

Explore Gender, Religion and Caste MCQs For CBSE Class 10

1) Which of the following statements are true regarding Feminist Movements?

- a) More radical women's movements aimed at equality in personal and family life as well.
- b) Agitations demanded enhancing the political and legal status of women and improving their educational and career opportunities.
- c) There were agitations in different countries for the extension of voting rights to women.
- d) All of the above statements are true.

Answer: Option (d)

2) In Scandinavian countries such as Sweden, Norway and _____, the participation of women in public life is very high.

- a) Finland
- b) Hungary
- c) Russia
- d) Latvia

Answer: Option (a)

3) Patriarchal society means _____

- a) a society dominated by men
- b) a society dominated by women

- c) a society where there is equality between men and women
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (a)

4) The literacy rate among women in India is only _____

- a) 45 percent
- b) 50 percent
- c) 60 percent
- d) 54 percent

Answer: Option (d)

5) The literacy rate among men in India is _____

- a) 76 percent
- b) 80 percent
- c) 66 percent
- d) 56 percent

Answer: Option (a)

6) On an average an Indian woman works _____ more than an average man every day.

- a) three hours
- b) two hours
- c) one hour
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (c)

7) The Equal Remuneration Act, of _____ provides that equal wages should be paid to equal work.

- a) 1986
- b) 1976
- c) 1966
- d) 1972

Answer: Option (b)

8) The National Average of child sex ratio (number of girl children per thousand boys) in the country as per Census 2011 was _____.

- a) 974
- b) 924
- c) 954
- d) 914

Answer: Option (d)

9) Which of the following states have Child Sex Ratio less than 800?

- a) Kerala
- b) Maharashtra
- c) Karnataka
- d) None of the above

Answer: Option (d)

10) The percentage of elected women members in Lok Sabha had crossed 10 percent of its total strength for the first time in _____

- a) 1999
- b) 2004
- c) 2009
- d) 2019

Answer: Option (c)

11) The world average of women's representation in national Parliaments across different regions of the world is _____

- a) around 19%
- b) around 50%
- c) around 40%
- d) around 30%

Answer: Option (a)

12) _____ region has the highest representation of women in their national Parliaments.

- a) Pacific
- b) Americas
- c) Middle-east
- d) Nordic countries

Answer: Option (d)

13) Which of the following statements are true?

- a) Every social difference does not lead to social division.

- b) Social differences divide similar people from one another, but they also unite very different people.
- c) People belonging to different social groups share differences and similarities cutting across the boundaries of their groups.
- d) All of the above statements are true.

Answer: Option (d)

14) _____ of seats in local government bodies – in panchayats and municipalities – are now reserved for women.

- a) Three-fourth
- b) One-third
- c) One-fourth
- d) One-fifth

Answer: Option (b)

15) _____ used to say that religion can never be separated from politics. He believed that politics must be guided by ethics drawn from religion.

- a) C Rajagopalachari
- b) Sardar Patel
- c) Gandhiji
- d) Nehru

Answer: Option (c)

16) Which of the following statements are true regarding communal politics?

- a) State Power is used to establish domination of one religious group over the rest.
- b) Beliefs of one religion are presented as superior to those of other religions.

- c) Communal politics is based on the idea that religion is the principal basis of social community
- d) All of the above

Answer: Option (d)

17) _____ are those laws that deal with family related matters such as marriage, divorce, adoption, inheritance, etc

- a) Family laws
- b) Religious laws
- c) Community laws
- d) State laws

Answer: Option (a)

18) There is no official religion in _____

- a) Sri Lanka
- b) England
- c) Pakistan
- d) India

Answer: Option (d)

19) Which of the following statements are true?

- a) The Constitution of India allows the state to intervene in the matters of religion in order to ensure equality within religious communities.
- b) Constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion.
- c) The Constitution provides to all individuals and communities freedom to profess, practice and propagate any religion, or not to follow any

d) All the above statements are true

Answer: Option (d)

20) The representation of women in different state assemblies is _____

- a) less than 5%
- b) more than 5%
- c) more than 10%
- d) more than 20%

Answer: Option (a)

