

Class: X

## **Practice Challenge - Subjective**

Subject: Chemistry

Topic : Carbon and its Compounds\_Revision

1. Why do covalent compounds have low melting and boiling points ?

<sup>2.</sup> Give the name and structural formula of next homologue of HCOOH.

## 3. Explain about the following.

- (a) Single bond
- (b) Double bond
- (c) Triple Bond
- 4. Describe the structure of diamond. Draw a simple diagram to show the arrangement of carbon atoms in it.
- 5. (a) Explain why diamond has a high melting point.
  - (b) State any two uses of diamond.



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- 6. An element E exists in three allotropic forms A, B and C. In allotrope A, the atoms of element E are joined to form spherical molecules. In allotrope B, each atom of element E is surrounded by three other E atoms to form a sheet-like structure. In allotrope C, each atom of element E is surrounded by four other E atoms to form a rigid structure.
  - (a) Name the element E.
  - (b) What is allotrope A?
  - (c) What is allotrope B?
  - (d) What is allotrope C?
  - (e) Which allotrope is used in making jewellery?
  - (f) Which allotrope is used in making the electrode of a dry cell?
- 7. Name the functional groups present in the following compounds:
  - (a)  $CH_3COCH_2CH_2CH_2CH_3$
  - (b) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOH
  - (c)  $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2CHO$
  - (d) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- 8. Name a compound of each type and draw the figure.
  - (a) Cyclic compound with single bond.
  - (b) Cyclic compound with triple bond.