## Class 9 Maths Chapter 13 Surface Areas and Volumes MCQs - Practice Questions

1. The surface area of 3D shapes is measured in $\qquad$ .
(a) Units
(b) Square units
(c) Cubic units
(d) None of the above
2. If "a" is the side of the cube, then the surface area of cube is $\qquad$ .
(a) $4 a^{2}$
(b) $5 \mathrm{a}^{2}$
(c) $6 a^{2}$
(d) None of the above
3. The volume of 3D shape is measured in $\qquad$ .
(a) Units
(b) Square units
(c) Cubic units
(d) None of the above
4. If " $r$ " is the radius and " $h$ " is the height of the cylinder, then the formula to calculate the volume of cylinder is $\qquad$ .
(a) $r^{2} h$
(b) $\pi r^{2} h$
(c) $(1 / 3) \pi r^{2} h$
(d) $(1 / 2) \pi r^{2} h$
5. If the side length of the cube is 2 cm , then the volume of cube is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(a) 6
(b) 8
(c) 12
(d) 18
6. If the radius is 3 cm and height is 5 cm , then the volume of cone is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(a) $15 \pi$
(b) $17 \pi$
(c) $21 \pi$
(d) $23 \pi$
7. If " $r$ " is the radius of hemisphere, then the TSA of hemisphere is
(a) $2 \pi r^{2}$
(b) $3 \pi r^{2}$
(c) $4 \pi r^{2}$
(d) None of the above
8. The curved surface area of a cone is $\qquad$
(a) $(1 / 2) \pi \mathrm{rl}$
(b) $\pi \mathrm{rl}$
(c) $2 \pi \mathrm{rl}$
(d) $3 \pi \mathrm{rl}$
9. If the radius of the sphere is 3 cm , then the volume of sphere is $\qquad$ .
(a) $36 \pi$
(b) $38 \pi$
(c) $40 \pi$
(d) $41 \pi$
10. The total surface area of a cylinder is
(a) $2 \pi \mathrm{rh}$
(b) $2 \pi r(r+h)$
(c) $4 \pi \mathrm{rh}$
(d) $4 \pi r(r+h)$

