

Explore Development MCQs For CBSE Class 10

1) For development, people look at a mix of _____

- a) goals
- b) responsibilities
- c) accountability
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (a)

2) For comparing the development of countries, their _____ is considered to be one of the most important attributes

- a) income
- b) population
- c) demographics
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (a)

3) For comparison between countries, total income is not such a useful measure. State whether true or false.

- a) True
- b) False

Answer: Option (a)

4) Since countries have different _____, comparing total income will not tell us what an average person is likely to earn.

- a) economic policies
- b) reserves
- c) resources
- d) populations

Answer: Option (d)

5) In World Development Reports, brought out by the _____, per capita income criterion is used in classifying countries.

- a) UNICEF
- b) World Bank
- c) World Economic Forum.
- d) United Nations

Answer: Option (b)

6) Countries with per capita income of US\$ 12616 per annum and above in 2012, are called _____.

- a) underdeveloped countries
- b) developing countries
- c) poor countries
- d) rich countries

Answer: Option (d)

7) India comes in the category of _____ countries because its per capita income in 2012 was just US\$ 1530 per annum.

- a) low middle income
- b) middle income
- c) high middle income
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (a)

8) Among the following states _____ has the highest per capita income as per 2012-13 figures.

- a) Maharashtra
- b) Bihar
- c) Kerala
- d) Jharkhand

Answer: Option (a)

9) Infant Mortality Rate (or IMR) indicates the number of children that die before the age of _____ as a proportion of 100 live children born in that particular year

- a) four years
- b) one year
- c) two years
- d) three years

Answer: Option (b)

10) Literacy Rate measures the proportion of the literate population in the _____ age group.

- a) 10 and above
- b) 21 and above
- c) 7 and above
- d) 18 and above

Answer: Option (c)

11) Net Attendance Ratio is the total number of children of the age group _____ attending school as a percentage of the total number of children in the same age group.

- a) 17 and 18 years
- b) 9 and 10 years
- c) 12 and 13 years
- d) 14 and 15 years

Answer: Option (d)

12) As per 2011, which among the following states has the highest literacy rate?

- a) Kerala
- b) Maharashtra
- c) Bihar
- d) Odisha

Answer: Option (a)

13) As per 2011, which among the following states has the highest infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births?

- a) Kerala
- b) Bihar

- c) Maharashtra
- d) All of the above have the same infant mortality rate

Answer: Option (b)

14) From the given table in the chapter, which state has the highest net attendance ratio.

- a) Gujarat
- b) Maharashtra
- c) Kerala
- d) Bihar

Answer: Option (c)

15) Which of the following statements about money are true?

- a) money cannot buy you a pollution-free environment
- b) money cannot ensure that you get unadulterated medicines
- c) money may also not be able to protect you from infectious diseases
- d) All of the above statements are true

Answer: Option (d)

16) If the Body Mass Index (BMI) is _____ then the adult person would be considered undernourished

- a) less than 18.5
- b) less than 10.5
- c) less than 25.5
- d) less than 28.5

Answer: Option (a)

17) If the Body Mass Index (BMI) is _____ then the adult person would be considered overweight.

- a) more than 18
- b) more than 30
- c) more than 45
- d) more than 25

Answer: Option (d)

18) Human Development Report published by UNDP compares countries based on

- a) health status
- b) per capita income
- c) educational levels of the people
- d) All of the above

Answer: Option (d)

19) As per 2013 report _____ had the HDI rank of 135 in the world.

- a) Sri Lanka
- b) Pakistan
- c) India
- d) Bangladesh

Answer: Option (c)

20) Among the following South Asian countries, _____ had the highest life expectancy at birth.

- a) Myanmar
- b) Sri Lanka
- c) Nepal
- d) India

Answer: Option (b)

