

Practice Questions - Term 1

Date: 22/11/2021

Subject: Mathematics

Topic : Areas Related to Circles

Class: X

1. If the circumference of a circle exceeds its diameter by 180 cm, then find its radius in cm.

A. 32

B. 36

C. 40

D. 42

Let the radius of the circle be r cm.

The circumference of the circle with radius r is given by $2\pi r$.

So,

$$2\pi r = d + 180$$

$$2\pi r = 2r + 180$$

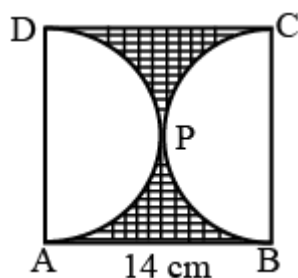
$$r = \frac{180}{2(\pi-1)}$$

$$r = \frac{180}{2(3.14-1)}$$

$$r = \frac{180}{4.28} = 42.06 \text{ cm}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

2. Find the area of the shaded region in the figure given below, if ABCD is a square of side 14 cm and APD and BPC are semicircles.
(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)



- A. 45 cm^2
- B. 42 cm^2
- C. 60 cm^2
- D. 35 cm^2

Area of a circle
= πr^2

From Figure, the diameter of circle is 14 cm. Two semi-circles make one full circle.

\therefore The area of one full circle is
= $\frac{22}{7} \times 7^2 = 154 \text{ cm}^2$

The total area of square
= $14^2 = 196 \text{ cm}^2$

The area of shaded portion = [Area of square- Area of full circle]
= $196 - 154 = 42 \text{ cm}^2$.

Hence, area of shaded region
= 42 cm^2

Practice Questions - Term 1

3. An arc of a circle is of length 5π cm and the sector it bounds has an area of 20π cm^2 . The radius of the circle is _____ (in cm).

A. 12

B. 5

C. 8

D. 10

From the given data,

$$\text{The area of the sector} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \pi r^2 = 20\pi \text{ cm}^2 \text{ ---(i)}$$

$$\text{The length of arc} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \pi \times 2r = 5\pi \text{ cm ---(ii)}$$

From (i) and (ii),

$$\theta r^2 = 7200 \text{ and } \theta r = 900$$

$$\Rightarrow 900 \times r = 7200$$

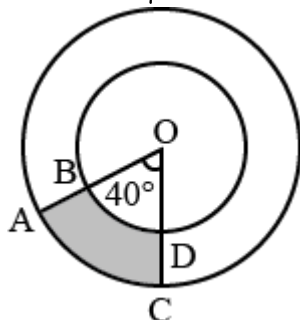
$$r = 8 \text{ cm.}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

4. Find the area of the shaded region (in cm^2) as shown in figure of the two concentric circles with centre O and radius 7 cm and 14 cm respectively.

Given $\angle AOC = 40^\circ$.

(use $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)



- A. 42.1 cm^2
- B. 51.32 cm^2
- C. 67.8 cm^2
- D. 96.5 cm^2

Given: radius for sector OAC = 14 cm and angle subtended = 40° and
radius for sector OBD = 7 cm and angle subtended = 40°

$$\text{Area of Sector} = \frac{x^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \pi r^2$$

Required area = [Area of sector OAC – Area of sector OBD]

$$= \frac{40^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14^2 - \frac{40^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2$$

$$= 68.42 - 17.1$$

$$= 51.32 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of shaded region} = 51.32 \text{ cm}^2$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

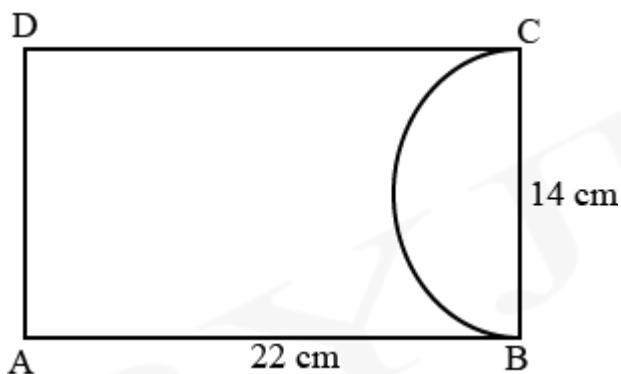
5. A paper is in the form of a rectangle ABCD where AB = 22 cm and BC = 14 cm. A semicircle portion with BC as diameter is cut off. Find the area of the remaining paper in cm^2 .

A. 221

B. 210

C. 231

D. 240



$$\text{Area of rectangle} = 22 \times 14 = 308cm^2$$

Area of semicircle

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times (7)^2 = 77cm^2$$

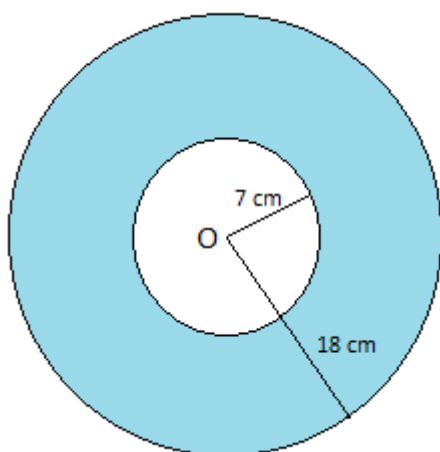
Required area = [Area of rectangle - Area of semicircle]

$$= 308 - 77 = 231cm^2$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

6. Radius of the outer circle is 18 cm and the radius of the inner circle is 7 cm. What is the area of the region between the outer and the inner circles?

- A. $275 \pi cm^2$
- B. $361 \pi cm^2$
- C. $133 cm^2$
- D. $192.5 cm^2$



Area of the region in between outer and

inner circle = Area of outer circle – Area of inner circle

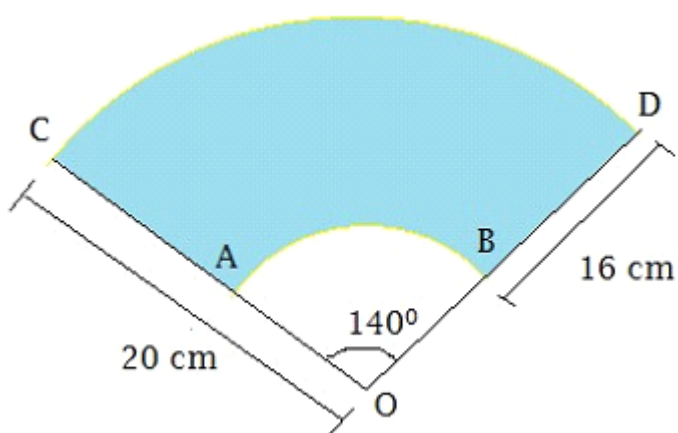
$$\text{Area of the outer circle} = \pi(18)^2 = 324 \pi cm^2$$

$$\text{Area of the inner circle} = \pi(7)^2 = 49 \pi cm^2$$

$$\text{So, area of the required region} = 324 \pi - 49\pi = 275 \pi cm^2$$

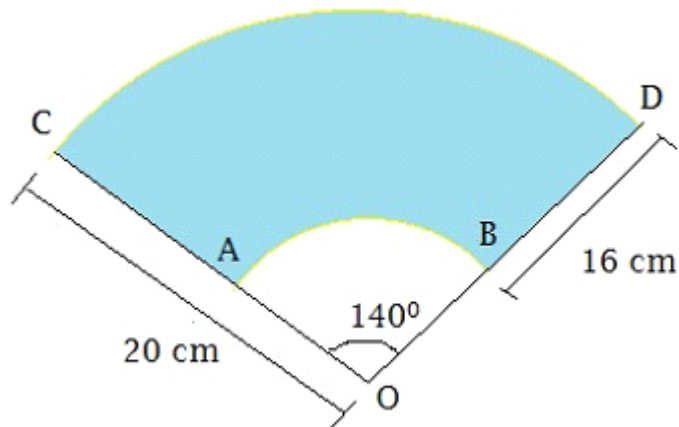
Practice Questions - Term 1

7. Calculate the area of the shaded region in the figure given in cm^2 .



- A. 469.3
- B. 281.2
- C. 1120.4
- D. 2499.7

Practice Questions - Term 1



Area of outer sector

$$= \frac{140}{360} \times \pi \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$$

Area of inner sector

$$= \frac{140}{360} \times \pi \times 16 \text{ cm} \times 16 \text{ cm}$$

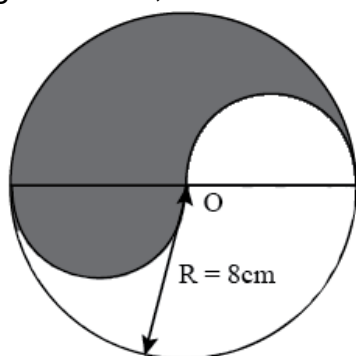
Area of shaded region = Outer sector - Inner sector

$$= \frac{140\pi}{360}(400 \text{ cm}^2 - 256 \text{ cm}^2)$$

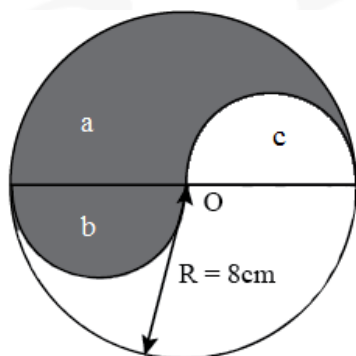
$$= \frac{7}{18} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 144 \text{ cm}^2 = 469.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

8. The Yin-Yang symbol can be explained by the following dimensions. What would be the area covered by the Yin (black) region if the radius of the larger circle is, $R = 8 \text{ cm}$?



- A. 97.75 cm^2
- B. 94.54 cm^2
- C. 98.12 cm^2
- D. 100.57 cm^2



Here we are asked to find the area of the shaded part. The figure can be split into 3 semicircle i.e. a, b and c in order to find the area.

$$\text{Area of the semicircle a} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 8^2 = 100.57 \text{ cm}^2.$$

The diameter of semicircles b and c is equal to the radius of the semicircle a. Therefore the area of both the semicircles will be the same.

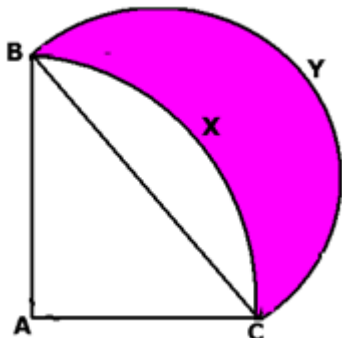
$$\text{Area of the semicircle} = \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times r^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 4^2 = 25.14 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The area of the shaded part} &= \text{Area of semicircle a} + \text{Area of semicircle b} - \\ &\text{Area of the semicircle c} = 100.57 + 25.14 - 25.14 = 100.57 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

The area of the shaded part is 100.57 cm^2 .

Practice Questions - Term 1

9. Find the area of the shaded region where ABC is a quadrant of radius 5 cm and a semicircle is drawn with BC as diameter.



- A. 19.64 cm^2
 B. 12.5 cm^2
 C. 7.14 cm^2
 D. 8.8 cm^2

Area of the shaded region = Area of semicircle - Area of segment of the sector BAC

Area of the semicircle with BC as diameter

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{5}{\sqrt{2}} \\
 &= 19.64 \text{ cm}^2 \dots (i)
 \end{aligned}$$

Area of segment = Area of quadrant - Area of ΔABC

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{90}{360} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 5^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 \\
 &= 19.64 - 12.5 \\
 &= 7.14 \text{ cm}^2 \dots (ii)
 \end{aligned}$$

Area of the shaded region

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (i) - (ii) \\
 &= 19.64 - 7.14 \\
 &= 12.5 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

10. In a cycle race, a boy was cycling in such a way that the wheels are making 200 revolutions per minute. Diameter of the wheel is 50cm, what is the cycling speed per hr?

- A. 14.7 km/hr
 B. 17 km/hr
 C. 18.84 km/hr
 D. 20 km/hr

Diameter of the cycle wheel = 50cm [radius=25cm]

No. of revolutions per minute = 200

\therefore No. revolutions in an hour = $200 \times 60 = 12000$

Distance covered in one revolution = Circumference of the wheel = $\pi d = 50\pi$ cm

\therefore Distance covered in an hour = $12000 \times \pi d = 12000 \times 50\pi$ cm = 1884000 cm = 18.84 km

Hence the speed of the cyclist is 18.84 km/hr.

Practice Questions - Term 1

11. What will be the circumference of a circle having area 9 times the area of a circle with diameter 8 cm?

- A. 88 cm
 B. 70 cm
 C. 72.51 cm
 D. 75.36 cm

Let r_1 and r_2 be radii of two circles such that area of circle of radius r_1 is 9 times the area of circle of radius r_2 .

$$r_2 = \frac{8}{2} \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm}$$

And we know that, area of a circle = πr^2
where r is its radius

$$\text{Therefore, } \pi r_1^2 = 9\pi r_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r_1^2 = 9\pi \times 4^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r_1^2 = 144$$

$$\Rightarrow r_1 = \pm 12$$

Here, radius of the circle cannot be negative.

$$\therefore r_1 = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Circumference of the circle of radius } r_1 \\ = 2\pi r_1 = 2 \times 3.14 \times 12 = 75.36 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

12. A drain cover is made from a square metal plate of side 40 cm and has 336 holes of radius 1 cm each drilled in it. Find the area in cm^2 of the remaining square plate.

(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

- A. 253 cm^2
- B. 544 cm^2
- C. 636 cm^2
- D. 564 cm^2

Area of a square plate
 $= \text{side}^2$

Given length of the side of the square plate = 40 cm

Area of square plate
 $= 40^2$
 $= 1600 \text{ cm}^2$

Area of a circle
 $= \pi r^2$

There are 336 holes of radius 1 cm each.

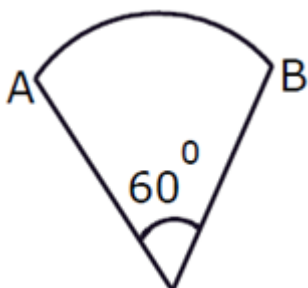
Total area of circles
 $= 336 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 1^2$
 $= 1056 \text{ cm}^2$

Remaining area = [Area of square plate- Total area of circles]
 $= 1600 - 1056$
 $= 544 \text{ cm}^2$

\therefore Area of remaining square plate
 $= 544 \text{ cm}^2$

Practice Questions - Term 1

13. The given figure is a sector of a circle of radius 20 cm. Find the perimeter of the sector.
(Take $\pi = 3.14$)



- A. 55.25 cm
- B. 60.93 cm
- C. 65.48 cm
- D. 70.17 cm

The circumference i.e , perimeter of a sector of angle 60° of a circle with radius R is given by

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{60^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2\pi R + 2R \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \times 2\pi (20) + 2(20) \\ &= 20.93 + 40 \\ &= 60.93 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

14. A car travels 0.99 km distance in which each wheel makes 450 complete revolutions. Find the radius of its wheel in m.

- A. 0.45
 B. 0.35
 C. 0.55
 D. 0.65

We know that, $0.99 \text{ km} = 990 \text{ m}$

Total Distance traveled = No. of revolutions x Circumference

$$\Rightarrow 990 = 450 \times 2\pi \times r$$

$$\Rightarrow 990 = 450 \times 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{990 \times 7}{450 \times 2 \times 22}$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{7}{20} = 0.35 \text{ m}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

15. A circle has radius 5 cm. A section of its circumference has length π cm.
What is the angle subtended by this section at the centre?

A. 36°

B. 45°

C. 50°

D. 60°

Radius = 5 cm

Arc length = π cm

Angle subtended

$$= \frac{\text{Arc length}}{\text{Circumference}} \times 360^\circ$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2\pi r} \times 360^\circ$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2\pi \times 5} \times 360^\circ$$

$$= 36^\circ$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

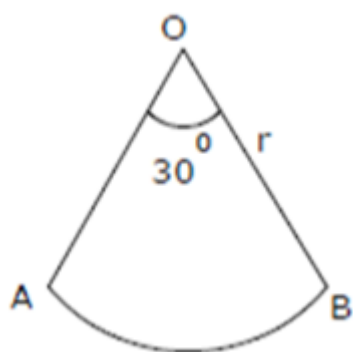
16. A pendulum swings through an angle of 30° and describes an arc 8.8 cm in length. Find the length of pendulum in cm.

A. 14.5

B. 15.1

C. 17.3

D. 16.8



Let r be the length of the pendulum.

Given: Length of arc = 8.8 cm.

$\angle AOB = 30^\circ$

Length of an arc of a sector of an angle θ

$$= \frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r$$

$$\Rightarrow 8.8 = \frac{30^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r$$

$$r = \frac{8.8 \times 21}{11} = 16.8 \text{ cm}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

17. If the perimeter of a circle is equal to that of a square, then the ratio of area of circle to the square is _____.

A. 22 : 07

B. 14 : 11

C. 7 : 22

D. 11 : 14

Let a be the side of the square and r be the radius of the circle.

$$\text{Given, } 4a = 2\pi r \Rightarrow a = \frac{\pi r}{2}$$

Ratio of the areas of circle to square is

$$\pi r^2 : a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 : \left(\frac{\pi r}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 : \frac{\pi}{4}$$

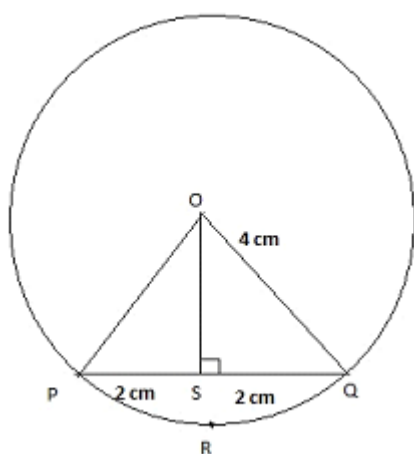
$$\Rightarrow 4 : \frac{22}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow 28 : 22 \Rightarrow 14 : 11$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

18. A circle having radius 4 cm contains a chord of length 4 cm and subtends an angle of 60 degrees. Find the area of the minor segment of the chord.

- A. 2 cm^2
- B. 1.5 cm^2
- C. 3 cm^2
- D. 0.5 cm^2



Area of sector POQ

$$= \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \times \pi r^2$$

$$= \frac{60^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \pi 4^2 = 8.4\text{ cm}^2$$

In triangle OSQ which is right angled at S,

$$OQ^2 = SQ^2 + OS^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 16 = 4 + OS^2$$

$$OS = 2\sqrt{3}$$

Area of triangle POQ

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$= 6.9\text{ cm}^2$$

Now,

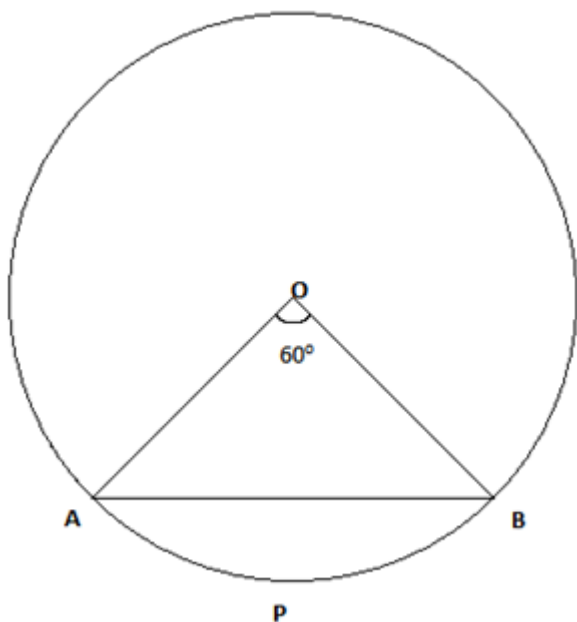
Area of segment PSQR = Area of sector POQ - Area of triangle POQ

$$= 8.4 - 6.9\text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 1.5\text{ cm}^2$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

19.



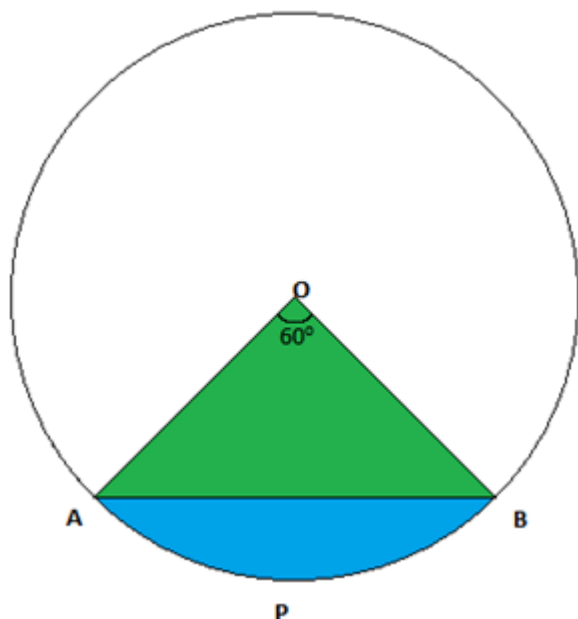
The radius of the circle given above is 7cm and the angle subtended by the arc is 60° .

If the area of $\triangle OAB$ is 21cm^2 , then find the area of segment APBA.

$$\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$$

- A. 5.8 cm^2
- B. 4.7 cm^2
- C. 8 cm^2
- D. 1 cm^2

Practice Questions - Term 1



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of sector OAPBO} &= \frac{60}{360} \times \pi r^2 \\ &= \frac{60}{360} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7^2 = 25.7 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

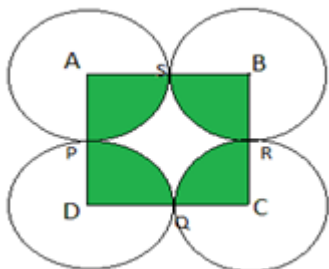
Area of segment APBA

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Area of sector OAPBO} - \text{Area of triangle OAB} \\ &= 25.7 - 21 = 4.7 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Therefore, area of segment APBA} \\ &= 4.7 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Practice Questions - Term 1

20. Given below is a combination figure of square ABCD of side 26cm and four circles. Find the area of the shaded region.



- A. 530.64 cm^2
- B. 402.83 cm^2
- C. 360 cm^2
- D. 480.53 cm^2

The given figure forms four sectors:

$$\text{Area of a sector of angle } \theta = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \times \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area of one sector APS} = \frac{90^\circ}{360^\circ} \times \pi \times 13^2 = 132.66 \text{ cm}^2$$

Total area of shaded region = Area of four sectors

$$= 4 \times 132.66 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 530.64 \text{ cm}^2$$