bag1 contains 3 red, 4 black balls and bag2 contains 4 red and 3 black balls. When a fair die is rolled, if it shows a number on the die as 1 or 3 then a ball is chosen from bag1; otherwise, a ball is chosen from bag2. What is the probability of choosing a red ball if the die is rolled once?
(A)	13/21
(B)	8/21
(C)	11/21
(D)	10/21
	and the second
Q.2	The order and degree of the differential equation $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 4\sqrt{y^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3} = 0$ are, respectively,
(A)	3 and 2
(B)	2 and 3
(C)	3 and 3

(D)	3 and 1		
-----	---------	--	--

Q.3	The solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = e^{-x^2}$, with y(0) = 1 is
(A)	$(1+x) e^{x^2}$
(B)	$(1+x)e^{-x^2}$
(C)	$(1-x)e^{x^2}$
(D)	$(1-x)e^{x^2}$
Q.4	Evaluate $\int_0^3 e^x dx$ (by Simpson's 3/8 th rule if h=1)
(A)	20.28
(B)	21.05
(C)	19.28
(D)	19.72

Q.5	Which of the following pairs are correctly matched?
	a) Resilience – Resistance to deformation
	b) Malleability – Shape change
	c) Creep – Progressive deformation
	d) Plasticity – Permanent deformation
	Select the correct answer using the codes given below
(A)	b, c and d
(B)	a, b and c
(C)	a, b and d
(D)	a, c and d
Q.6	A solid uniform metal bar of diameter D and length L is hanging vertically from its upper end. The elongation of the bar due to self weight is:
(A)	Proportional to L and inversely proportional to D ²
(B)	Proportional to L^2 and inversely proportional to D^2

(C)	Proportional to L but inversely proportional to D
(D)	Proportional to U but independent D
Q.7	Which one of the following is correct?
	When a nut is tightened by placing a washer below it, the bolt will be subjected to
(A)	Compression only
(B)	Tension
(C)	Shear only
(D)	Compression and shear
Q.8	Bernoulli's equation represents
(A)	Momentum balance
(B)	Mechanical energy balance

Naval Architecture and Marine	Engineering ((NM)
-------------------------------	---------------	------

(C)	Mass balance
(D)	Total energy balance
Q.9	Resultant pressure of the liquid in case of an immersed body acts through which one of the following?
(A)	Centre of gravity
(B)	Centre of pressure
(C)	Metacentre
(D)	Centre of buoyancy
Q.10	The differential form of the mass balance equation, gradient of $V = 0$ is valid for
(A)	Any flow
(B)	Steady flows only
(C)	Any incompressible flow

(D)	Only incompressible flows that are steady
Q.11	The thickness of laminar boundary layer at a distance 'x' from the leading edge over a flat plate varies as
(A)	X
(B)	X ^{1/2}
(C)	X ^{1/5}
(D)	X ^{4/5}
	ne ^{ve}
Q.12	When a ship moving on seawater enters a river, it is expected to
(A)	Rise a little
(B)	Sink a little
(C)	Maintain the same level of draft

(D) Rise or fall depending on whether it is made of wood or steel Q.13 A large metacentric height in a vessel Improves stability and makes periodic time to oscillation longer (A) (B) Impairs stability and makes periodic time of oscillation shorter Has no effect on stability or the periodic time of oscillation (C) (D) Improves stability and makes periodic time to oscillation shorter A 1.0 m long model of a ship is towed at a speed of 81 cm/s in a towing tank. To Q.14 what speed of the ship, 64 m long, does this correspond to m/s?(A) 7.20 6.48 (B) 5.76 (C) (D) 3.60

Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering (NM)

Q.15	At high frequency, the ship motion is dominated by forces.
(A)	Froude-Krylov
(B)	Restoring
(C)	Diffraction
(D)	Inertia
Q.16	Super long stroke marine diesel engines are working on
(A)	Two stroke diesel cycle
(B)	Four stroke diesel cycle
(C)	Dual cycle
(D)	Combined cycle
Q.17	In an Impulse steam turbine, the relative fluid velocity across the blades.
(A)	remains constant

(B)	is zero
(C)	increases
(D)	decreases
Q.18	In reaction, steam turbine fluid flow is to the turbine wheel.
(A)	radial or axial
(B)	radial
(C)	axial
(D)	tangential
	Ch Alle
Q.19	Engine room emergency bilge suction is connected to pump.
(A)	main sea water pump
(B)	fire pump
(C)	ballast pump

(D)	bilge pump
Q.20	The values of a, b so that rank of the matrix $ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & -2 & a & b \end{pmatrix} $ is 2 and
Q.21	A steel bar of 40 mm x 40 mm square cross-section is subjected to an axial compressive load of 200 kN. If the length of bar is 2 m and E = 200 GPa, the
	elongation of the bar will be mm.
0.00	
Q.22	Find constants a, b, c so that is irrotational, V = (x+2y+az)i + (bx-3y-z)j + (4x+cy+2z)k,

Q.23	The metacentric height for a floating spherical ball of radius R and depth of immersion also equal to R is?
Q.24	A Ship has the following Characteristics:
	Transverse Metacentric Height = $0.5m$; Structural radius of Gyration in roll= 2
	m. In roll, the damping is 8% of the critical damping. In roll, the added inertia is
	20% of the inertia if the ship were in the air. Calculate the roll natural period of
	the ship in seconds?
Q.25	A frictionless piston cylinder device contains a gas initially at 0.8 MPa and 0.015 m ³ . It expands quasi- statically at a constant temperature to a final volume of
	0.030 m ³ . The work output during this process will be kJ/kg.

Q.26 – Q.55 Carry TWO marks each.		
Q.26	The solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$, for the boundary condition $y = 5$ and $x = 1$	
(A)	$y = e^{-2x}$	
(B)	$y = 2 e^{-2x}$	
(C)	$y = 10.95e^{-2x}$	
(D)	$y = 36.95e^{-2x}$	
	aining	
Q.27	The Extremum (minimum or maximum) point of a function $f(x) = x^3-6x$ is to be determined by using the Newton – Raphson method with an initial guess of $x_0 = 1$, the value of x after two iterations (x ₂) is	
(A)	0.0141	
(B)	1.4142	
(C)	1.4167	

Naval Architecture an	d Marine	Engineering	(NM)

(D)	1.5000
Q.28	A concentrated load of P acts on a simply supported beam of span L at a distance L/3 from the left support. The bending moment at the point of application of the load is given by
(A)	PL/3
(B)	2PL/3
(C)	PL/9
(D)	2PL/9
Q.29	The diameter of shaft A is twice the diameter of shaft B, and both are made of the same material. Assuming both the shafts rotate at the same speed, the maximum power transmitted by B is:
(A)	The same as that of A
(B)	Half of A

(C)	1/8 th of A
(D)	1/4 th of A
Q.30	The realisation of velocity potential in fluid flow indicates that the
(A)	Flow must be irrotational
(B)	Circulation around any closed curve must have a finite value
(C)	Flow is rotational and satisfies the continuity equation
(D)	Vorticity must be non - zero
Q.31	The velocity components for a two-dimensional incompressible flow of a fluid are $u = x - 4y$ and $v = -y - 4x$. it can be concluded that
(A)	The flow does not satisfy the continuity equation
(B)	The flow is rotational



Q.33	An ellipsoid accelerating underwater (completely submerged) will not have which one of the following coupled added mass (A _{ij}). A _{ij} shows the added mass in i th direction due to motion in j th direction. 1-2-3 corresponds to x-y-z axis, and 4-5-6 corresponds to rotation about x-y and z-axis, respectively.
	c y b c b x
(A)	A33; A55
(B)	A26; A66
(C)	A55; A66
(D)	A35; A26

Q.34	A man on board of a ship observes that the waves are coming from stern of the ship with zero heading angle. The ship is moving with a velocity of 9.81 m/s. He counts the wave crest for every 31.42 sec. What are the possible wave frequency?
(A)	0.2, 0.6 and 1.2
(B)	0.3, 0.9 and 1.6
(C)	0.3, 0.7 and 1.2
(D)	0.5, 0.9 and 1.6
	e
Q.35	A closed system undergoes a process 1-2 for which the values of Q1-2 and W1-2 are +20 kJ and +50 kJ, respectively. If the system is returned to state, 1, and Q2-1 is -10 kJ, what is the value of the work W2-1 inkJ?
(A)	+20
(B)	-40
(C)	-80
(D)	+40

Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering (NM)		

Q.36	At the inlet of the adiabatic steam turbine, h1, 3200 kJ/kg, V1, 160 m/s, Z1, 10 m, P1, 3 MPa and at the outlet h2 = 2600 kJ/kg, V2 = 100 m/s, Z2 = 6 m, P2 = 70 kPa If mass flow rate of steam through the turbine is 20 kg/s the power output of the turbine (in MW) is:
(A)	12.157
(B)	12.941
(C)	168.001
(D)	168.785
Q.37	Efficiency of a Carnot engine can be increased by
(A)	Increasing the sink temperature while keeping the source temperature constant
(B)	Decreasing the sink temperature while keeping the source temperature constant
(C)	Decreasing the source temperature while keeping the sink temperature constant
(D)	Does not depend on source and sink temperatures

Q.38	If the air is maintained at 30° C and the temperature of a body cools from 80° C to 60° C in 12 minutes, what is the temperature of the body after 24 minutes?
Q.39	The Laplace transform of the function $f(t) = \cos^2 2t$ is?
Q.40	One-half length of 50 mm diameter steel rod is solid while the remaining half is hallow having a bore of 25 mm. The rod is subjected to equal and opposite torque at its ends. If the maximum shear stress in the solid portion is τ or, the maximum shear stress in the hollow portion is τ .
	e e a l'
Q.41	A Cantilever beam carries a load W uniformly distributed over its entire length. If the same load is placed at the free end of the same Cantilever, then the ratio of maximum deflection in the first case to that in the second case will be

Q.42	A simply supported beam of span length 6 m and 75 mm diameter carries a
	uniformly distributed load of 1.5 kN/m. The maximum value of bending moment
	will be kNm?

Q.43	A horizontal beam under bending has maximum bending stress of 100 MPa and maximum shear stress of 20 MPa. What is the maximum principal stress in the beam?
	90
Q.44	A stream function is given by $\Psi = 2x^2y + (x+1)y^2$. The flow rate across a line joining points A (3,0) and B(0,2) is Units.
Q.45	An open tank contains water to a depth of 2 m and oil over it to a depth of 1 m. if the specific gravity of oil is 0.8, then the pressure intensity at the interface of the two fluid layers will be N/m^2 .
Q.46	Pressures have been observed at four different points in different units of measurement as follows a) 150 KPa

NM - Copyright © GATE 2022

	b) 1800 millibar
	c) 20 m of water
	d) 1240 mm of morely
	a) 1240 mm of mercury
	Then the points arranged in descending order of pressure are?
0.47	Air (kinematic viscosity = $15 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$) with a free stream velocity of 10 m/s
Q.47	flows over a smooth two-dimensional flat plate. If the critical Reynolds number
	is 5 x 10^5 , what is the maximum distance (in cm) from the leading edge up to
	which laminar boundary layer exists?
O.48	Ship response is denoted by the equation $n(t) = n^A \cos(\omega t - \phi)$. Where n^A is
	the magnitude of response amplitude and ϕ is the phase angle relative to the
	excitation force. A model sails in regular waves with a heave motion of 0.2 m
	excitation force. A model sails in regulat waves with a neave motion of 0.2 in
	amplitude and 45 deg delay relative to the excitation force. The pitch motion has
	a 6 deg amplitude and 120 deg delay relative to the excitation moment. The surge
	motion is 0.2 m amplitude with a 30 deg delay relative to the excitation force.
	The model is moored in head waves (180 deg heading) of 4 m wavelength.
	What will be the absolute value of the vertical acceleration in m/s^2 at a point
	located at 2 m forward of the centre of gravity at time $t = 0 \sec^2$ (Follow a right
	hended according to system with y y z ovic pointing toward how part and yp and
	handed coordinate system with x-y-z axis pointing toward bow, port, and up and
	clockwise rotation about these axes are positive).



assuming that KM remains constant, calculate the angle to which the vessel will
loll in degrees (round off to the nearest integer).

Q.52	
	In an experimental set-up, air flows between two stations P and Q, adiabatically.
	The direction of flow depends on the pressure and temperature conditions
	maintained at P and Q. The conditions at station P are 150 kPa and 350 K. The
	temperature at station Q is 300 K.
	D.Y.
	The following are the properties and relations performing to air:
	Specific heat at constant pressure, $c_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kgK}$,
	Specific heat at constant volume, $c_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$,
	Characteristic gas constant, $R = 0.287 \text{ kJ/kgK}$,
	Enthalpy, $h = c_p T$,
	Internal Energy, $u = c_v T$,
	If the pressure at station Q is 50 kPa, the change in entropy
	(sQ – sP) is kJ/kg.
Q.53	Two compartments of an insulated vessel, each of 3 m ³ , contain air at 0.7 MPa,
	95 °C and 0.35 MPa, 205 °C. If the wall between the two compartments is

i avai ili chitecetai e ana istarine Engineering (i iii)
--

	removed and the air is mixed adiabatically, the change in entropy will be
	J/K.
Q.54	A series combination of two Cornot's engines operates between the temperatures
	of 180 °C and 20 °C. If the engines produce an equal amount of work, then the
	intermediate temperature is °C?
	York
Q.55	Assume the above turbine to be a part of the simple Rankine cycle. The density
	of the water at the inlet to the pump is 1000 kg/m ³ . Ignoring the kinetic energy
	and potential energy effects, the specific work supplied to the pump is
	kJ/kg.

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER