1. Two elements $X$ and $Y$ need to be arranged in Mendeleev's periodic table. $X$ has 3 protons more than $Y$ but their neutrons are equal in number. Which of the following is correct about X and Y ?
A. $X$ will be placed after $Y$
B. $X$ and $Y$ should be placed together.
C. $X$ and $Y$ are isotopes.
D. Y will be placed after X .
2. Identify the option that is not one of the Dobereiner's triad?
A. Chlorine-35, Bromine-80, lodine-127
B. Potassium-39, Chlorine-35.5, Bromine-80
C. Calcium-40, Strontium-88, Barium-137
D. Lithium-6, Sodium-22, Potassium-39
3. The atomic masses of $X$ and $Z$ are $20 u$ and $40 u$, respectively. If $X, Y$ and $Z$ form a Dobereiner's triad, what should be the atomic mass of $Y$ ?
A. 20 u
B. 40 u
C. 30 u
D. 50 u
4. Identify the set of elements that will form Dobereiner triad.
A. Lithium, sodium, potassium
B. Nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic
C. Helium, neon, argon
D. Helium, hydrogen, potassium
5. Which of the following statements is correct?
A. Law of octaves worked quite well for heavier elements but failed for lighter elements.
B. Law of octaves failed for both lighter elements and heavier elements.
C. Law of octaves worked quite well for lighter elements but failed for heavier elements.
D. Law of octaves was first given by Mendeleev.
6. How many groups and periods are there in the modern periodic table?
A. 18 Groups and 7 Periods
B. 7 Groups and 18 Periods
C. 18 Groups and 9 Periods
D. 18 Groups and 18 Periods
7. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding the given elements?

A. $A A$ is the most electronegative element
B. BB is a noble gas
C. CC is an alkali metal
D. DD has 5 electrons in its outermost shell
8. Metallic character $\qquad$ down the group in the periodic table.
A. increases
B. decreases
C. increases and then decreases
D. decreases and then increases
9. Which of the following elements has twice as many electrons in its second shell as it has in its first shell?
A. Carbon
B. Nitrogen
C. Oxygen
D. Sulphur
10. The valency of aluminium is:
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
