TF: TEXTILE ENGINEERING AND FIBRE SCIENCE

ONLINE Examination

Duration: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Read the following instructions carefully.

- 1. Questions must be answered using computers provided by the GATE at the examination centers. Each computer shall run specialized examination software that permits a maximum of one answer to be selected for questions of multiple choice type.
- 2. Your answers shall be updated and saved on the server periodically and at the end of the examination. The examination will automatically stop once the duration of the examination is over.
- 3. There are a total of **65** questions carrying 100 marks. All questions are of objective type.
- 4. Questions Q.1 Q.25 carry 1-mark each, and questions Q.26 Q.55 carry 2-marks each.
- 5. Questions Q.26 Q.30 are of numerical answer type. For each of these questions, the correct answer is a number. All other questions are of multiple choice type. Each of these questions carries four choices for the answer labeled A, B, C and D. Only one of the four choices is the correct answer.
- 6. Questions Q.48 Q.51 (2 pairs) are common data questions and question pairs (Q.52, Q.53) and (Q.54, Q.55) are linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is unattempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- 7. Questions Q.56 Q.65 belong to General Aptitude (GA). Questions Q.56 Q.60 carry 1-mark each, and questions Q.61 Q.65 carry 2-marks each.
- 8. Unattempted questions will result in zero mark. There is no negative marking for questions of numerical answer type, i.e., for Q.26 Q.30. For questions of multiple choice type, wrong answers will result in **NEGATIVE** marks. For Q.1 Q.25 and Q.56 Q.60, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For Q.31 Q.51 and Q.61 Q.65, ¾ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. The question pairs (Q.52, Q.53), and (Q.54, Q.55) are questions with linked answers. There will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question of the linked answer question pair, i.e. for Q.52 and Q.54, ¾ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. There is no negative marking for Q.53 and Q.55.
- 9. Calculator is allowed whereas charts, graph sheets or tables are **NOT** allowed in the examination hall.
- 10. Rough work can be done in the specified area only.
- 11. Candidates may use the back side of this page to record their answers for their own convenience.
- 12. To login, type your Registration Number and password as per instructions provided in the envelope.
- 13. In order to answer a question, you may select the question using the left side selection panel on the screen and choose the correct answer by clicking on the radio button next to the answer. The answered questions shall be indicated by a solid black ball on the selection panel. In order to change the answer, you may just click on another option. If you wish to leave a previously answered question unanswered, you may click on DESELECT ANSWER button.
- 14. You may also select questions using NEXT and PREVIOUS buttons.
- 15. You may also mark questions for reviewing later using MARK button. All marked questions are indicated by a rectangle in the selection panel. Questions which are answered but are marked for the review are indicated by a solid black rectangle and questions which are not answered but are marked for the review are indicated by an outlined rectangle in the selection panel.
- 16. You must sign this sheet and leave it with the invigilators at the end of the examination.

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that I have read and followed all the instructions given in this sheet.

Paper Code: TF	Registration No:	 _Name: _	
			Signature

Q. 1 – Q. 25 carry one mark each.

Q.1	Density of cotton f	bre is approximately				
	(A) 1.52 denier	(B) 1.52 g/tex	(C) 1.52 kg/m^3	(D) 1.52 g/cm^3		
Q.2	(A) Glycolic acid (B) Water		ntion of diethylene glyc	col terephthalate (DGT) is		
	(C) Diethylene glyco (D) Ethylene glyco					
Q.3	Ziegler Natta catal	yst is used in the polyme	erization of			
	(A) PET (B) Nylon (C) Acetate					
	(D) Polypropylene					
Q.4	The cross-section of	of spinneret used for production	ducing hollow fibres is			
	(A) C-shaped(B) Rectangular(C) Annular concer(D) Triangular	ntric				
Q.5	For a given yarn count made from the same fibre, rotor spun yarn is bulkier than ring spun yarn, because					
	(B) Navel tube peel (C) Rotor spun yarr	n is more even than ring ls off the fibres from rot n has large number of wa rotor spinning is lower	or spun yarn surface rapper fibres	ring spinning		
Q.6				wards the front is beneficial in a e the reason for the same?		
	(C) It reduces end b	ooth running of top draft	ing roller			
Q.7	20s, 30s, 40s and 5 obliquity is	0s Ne cotton yarns have	the same twist per cm.	The yarn having maximum fibre		
	(A) 20s Ne	(B) 30s Ne	(C) 40s Ne	(D) 50s Ne		
Q.8	During roller drafti roller. The reason f		s achieved by flexing the	ne fibre strand over the bottom		
	(A) Enhanced fibre(B) Enhanced fiber(C) Reduced slippa(D) Reduced fibre	ge of top roller	riction			

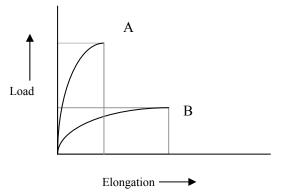
Q.9	For 2/2 twill weave, the heald shaft movement over one complete repeat will be the least in				
	(A) Bottom closed she(B) Semi open shed(C) Centre closed she(D) Open shed				
Q.10	In a flat bed knitting n	nachine, the loop length	is controlled by		
	(A) Raising cam(B) Stitch cam(C) Clearing cam(D) Guard cam				
Q.11	In a drum driven wind	ler			
	(C) Angle of wind inc	onstant uces with the increase in reases with the increase in uces with the increase in	in package diameter		
Q.12	The power required for	or picking in a shuttle loo	om depends on		
	(A) Weave of the fabr(C) Reed width	ic	(B) Number of heald s(D) Number of picking		
Q.13	Out of the following, t	the one which is NOT a	surfactant is		
	(A) Reducing agent	(B) Wetting agent	(C) Detergent	(D) Dispersing agent	
Q.14	The machine used for continuous processing of fabric is				
	(A) Winch (C) J-Box		(B) Kier (D) Jigger		
Q.15	5 An example of a coagulant used in textile effluent treatment is				
	(A) Activated carbon(B) Ferrous sulphate(C) Hydrogen peroxid(D) Sodium chloride	e			
Q.16	Microbes growing on	clothing derive nutrition	from		
	(A) Atmospheric oxygen(B) Digestion of polymer(C) Sweat and contaminants(D) Moisture in the air				
Q.17	If the 50 % span lengt span length of this fibr		5 mm and the uniformity	ratio is 45 %, then 2.5 %	
	(A) 10	(B) 15	(C) 30	(D) 35	
Q.18	The nep setting on an	evenness tester which w	ill give the highest nep of	count is	
	(A) +400 %	(B) +280 %	(C) +200 %	(D) +140 %	

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Q.19	Fabrics with the same minimum in a fabric		ves are woven on a loom.	The tear strength will be	
	(A) Plain weave	(B) 3/1 twill weave	e (C) 5-end satin wes	ave (D) 2/2 matt weave	
Q.20	The property of fabri	c which influences drap	be the most is		
	(A) Tensile(B) Compressional(C) Shear(D) Surface				
Q.21	-		nd E_2 is 0.25 and 0.5, resp robability that neither E_1 1	pectively. The probability of nor E ₂ occurs is	
	(A) 0.11	(B) 0.25	(C) 0.39	(D) 0.86	
Q.22	The value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{x}$	$\frac{1+x)^n-1}{x}$ is			
	(A) 0	(B) n	(C) ∞	(D) 1/n	
Q.23	The area of an ellipse	e with 'a' and 'b' as the	e length of major and mine	or axis, respectively, is	
	(A) πab	(B) $\pi \frac{(a+b)}{2}$	(C) $\pi \frac{ab}{4}$	(D) $\pi \frac{ab}{2}$	
Q.24	The order and degree $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) + \frac{2}{\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)} = y^{2}$	of the following differ	ential equation are		
	(A) order 1, degree 1	(B) order 1, degree 2	2 (C) order 2, degree 1	(D) order 2, degree 2	
Q.25	X and Y are two mate from amongst the fol		X+Y are both defined. Th	ne CORRECT statement	
	(B) X is a square mat	re matrices of the same rix whereas Y is a recta gonal matrices of differ angular matrices	angular matrix		
Q. 26	to Q. 55 carry two	marks each.			
			v <u>-</u>	each of these questions i mum of 3 decimal places.	
Q.26			at a take up speed of 900 and (cm ³ /min) at the spinne	m/min. Assuming the density ret would be	<i>!</i>
Q.27	diameter of the flyer	top as 1 cm, diameter of	of roving as 2.5 mm, and	lyer speed as 1000 rpm, inne the slippage between the flye he flyer is	

- Q.28 For a sizing process, the target add-on (%) and the size paste concentration (%) is 10 and 20, respectively. If the oven dry mass of the supply warp sheet is 100 kg, the mass of water in kg to be evaporated from the warp sheet during drying is ______
- Q.29 A garment factory manufactures shirts. From the past history, it is known that 8 out of 100 collars and 5 out of 100 sleeves are defective. The probability that the assembled shirt will **NOT** have either of these defects is ______
- Q.30 A yarn has mean strength of 10 N with a standard deviation of 1 N. The number of tests which must be conducted, so that at 95 % confidence level, maximum error in the estimated mean strength is 1.96 %, is _______

Questions Q.31 to Q.55 are multiple choice type.

Q.31 Given below are the load-elongation characteristics of two monofilament yarns A and B having the same denier and the work of rupture. Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r].



- [a] Fabrics made from these two yarns, with the same weave and sett, will have the same resistance to high impact.
- [r] The work of rupture of the two fabrics is the same.
- (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong
- (B) [a] is wrong and [r] is right
- (C) Both [a] and [r] are right
- (D) Both [a] and [r] are wrong
- Q.32 Consider the following assertion [a] and reason [r] in the case of high bulk yarn.
 - [a] Acrylic high bulk yarn is a commercial success but not the polypropylene high bulk yarn.
 - [r] Amorphous orientation can be easily frozen in acrylic fibres but not in polypropylene fibres.
 - (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong
 - (B) [a] is wrong and [r] is right
 - (C) Both [a] and [r] are right
 - (D) Both [a] and [r] are wrong

Q.33 Match the items in **Group I** with those in **Group II**.

Group I **Group II** Crystallinity 1 Sonic modulus tester **Q** Surface features 2 Infrared spectrophotometer **R** Orientation 3 Scanning electron microscope Functional groups Differential scanning calorimeter (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 (B) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4 (C) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2 (D) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1 O.34 Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following assertion [a] and reason [r]. [a] When the bales are highly compressed, photo cells near the inclined spiked lattice of a Hopper bale opener are set at a lower height. [r] Position of photo cells controls the mass flow rate of tufts within the Hopper bale opener (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong (B) [a] is wrong and [r] is right (C) Both [a] and [r] are right (D) Both [a] and [r] are wrong Q.35 The ring rail moves up and down in a cyclic manner during formation of a cop. The combination of events occurring during upward traverse of the ring rail is P) Traveller speed decreases Q) Balloon tension decreases R) More yarn is wound by the traveller S) Balloon tension increases (C) Q, R, S (A) P, Q, S (B) P, Q, R (D) P, R, S Q.36 Match the items in **Group I** with those in **Group II**. Group I **Group II** Ring spinning Real twist, mechanical twisting, low fibre migration, aerodynamic drafting Rotor spinning False twist, aerodynamic twisting, low fibre migration, roller drafting Real twist, mechanical twisting, high fibre **R** Air-vortex spinning 3 migration, roller drafting Air-jet spinning Real twist, aerodynamic twisting, high fibre migration, roller drafting (A) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4 (B) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1 (C) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2 (D) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1 For a 5/3 twill weave, if the rotational speeds of the crank shaft, bottom shaft and tappet shaft are

- O.37 X, Y and Z respectively, then X:Y:Z would be
 - (A) 1:4:8
- (B) 8:4:1
- (C) 2:1:1
- (D) 2:1:8

Q.38	In air-jet weaving, the acceleration of the w	eft varn will he ma	ximum when the varn is
Q.50	 (A) Coarser and more hairy (B) Coarser and less hairy (C) Finer and less hairy (D) Finer and more hairy 	ert yarn win oe ma.	Amum when the yum is
Q.39	For a plain woven fabric, the diameters respectively. The crimp in warp yarn is 9 mm is		
	(A) 0.32 (B) 0.50	(C) 0.64	(D) 0.75
Q.40	Match the items in Group I with those in G	Froup II.	
	Group I P Sodium formaldehyde sulphoxylate Q Urea R Resist salt S Carboxy methyl cellulose (CMC)	Group II Hygroscopic Mild oxidizi Thickener Reducing ag	ng agent
	(A) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4 (C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1	(B) P-4, Q-1, (D) P-4, Q-1,	
Q.41	Determine the correctness or otherwise of t [a] Phosphorus and nitrogen based agents a [r] Phosphorus yields phosphoric acid and synergistic effect.	ct as vapour phase:	flame retardants for cotton.
	 (A) [a] is right and [r] is wrong (B) [a] is wrong and [r] is right (C) Both [a] and [r] are right (D) Both [a] and [r] are wrong 		
Q.42	Match the items in Group I with those in G	roup II.	
	Group I P Crabbing Q Decatising R Milling S Cropping	 Cut and rem Moisture, he Perforated d 	roup II ove projecting fibres at, mechanical action rum with saturated steam atment with hot water
	(A) P-4, Q-3,R-2,S-1 (C) P-2,Q-3, R-4, S-1	(B) P-3, Q-4, I (D) P-4, Q-3, I	-

Q.43

(A) 100 Ne

(C) 50 dtex

(D) 200 Nm

The coarsest yarn amongst the following is

(B) 50 denier

Q.44				and 3.9 (micrograms/25.4 mm), ow rate is obtained in the case of
	(A) Fibre X with ma(B) Fibre X with ma(C) Fibre Y with ma(D) Fibre Y with ma	turity ratio 1.0 turity ratio 0.9		
Q.45	woven fabric with e	end spacing of 0.8 m	m and pick spacing of	spectively, are used to produce plain of 1.2 mm. Assuming the degree of a fabric cover would be
	(A) 0.56	(B) 0.66	(C) 0.76	(D) 0.86
Q.46	If the error in the me sectional area of this		meter of a yarn is 0.5	%, the error in the estimated cross-
	(A) 0.25 %	(B) 1.0 %	(C) 2.5 %	(D) 5.0 %
Q.47	The acceleration (a)	of a cotton tuft flowing	ng through a duct in a	straight line follows the relationship
	$a = 8 - \frac{t}{5}$			
	2		e (t) is in s. The veloci	ty (cm/s) of the tuft when
	(A) 160	(B) 180	(C) 200	(D) 220
Comn	non Data Questio	ns		
Comr	non Data for Questio	ons 48 and 49:		
Densi	der the following data ty of amorphous regio (ρ_f) as 1.36 g/cm ³ and	$n (\rho_a)$ as 1.33 g/cm ³ ,		egion (ρ_c) as 1.45 g/cm ³ , density of
Q.48	Denier of the fibre	is approximately		
	(A) 1	(B) 2	(C) 3	(D) 4
Q.49	Density of the above crystallinity is appro		2 % when drawn. The	corresponding change (%) in
	(A) 50	(B) 100	(C) 150	(D) 200
Comr	non Data for Questio	ons 50 and 51:		
	d with a doffer of dian en the doffer and the c			ers sliver of 3.95 ktex. The draft
Q.50	The total draft of the	e card is		
	(A) 71	(B) 140	(C) 100	(D) 171
Q.51	, ,	. ,	, ,	(D) 171 f the card in kg/h would be
Q.51	, ,	. ,	, ,	. ,

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

For a shuttle loom, the radius of crank and length of the connecting rod to the sley are 10 cm and 40 cm, respectively.

- Q.52 The value of sley eccentricity is
 - (A) 0.25
- (B) 0.50
- (C) 1.0
- (D) 4.0
- Q.53 The ratio of sley acceleration at the front centre and back centre of the loom is
 - (A) 0.25
- (B) 0.60
- (C) 1.67
- (D) 4.0

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

Four percent add on (owf) of a finish is required on a fabric having a weight of 0.60 kg/m. Consider the wet pick up as 80 %, speed of the fabric as 90 m/min and density of liquor as 1.2 g/ml.

- Q.54 Concentration (%) of the finish required in the bath is
 - (A) 0.2
- (B) 3.2
- (C) 5.0
- (D) 32

- Q.55 Finish consumed in kg/min is
 - (A) 2.16
- (B) 2.70
- (C) 5.00
- (D) 5.40

General Aptitude (GA) Questions

0.	56 –	O.	60	carry	one	mark	each.
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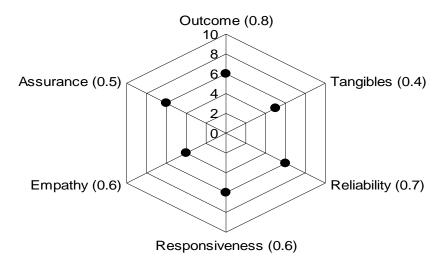
Q.56	Choose the most appropriate word or phrase from the options given below to complete the following sentence. The environmentalists hope the lake to its pristine condition.
	(A) in restoring(B) in the restoration of(C) to restore(D) restoring
Q.57	Choose the word from the options given below that is most nearly opposite in meaning to the given word: Polemical
	(A) imitative(B) conciliatory(C) truthful(D) ideological
Q.58	Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence. Despite the mixture's nature, we found that by lowering its temperature in the laboratory we could dramatically reduce its tendency to vaporize.
	(A) acerbic(B) resilient(C) volatile(D) heterogeneous
Q.59	If m students require a total of m pages of stationery in m days, then 100 students will require 100 pages of stationery in
	(A) 100 days (B) m/100 days (C) 100/m days (D) m days
Q.60	Choose the most appropriate words from the options given below to complete the following sentence. Because she had a reputation for we were surprised and pleased when she greeted us so
	 (A) insolence irately (B) insouciance curtly (C) graciousness amiably (D) querulousness affably
Q. 61	to Q. 65 carry two marks each.
Q.61	The number of solutions for the following system of inequalities is
	$X_1 \ge 0$ $X_2 \ge 0$ $X_1 + X_2 \le 10$ $2X_1 + 2X_2 \ge 22$

- (A) 0
- (B) infinite
- (C) 1
- (D) 2
- Q.62 In a class of 300 students in an M.Tech programme, each student is required to take at least one subject from the following three:

M600: Advanced Engineering Mathematics C600: Computational Methods for Engineers E600: Experimental Techniques for Engineers

The registration data for the M.Tech class shows that 100 students have taken M600, 200 students have taken C600, and 60 students have taken E600. What is the maximum possible number of students in the class who have taken all the above three subjects?

- (A) 20
- (B) 30
- (C) 40
- (D) 50
- Q.63 Three sisters (R, S, and T) received a total of 24 toys during Christmas. The toys were initially divided among them in a certain proportion. Subsequently, R gave some toys to S which doubled the share of S. Then S in turn gave some of her toys to T, which doubled T's share. Next, some of T's toys were given to R, which doubled the number of toys that R currently had. As a result of all such exchanges, the three sisters were left with equal number of toys. How many toys did R have originally?
 - (A) 8
- (B) 9
- (C) 11
- (D) 12
- Q.64 The quality of services delivered by a company consists of six factors as shown below in the radar diagram. The dots in the figure indicate the score for each factor on a scale of 0 to 10. The standardized coefficient for each factor is given in the parentheses. The contribution of each factor to the overall service quality is directly proportional to the factor score and its standardized coefficient.



The lowest contribution among all the above factors to the overall quality of services delivered by the company is

- (A) 10%
- (B) 20%
- (C) 24%
- (D) 40%

Q.65 In order to develop to full potential, a baby needs to be physically able to respond to the environment.

It can be inferred from the passage that

- (A) Full physical potential is needed in order for a baby to be able to respond to the environment.
- (B) It is necessary for a baby to be able to physically respond to the environment for it to develop its full potential.
- (C) Response to the environment of physically able babies needs to be developed to its full potential.
- (D) A physically able baby needs to develop its full potential in order to respond to its environment.

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER