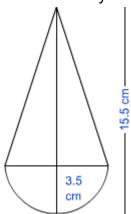


Subject: Mathematics

Topic : Surface areas and Volumes Exam Prep 1

Class: X

1. A toy is in the form of a cone of radius 3.5 cm mounted on a hemisphere of same radius. The total height of the toy is 15.5 cm. Find the total surface area of the toy.



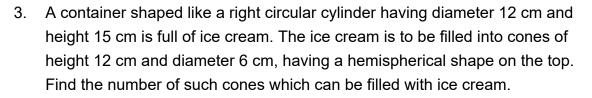
Radius of cone $= 3.5 \ cm$, Total height of the toy = 15.5cm , height of cone = 15.5 - 3.5 = 12 cm Slant height of cone can be calculated as follows: $l = \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}$ $=\sqrt{12^2+3.5^2}$ $=\sqrt{144+12.25}$ $=\sqrt{156.25}=12.5~cm$ Curved surface area of cone can be calculated as follows: $=\pi rl$ $rac{22}{7} imes 3.5 imes 12.5$ $= 137.5 \ cm^2$ Curved surface area of hemispherical portion can be calculated as follows: $=2\pi r^{2}$ $=2 imesrac{22}{7} imes3.5 imes3.5$ $= 77 \ cm^2$ Hence, total surface area = $137.5 + 77 = 214.5 \ cm^2$

2. A medicine capsule is in the shape of a cylinder with two hemispheres stuck to each of its ends. The length of the entire capsule is 14 mm and the diameter of the capsule is 5 mm. Find its surface area.



Height of cylinder = 14-5 = 9 mm, Radius, r = 2.5 mm Curved surface area of cylinder = $2\pi rh$ = $2\pi \times 2.5 \times 9$ = $45\pi mm^2$ Curved surface area of two hemispheres = $2 \times 2\pi r^2$ = $4\pi \times 2.5^2$ = $25\pi mm^2$ Total surface area: =Curved surface area of cylinder + Curved surface area of two hemispheres = $45\pi + 25\pi$ = $70\pi = 220 mm^2$





Radius of cylinder = 6 cm, height of cylinder = 15 cm Radius of cone = 3 cm, height of cone = 12 cm Radius of hemispherical top on ice cream = 3 cm

Volume of cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$ = $\pi \times 6 \times 6 \times 15$ = $540\pi \ cm^3$

Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 3^2 \times 12$ = $36\pi \ cm^3$

Volume of hemisphere $= \frac{2}{3}\pi r^{3}$ $= \frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 3^{3}$ $= 18\pi \ cm^{3}$ Volume of ice cream $= (36 + 18)\pi$ $= 54\pi \ cm^{3}$

 $\Rightarrow \text{Number of ice creams} \\ = \frac{\text{Volume of cylinder}}{\text{Volume of cylinder}}$

 $= \frac{1}{Volume of ice cream}$ $= \frac{540\pi}{54\pi}$

= 10

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^{4.} Two cubes each of volume $125 \ cm^3$ are joined end to end to form a solid. Find the surface area of the resulting cuboid.

Volume of each cube = 125 cm^3

So, edge of each cube = 5 cm

For new cuboid formed, I = 5+5 = 10 cm

b = 5 cm

h = 5 cm

Therefore, surface area of the resulting cuboid = 2 (lb + bh + lh)

= 2 (10 × 5 + 5 × 5 + 10 × 5) cm^2

= 250 cm^2

5.

150 spherical marbles, each of diameter 14 cm, are dropped in a cylindrical vessel of diameter 7 cm containing some water, which are completely immersed in water. Find the rise in the level of water in the vessel.

Sol:

Diameter of the spherical marble = 1.4 cm Radius of the marble = 0.7 cm *Volumeofeachmarble* = $43 \times \pi \times r^3 = 43 \times \frac{22}{7} \times (0.7)^3 = 1.44$ Volume of 150 marbles = $1.44 \times 150 = 216 \ cm^3$ Let the rise in level of water in the cylindrical vessel = 'h' cm Diameter of the vessel = 7 cm Radius of the vessel = $3.5 \ cm$ Volume of the increased level of the water = $\pi \times r^2 \times h = \frac{22}{7} \times (3.5)^2 \times h$ Volume of the increased level of the water = Volume of 150 marbles $\frac{22}{7} \times (3.5)^2 \times h = 216$ $\Rightarrow h = 5.6 \ cm$ Therefore, rise in level of water in the vessel = $5.6 \ cm$.

6. A farmer connects a pipe of internal diameter 25 cm from a canal into a cylindrical tank in his field, which is 12 m in diameter and 2.5 m deep. If water flows through the pipe at the rate of 3.6 km/hr, in how much time will the tank be filled? Also, find the cost of water if the canal department charges at the rate of Rs 0.07 per m^3 .

R = radius of cylinder = 6m

H = height of cylinder = 2.5m

r = radius of pipe = $\frac{25}{2}cm = \frac{1}{8}m$

Rate of flow of water = $\frac{3.6km}{hr}$

In 1 hr water upto a length of 3.6km = 3600m will come out of pipe.

let the tank be filled in 'x' hrs.

volume of water coming out of pipe in x hrs = volume of cylindrical tank.

$$rac{(22)}{7} imes rac{1}{8} imes rac{1}{8} imes 3600 imes (x) = rac{22}{7} imes 6 imes 6 imes 2.5$$

 $rac{1}{8} x rac{1}{8} imes 3600 imes x = 6 imes 6 imes 2.5$
 $3600 imes (x) = 36x2.5x8x8$
 $100 imes = 8x8x2.5$
 $1000 imes (x) = 8x8x25$
 $x = rac{16}{10} = 1.6hrs$

Now,

$$costofwater = volumeof cylindrical tank imes 0.07$$

= $22/7x6x6x2.5x0.07$
= Rs.19.80.

 $\rightarrow x = 1hr.36min.$

The tank will be filled in 1hr.36 min and the cost of water will be Rs.19.80





7. If the perimeter of each face of a cube is 32 cm, find its lateral surface area.

Perimeter of each face of a cube = $32 \ cm$ \therefore Length of edge = $\frac{32}{4} = 8 \ cm$ and lateral surface area of the cube

$$=4 imes(side)^2=4 imes8 imes8=256~cm^2$$

8. A hemispherical bowl is made of steel, 0.25 cm thick. The inner radius of the bowl is 5 cm. Find the outer curved surface area of the bowl.

$$\left[Assume \ \pi = rac{22}{7}
ight]$$

Given: Inner radius of the hemispherical bowl = 5 cm

Thickness of the bowl = 0.25 cm

 \therefore Outer radius (r) of the hemispherical bowl = inner radius+thickness = (5 + 0.25) cm

= 5.25 cm

Outer CSA of hemispherical bowl $=2\pi r^2$

 $=2 imes rac{22}{7} imes (5.25 cm)^2 = 173.25 \ cm^2$