DEPARTMENT OF PRE-UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

(PRACTICAL SUBJECTS - 70 + 30) - 2021-22

SUB: BIOLOGY CODE: 36 CLASS: I PUC

TERMS	CHAPTERS TO BE COVERED	PRACTICALS TO BE PERFORMED	TOTAL HOURS
	UNIT-1: DIVERSITY IN THE LIVING WORLD		
	1: The Living World	Evening 1. To study nexts of a seminary d	
	Introduction	Exercise-1: To study parts of a compound	
	1.1 What is living?	microscope	
	1.2 Diversity in the living world	Exercise-2: To identify and study the	
	1.3 Taxonomic categories	Exercise-2. To identify and study the	
	1.3.1 Species	morphology of representative types of bacteria,	
	1.3.2 Genus	fungi and different plant groups	
	1.3.3 Family		
_	1.3.4 Order	Exercise-3 : To study some selected animals	
1	1.3.5 Class	on the basis of their external features	
	1.3.6 Phylum		
16-08-2021	1.3.7 Kingdom	Exercise-13: Preparation of herbarium	19
TTO.	1.4 Taxonomical AIDS	sheets of flowering plants	
TO	1.4.1 Herbarium	pieces of no woring pieces	
15-09-2021	1.4.2 Botanical garden		
	1.4.3 Museum		
	1.4.4 Zoological parks		
	1.4.5 Key		
	2:Biological Classification		
	Introduction		
	2.1 Kingdom monera		
	2.1.1 Archaebacteria		
	2.1.2 Eubacteia		
	2.2 Kingdom protista		
	2.2.1 Chrysophytes		
	2.2.2 Dinoflagellates		
	2.2.3 Euglenoids		

2.2.4 Slime moulds		
2.2.5 Protozoans		
2.3 Kingdom fungi		
2.3.1 Phycomycetes		
2.3.2 Ascomycetes		
2.3.3 Basidiomycetes		
2.3.4 Deuteromycetes		
2.4 Kingdom plantae		
2.5 Kingdom animalia		
2.6 Viruses, viroids, p	rions and lichens	
3: Plant Kingdom		
Introduction		
3.1 Algae		
3.1.1 Chlorophyceae		
3.1.2 Phaeophyceae		
3.1.3 Rhodophyceae		
3.2 Bryophytes		
3.2.1 Liverworts		
3.2.2 Mosses		
3.3 Pteridophytes		
3.4 Gymnosperms		
3.5 Angiosperms		
	nd alternation of generations	
4: Animal Kingdom		
Introduction		
4.1 Basis of classificat		
4.1.1 Levels of organi	sation	
4.1.2 Symmetry		
	triploblastic organisation	
4.1.4 Coelom		
4.1.5 Segmentation		
4.1.6 Notochord		
4.2 Classification of a	nimals	
4.2.1 Phylum - Porifer	a	
4.2.2 Phylum - Coeler	nterata(Cnidaria)	

	4.2.3 Phylum - Ctenophora		
	4.2.4 Phylum - Platyhelminthes		
	4.2.5 Phylum - Aschelminthes		
	4.2.6 Phylum - Annelida		
	4.2.7 Phylum - Arthropoda		
	4.2.8 Phylum - Mollusca		
	4.2.9 Phylum - Echinodermata		
	4.2.10 Phylum - Hemichordata		
	4.2.11 Phylum - Chordata		
	4.2.11.1 Class - Cyclostomata		
	4.2.11.2 Class - Chondrichthyes		
	4.2.11.3 Class - Osteichthyes		
	4.2.11.4 Class - Amphibia 4.2.11.5 Class - Reptilia		
	4.2.11.6 Class - Repulla		
	4.2.11.7 Class - Mammalia		
	1.2.11.7 Class Wallington		
	12.00	-2021 TO 15-09-2021	
I -TEST		apters covered in the first term)	
	The pattern and design of the TEST will be	e on par with the board examination standards	
FIRST			
ASSIGNMENT	The assignment would comprise questions the	nat test the logical thinking and reasoning ability of s	tudents
Abbigivitati	TINES A CERTICATION AT ORIGINAL AND A AND		1
2	UNIT-2: STRUCTURAL ORGANISATION IN PLANTS AND ANIMALS	Exercise-4: Study of tissues and diversity	
2	5: Morphology of Flowering Plants	in shapes and sizes of plant cells	
16-09-2021	Introduction	Exercise-6: Study of mitosis	36
	5.1 The root	·	
ТО	5.1.1 Regions of the root	Exercise-7 : To study modifications of root	
20 11 2021	5.1.2 Modifications of root	Exercise-8 : To study modifications of stem	
30-11-2021			
30-11-2021	5.2 The stem	Exercise-9: To study modifications of leaf	
30-11-2021	5.2 The stem 5.2.1 Modifications of stem 5.3 The leaf	Exercise-9: To study modifications of leaf	

5.3.1 Venation	Exercise-10: To study and identify different	
5.3.2 Types of leaves	types of inflorescences	
5.3.3 Phyllotaxy		
5.3.4 Modifications of leaves	Exercise-11: Study and describe flowering plants	
5.4 The inflorescence	of families Solanaceae, Fabaceae and Liliaceae	
5.5 The flower		
5.5.1 Parts of a flower	Exercise-20: To detect the presence of	
5.5.1.1 Calyx	carbohydrates like glucose, sucrose and starch	
5.5.1.2 Corolla		
5.5.1.3 Androecium	Exercise-21: To detect the presence of proteins	
5.5.1.4 Gynoecium 5.6 The fruit	Exercise-22: To detect the presence of fats(lipid)	
5.7 The seed	in different plants and animal materials	
5.7.1 Structure of a dicotyledonous seed	_	
5.7.2 Structure of a monocotyledonous seed	Exercise-23: Separation of plant pigments	
5.8 Semi-technical description of a typical flowering plant	(chloroplast pigments) by paper chromatography	
5.9 Descriptions of some important families	Exercise-24: To study the rate of respiration in	
5.9.1 Fabaceae	Exercise-24. To study the rate of Tespiration in	
5.9.2 Solanaceae	flower buds or germinating seeds	
5.9.3 Liliaceae	Exercise-25: Observation and comment on the	
UNIT-3: CELL: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS		
8: Cell: The Unit of Life	setup	
Introduction		
8.1 What is a cell?		
8.2 Cell theory		
8.3 An overview of cell		
8.4 Prokaryotic cells		
8.4.1 Cell envelope and its modifications		
8.4.2 Ribosomes and inclusion bodies		
8.5 Eukaryotic cells		
8.5.1 Cell membrane		
8.5.2 Cell wall		
8.5.3 Endomembrane system		
8.5.3.1 The endoplasmic reticulum (ER)		
8.5.3.2 Golgi apparatus		

8.5.3.3 Lysosomes		
8.5.3.4 Vacuoles		
8.5.4 Mitochondria		
8.5.5 Plastids		
8.5.6 Ribosomes		
8.5.7 Cytoskeleton		
8.5.8 Cilia and flagella		
8.5.9 Centrosome and centrioles		
8.5.10 Nucleus		
8.5.11 Microbodies		
9: Biomolecules		
Introduction		
9.1 How to analyse chemical composition?		
9.2 Primary and secondary metabolites		
9.3 Biomacromolecules		
9.4 Proteins		
9.5 Polysaccharides		
9.6 Nucleic acids		
9.7 Structure of proteins		
9.8 Nature of bond linking monomers in a polymer		
9.9 Dynamic state of body constituents – concept of metabolism	1	
9.10 Metabolic basis for living		
9.11 The living state		
9.12 Enzymes		
9.12.1 Chemical reactions		
9.12.2 How do enzymes bring about such high rates of chemica	1	
conversions?		
9.12.3 Nature of enzyme action		
9.12.4 Factors affecting enzyme activity		
9.12.5 Classification and nomenclature of enzymes		
9.12.6 Co-factors		
10: Cell Cycle and Cell Division		
Introduction		
10.1 Cell cycle		
10.1.1 Phases of cell cycle		

10.2 M phase	
10.2.1 Prophase	
10.2.2 Metaphase	
10.2.3 Anaphase	
10.2.4 Telophase	
10.2.5 Cytokinesis	
10.3 Significance of mitosis	
10.4 Meiosis	
10.4.1 Meiosis I	
10.4.2 Meiosis II	
10.5 Significance of meiosis	
UNIT-4: PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
13: Photosynthesis in Higher Plants	
Introduction	
13.1 What do we know?	
13.2 Early experiments	
13.3 Where does photosynthesis take place?	
13.4 How many types of pigments are involved in photosynthesis?	
13.5 What is light reaction?	
13.6 The electron transport	
13.6.1 Splitting of water	
13.6.2 Cyclic and non-cyclic photo-phosphorylation	
13.6.3 Chemiosmotic hypothesis	
13.7 Where are the ATP and NADPH used?	
13.7.1 The primary acceptor of CO ₂	
13.7.2 The Calvin cycle	
13.8 The C ₄ pathway	
13.9 Photorespiration	
13.10 Factors affecting photosynthesis	
13.10.1 Light	
13.10.2 Carbon dioxide concentration	
13.10.3 Temperature	
13.10.4 Water	
14: Respiration in Plants	
Introduction	

	14.1 Do plants breathe?		
	14.2 Glycolysis		
	14.3 Fermentation		
	14.4 Aerobic respiration		
	14.4.1 Tricarboxylic acid cycle		
	14.4.2 Electron transport system (ETS) and oxidative phosphorylation		
	14.5 The respiratory balance sheet		
	14.6 Amphibolic pathway		
	14.7 Respiratory quotient		
	15: Plant Growth and Development		
	Introduction		
	15.1 Growth		
	15.1.1 Plant growth generally is indeterminate		
	15.1.2 Growth is measurable		
	15.1.3 Phases of growth		
	15.1.4 Growth rates		
	15.1.5 Conditions for growth		
	15.2 Differentiation, dedifferentiation and redifferentiation		
	15.3 Development		
SECOND			
ASSIGNMENT	The assignment would comprise questions that	at test the logical thinking and reasoning ability of s	tudents
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MID-TERM		2021 TO 30-11-2021	
EXAMINATION		covered in the first and second terms)	
EAAMINATION	The pattern and design of the Examination wil	l be on par with the board examination standards	
	15: Plant Growth and Development	Exercise-29 : To detect the presence of urea in the	
3	Continuation	•	
ا ع	15.4 Plant growth regulators	given sample of urine	
01.12.2021	15.4.1 Characteristics	Exercise- 30 : To test the presence of sugar in the	35
01-12-2021	15.4.2 The discovery of plant growth regulators	given comple of uring	
ТО	15.4.3 Physiological effects of plant growth regulators	given sample of urine	
	15.4.3.1 Auxins	Exercise- 31 : To detect the presence of albumin in	
30-01-2022	15.4.3.2 Gibberellins	the given sample of urine	
	15.4.3.3 Cytokinins	the given sample of urme	

15.4.3.4 Ethylene	Exercise-32: To detect the presence of bile salts in
15.4.3.5 Abscisic acid	the given sample of urine
15.5 Photoperiodism	
15.6 Vernalisation	Exercise-33: To study the human skeleton
15.7 Seed dormancy	Exercise-34: To study different types of joints in
UNIT-5: HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	
17: Breathing and Exchange of Gases	human skeleton
Introduction	
17.1 Respiratory organs	
17.1.1 Human respiratory system	
17.2 Mechanism of breathing	
17.2.1 Respiratory volumes and capacities	
17.3 Exchange of gases	
17.4 Transport of gases	
17.4.1 Transport of oxygen	
17.4.2 Transport of carbon dioxide	
17.5 Regulation of respiration	
17.6 Disorders of respiratory system	
18: Body Fluids and Circulation	
Introduction	
18.1 Blood	
18.1.1 Plasma	
18.1.2 Formed elements	
18.1.3 Blood groups	
18.1.3.1 ABO grouping	
18.1.3.2 Rh grouping	
18.1.4 Coagulation of blood	
18.2 Lymph (tissue fluid)	
18.3 Circulatory pathways	
18.3.1 Human circulatory system	
18.3.2 Cardiac cycle	
18.3.3 Electrocardiograph (ECG)	
18.4 Double circulation	
18.5 Regulation of cardiac activity	
18.6 Disorders of circulatory system	

19: Excretory Products and their Elimination	
Introduction	
19.1 Human excretory system	
19.2 Urine formation	
19.3 Function of the tubules	
19.4 Mechanism of concentration of the filtrate	
19.5 Regulation of kidney function	
19.6 Micturition	
19.7 Role of other organs in excretion	
19.8 Disorders of the excretory system	
20: Locomotion and Movement	
Introduction	
20.1 Types of movement	
20.2 Muscle	
20.2.1 Structure of contractile proteins	
20.2.2 Mechanism of muscle contraction	
20.3 Skeletal system	
20.4 Joints	
20.5 Disorders of muscular and skeletal system	
21: Neural Control and Coordination	
Introduction	
21.1 Neural system	
21.2 Human neural system	
21.3 Neuron as structural and functional unit of neural system	
21.3.1 Generation and conduction of nerve impulse	
21.3.2 Transmission of impulses	
21.4 Central neural system	
21.4.1 Forebrain	
21.4.2 Midbrain	
21.4.3 Hindbrain	
21.5 Reflex action and reflex arc	
21.6 Sensory reception and processing	
21.6.1 Eye	
21.6.1.1 Parts of an eye	
21.6.1.2 Mechanism of vision	

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	21.6.2 The ear		
	20.6.2.1 Mechanism of hearing		
	22: Chemical Coordination and Integration		
	Introduction		
	22.1 Endocrine glands and hormones		
	22.2 Human endocrine system		
	22.2.1 The hypothalamus		
	22.2.2 The pituitary gland		
	22.2.3 The pineal gland		
	22.2.4 Thyroid gland		
	22.2.5 Parathyroid gland		
	22.2.6 Thymus		
	22.2.7 Adrenal gland		
	22.2.8 Pancreas		
	22.2.9 Testis		
	22.2.10 Ovary		
	22.3 Hormones of heart, kidney and gastrointestinal tract		
	22.4 Mechanism of hormone action		
		2022 TO 31-01-2022	
II - TEST	· ·	pters covered in the third term)	
	The pattern and design of the TEST will be	on par with the board examination standards.	
	UNIT-2: STRUCTURAL ORGANISATION IN PLANTS	Exercise-5 : Preparation of temporary slides of	
	AND ANIMALS	animal tissues and their study	
	6:Anatomy of Flowering Plants	animal tissues and their study	
4	Introduction	Exercise-12 : To study anatomy of stem and root	
	6.1 The tissues	of monocots and dicots	30
01-02-2022	6.1.1 Meristematic tissues	of monocots and dicots	30
TO	6.1.2 Permanent tissues	Exercise-14: Study of external morphology of	
ТО	6.1.2.1 Simple tissues	animals through models	
31-03-2022	6.1.2.2 Complex tissues		
	6.2 The tissue system	Exercise-15: To demonstrate osmosis by potato	
	6.2.1 Epidermal tissue system	osmometer	
	6.2.2 The ground tissue system	osmonicui	
	6.2.3 The vascular tissue system		

6.3 Anatomy of dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous plants 6.3.1 Dicotyledonous root 6.3.2 Monocotyledonous stem 6.3.4 Monocotyledonous stem 6.3.5 Dorsiventral (Dicotyledonous) leaf 6.3.6 Isobilateral (Monocotyledonous) leaf 6.4 Secondary growth 6.4.1 Vascular cambium 6.4.1.1 Formation of cambial ring 6.4.1.2 Activity of the cambial ring 6.4.1.3 Spring wood and autumn wood 6.4.1 Heartwood and sapwood 6.4.2 Cork cambium 6.4.3 Secondary growth in roots 7: Structural organisation in Animals Introduction 7.1 Animal tissues 7.1.1 Epithelial tissue 7.1.2 Connective tissue 7.1.3 Muscle tissue	Exercise-16: Study of plasmolysis in epidermal peel of leaf Exercise-17: Study of imbibition in raisins or seeds Exercise-18: To study the distribution of stomata on the upper and lower surfaces of leaves Exercise-19: To demonstrate difference in rate of transpiration between two surfaces of leaf Exercise-26: To study the enzymatic action of salivary amylase on starch Exercise-27: To study the effect of temperature on the activity of salivary amylase Exercise-28: To study the effect of pH on the action of salivary amylase
6.4.1.3 Spring wood and autumn wood	
	Exercise-26 : To study the enzymatic action of
	salivary amylase on starch
• •	Exercise-27: To study the effect of temperature
	on the activity of calivory amylese
7.1 Animal tissues	on the activity of sanvary amyrase
7.1.1 Epithelial tissue	Exercise-28: To study the effect of pH on the
	action of calivary amylase
	action of sanvary amyrase
7.1.4 Neural tissue	
7.2 Organ and organ system	
7.3 Earthworm	
7.3.1 Morphology	
7.3.2 Anatomy	
7.4 Cockroach	
7.4.1 Morphology	
7.4.2 Anatomy	
7.5 Frogs	
7.5.1 Morphology	
7.5.2 Anatomy	
UNIT-4: PLANT PHYSIOLOGY	
11: Transport in Plants	
Introduction	

11.1 Means of transport		
11.1.1 Diffusion		
11.1.2 Facilitated diffusion		
11.1.2.1 Passive symports and antiports		
11.1.3 Active transport		
11.1.4 Comparison of different transport processes		
11.2 Plant-water relations		
11.2.1 Water potential		
11.2.2 Osmosis		
11.2.3 Plasmolysis		
11.2.4 Imbibition		
11.3 Long distance transport of water		
11.3.1 How do plants absorb water?		
11.3.2 Water movement up a plant		
11.3.2.1 Root pressure		
11.3.2.2 Transpiration pull		
11.4 Transpiration		
11.4.1 Transpiration and photosynthesis – a compromise		
11.5 Uptake and transport of mineral nutrients		
11.5.1 Uptake of mineral ions		
11.5.2 Translocation of mineral ions		
11.6 Phloem transport: Flow from source to sink		
11.6.1 The pressure flow or Mass flow hypothesis		
12: Mineral Nutrition		
Introduction		
12.1 Methods to study the mineral requirements of plants		
12.2 Essential mineral elements		
12.2.1 Criteria for essentiality		
12.2.2 Role of macro- and micro-nutrients		
12.2.3 Deficiency symptoms of essential elements		
12.2.4 Toxicity of micronutrients		
12.3 Mechanism of absorption of elements		
12.4 Translocation of solutes		
12.5 Soil as reservoir of essential elements		
12.6 Metabolism of nitrogen		
<u> </u>	12	

	12.6.1 Nitrogen cycle		
	12.6.2 Biological nitrogen fixation		
	UNIT-5: HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY		
	16 : Digestions and Absorption		
	Introduction		
	16.1 Digestive system		
	16.1.1 Alimentary canal		
	16.1.2 Digestive glands		
	16.2 Digestion of food		
	16.3 Absorption of digested products		
	16.4 Disorders of digestive system		
FINAL	24-03-2022 TO 30-03-2022		
EXAMINATION	(Based on the complete syllabus covered during the academic year)		
		TOTAL TEACHING HOURS	120