# SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER <br> <br> CLASS X 

 <br> <br> CLASS X}

## Science (086)

Term 2 (2021-22)
Time allowed: $\mathbf{2}$ hours
Max. Marks:40

## General Instructions:

i) All questions are compulsory.
ii) The question paper has three sections and $\mathbf{1 5}$ questions. All questions are compulsory.
iii) Section-A has 7 questions of 2 marks each; Section-B has 6 questions of 3 marks each; and Section-C has 2 case based questions of 4 marks each.
iv) Internal choices have been provided in some questions. A student has to attempt only one of the alternatives in such questions.


| 4 | Rajesh observed a patch of greenish black powdery mass on a stale piece of <br> bread. <br> a. Name the organism responsible for this and its specific mode of asexual <br> reproduction. <br> b. Name its vegetative and reproductive parts. | 2 |
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| 5 | Mustard was growing in two fields- A and B. While Field A produced brown <br> coloured seeds, field B produced yellow coloured seeds. <br> It was observed that in field A, the offsprings showed only the parental trait for <br> consecutive generations, whereas in field B, majority of the offsprings showed <br> a variation in the progeny. <br> What are the probable reasons for these? <br> OR <br> In an asexually reproducing species, if a trait X exists in 5\% of a population <br> and trait Y exists in $70 \%$ of the same population, which of the two trait is likely <br> to have arisen earlier? Give reason. | 2 |
| 6 | A simple motor is made in a school laboratory. A coil of wire is mounted on an <br> axle between the poles of a horseshoe magnet, as illustrated. | 2 |


|  | b. What happens to the magnetic field when the current in the circuit is reversed? |  |
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| 7 | DDT was sprayed in a lake to regulate breeding of mosquitoes. How would it affect the trophic levels in the following food chain associated with a lake? Justify your answer. <br> OR <br> In the following food chain, vertical arrows indicate the energy lost to the environment and horizontal arrows indicate energy transferred to the next trophic level. Which one of the three vertical arrows (A, C and E) and which one of the two horizontal arrows ( B and D ) will represent more energy transfer? Give reason for your answer. | 2 |
| SECTION - B |  |  |
| 8 | Choose an element from period 3 of modern periodic table that matches the description given below in each instance. Give reason for your choice. <br> a. It has a similar structure to diamond. <br> b. It has same valency as Lithium. <br> c. It has variable valency and is a member of the Oxygen family (group 16). | 3 |
| 9 | a. How many isomers are possible for the compound with the molecular formula $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8}$ ? Draw the electron dot structure of branched chain isomer. <br> b. How will you prove that $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10}$ are homologues? <br> OR <br> A carbon compound ' A ' having melting point 156 K and boiling point 351 K , with molecular formula $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}$ is soluble in water in all proportions. <br> a. Identify ' A ' and draw its electron dot structure. <br> b. Give the molecular formulae of any two homologues of 'A'. | 3 |


| 10 | Two pea plants - one with round yellow seeds (RRYY) and another with <br> wrinkled green (rryy) seeds produce F1 progeny that have round, yellow <br> (RrYy) seeds. <br> When F1 plants are self-pollinated, which new combination of characters is <br> expected in F2 progeny? How many seeds with these new combinations of <br> characters will be produced when a total 160 seeds are produced in F2 <br> generation? Explain with reason. | 3 |
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## SECTION - C

This section has 02 case-based questions (14 and 15). Each case is followed by 03 sub-questions ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c ). Parts a and b are compulsory. However, an internal choice has been provided in part c .

| 14 | Sahil performed an experiment to study the inheritance pattern of genes. He <br> crossed tall pea plants (TT) with short pea plants (tt) and obtained all tall plants <br> in F1 generation. <br> a. What will be set of genes present in the F1 generation? (1 Mark) <br> b. Give reason why only tall plants are observed in F1 progeny. <br> c. When F1 plants were self - pollinated, a total of 800 plants were produced. <br> How many of these would be tall, medium height or short plants? Give the <br> genotype of F 2 generation. <br> OR |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| When F1 plants were cross - pollinated with plants having tt genes, a total <br> of 800 plants were produced. How many of these would be tall, medium <br> height or short plants? Give the genotype of F 2 generation. | 4 |

