Test Booklet Code

P5

JAHAGA

No.:

This Booklet contains 28 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions :

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on OFFICE Copy carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and the Test Booklet contains **200** multiple-choice questions (four options with a single correct answer) from **Physics**, **Chemistry and Biology (Botany and Zoology)**. **50** questions in each subject are divided into **two Sections (A and B)** as per details given below:
 - (a) **Section A** shall consist of **35 (Thirty-five)** Questions in each subject (Question Nos 1 to 35, 51 to 85, 101 to 135 and 151 to 185). All questions are compulsory.
 - (b) Section B shall consist of 15 (Fifteen) questions in each subject (Question Nos 36 to 50, 86 to 100, 136 to 150 and 186 to 200). In Section B, a candidate needs to attempt any 10 (Ten) questions out of 15 (Fifteen) in each subject.

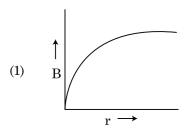
Candidates are advised to read all 15 questions in each subject of Section B before they start attempting the question paper. In the event of a candidate attempting more than ten questions, the first ten questions answered by the candidate shall be evaluated.

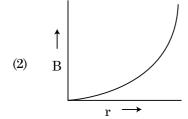
- 3. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 4. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses on Answer Sheet.
- 5. Rough work is to be done in the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 6. On completion of the test, the candidate **must hand over the Answer Sheet (ORIGINAL and OFFICE Copy) to the Invigilator** before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 7. The CODE for this Booklet is P5. Make sure that the CODE printed on the Original Copy of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 8. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 9. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 10. Each candidate must show on-demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 11. No candidate, without special permission of the centre Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 12. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign (with time) the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases, where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time, will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an Unfair Means case.
- 13. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 14. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Room/Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per the Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 15. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 16. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

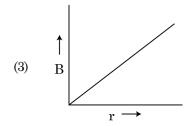
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Roll Number	: in figures					
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Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals) :					
Candidate's Sig	gnature :	Invigilator's Signature :				
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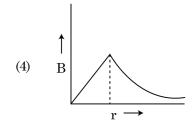
Section - A (Physics)

1. A thick current carrying cable of radius 'R' carries current 'I' uniformly distributed across its cross-section. The variation of magnetic field B(r) due to the cable with the distance 'r' from the axis of the cable is represented by:









2. A screw gauge gives the following readings when used to measure the diameter of a wire

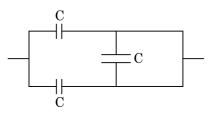
Main scale reading: 0 mm

Circular scale reading: 52 divisions

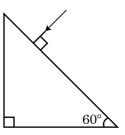
Given that 1 mm on main scale corresponds to 100 divisions on the circular scale. The diameter of the wire from the above data is:

- (1) 0.052 cm
- (2) 0.52 cm
- (3) 0.026 cm
- (4) 0.26 cm

- 3. A spring is stretched by 5 cm by a force 10 N. The time period of the oscillations when a mass of 2 kg is suspended by it is:
 - $(1) \quad 0.628 s$
 - $(2) \quad 0.0628 \,\mathrm{s}$
 - (3) 6.28 s
 - (4) 3.14 s
- 4. The equivalent capacitance of the combination shown in the figure is:



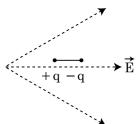
- (1) 3C/2
- (2) 3C
- (3) 2C
- (4) C/2
- 5. A convex lens 'A' of focal length 20 cm and a concave lens 'B' of focal length 5 cm are kept along the same axis with a distance 'd' between them. If a parallel beam of light falling on 'A' leaves 'B' as a parallel beam, then the distance 'd' in cm will be:
 - (1) 30
 - (2) 25
 - (3) 15
 - (4) 50
- 6. Find the value of the angle of emergence from the prism. Refractive index of the glass is $\sqrt{3}$.



- (1) 90°
- (2) 60°
- (3) 30°
- (4) 45°

- 7. For a plane electromagnetic wave propagating in x-direction, which one of the following combination gives the correct possible directions for electric field (E) and magnetic field (B) respectively?

 - $-\hat{j}+\hat{k}, -\hat{j}-\hat{k}$ (3)
 - $\hat{j} + \hat{k}, -\hat{j} \hat{k}$
- If E and G respectively denote energy and 8. gravitational constant, then $\frac{E}{C}$ has the dimensions of:
 - $[M^2][L^{-2}][T^{-1}]$ (1)
 - $\begin{bmatrix} M^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} T^0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} M \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} T^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$ (2)
 - (3)
 - $[M][L^0][T^0]$ (4)
- A dipole is placed in an electric field as shown. In 9. which direction will it move?



- (1)towards the right as its potential energy will increase.
- towards the left as its potential energy will (2)increase.
- towards the right as its potential energy will (3)decrease.
- towards the left as its potential energy will (4)decrease.
- Match Column I and Column II and choose 10. the **correct** match from the given choices.

Column - I

Column - II

- (A) Root mean square speed of gas molecules
- (B) Pressure exerted
- by ideal gas

(C)

- Average kinetic energy
- of a molecule (D) Total internal energy of 1 mole of a
- diatomic gas (A) - (R), (B) - (Q), (C) - (P), (D) - (S)(1)
- (A) (R), (B) (P), (C) (S), (D) (Q)(2)
- (A) (Q), (B) (R), (C) (S), (D) (P)(3)
- (4) (A) - (Q), (B) - (P), (C) - (S), (D) - (R)

- 11. An electromagnetic wave of wavelength 'λ' is incident on a photosensitive surface of negligible work function. If 'm' mass is of photoelectron emitted from the surface has de-Broglie wavelength λ_d , then:

 - (3)
 - $\lambda = \left(\frac{2mc}{h}\right) \lambda_d^2$
- **12**. Polar molecules are the molecules:
 - having a permanent electric dipole moment.
 - (2)having zero dipole moment.
 - (3)acquire a dipole moment only in the presence of electric field due to displacement of charges.
 - (4) acquire a dipole moment only when magnetic field is absent.
- 13. A capacitor of capacitance 'C', is connected across an ac source of voltage V, given by

 $V = V_0 \sin \omega t$

The displacement current between the plates of the capacitor, would then be given by:

- $I_d = V_0 \omega C \sin \omega t$
- $I_d = V_0 \omega C \cos \omega t$
- $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \cos \omega t$
- $I_d = \frac{V_0}{\omega C} \sin \omega t$
- 14. In a potentiometer circuit a cell of EMF 1.5 V gives balance point at 36 cm length of wire. If another cell of EMF 2.5 V replaces the first cell, then at what length of the wire, the balance point occurs?
 - (1) 62 cm
 - (2)60 cm
 - (3)21.6 cm
 - (4)64 cm
- 15. A cup of coffee cools from 90°C to 80°C in t minutes, when the room temperature is 20°C. The time taken by a similar cup of coffee to cool from 80°C to 60°C at a room temperature same at 20°C is:

 - (3)

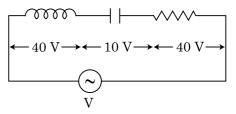
16. The velocity of a small ball of mass M and density d, when dropped in a container filled with glycerine becomes constant after some time. If the density

of glycerine is $\frac{d}{2}$, then the viscous force acting on the ball will be :

- (1) 2Mg
- $(2) \qquad \frac{Mg}{2}$
- (3) Mg
- $(4) \qquad \frac{3}{2} Mg$
- 17. Water falls from a height of 60 m at the rate of 15 kg/s to operate a turbine. The losses due to frictional force are 10% of the input energy. How much power is generated by the turbine? $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 7.0 kW
 - (2) 10.2 kW
 - (3) 8.1 kW
 - (4) 12.3 kW
- 18. A parallel plate capacitor has a uniform electric field (\vec{E}) in the space between the plates. If the distance between the plates is 'd' and the area of each plate is 'A', the energy stored in the capacitor is: $(\varepsilon_0 = \text{permittivity of free space})$
 - (1) $\frac{E^2Ad}{\epsilon_0}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$
 - (3) $\epsilon_0 EAd$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 Ad$
- **19.** A lens of large focal length and large aperture is best suited as an objective of an astronomical telescope since:
 - (1) a large aperture contributes to the quality and visibility of the images.
 - (2) a large area of the objective ensures better light gathering power.
 - (3) a large aperture provides a better resolution.
 - (4) all of the above.

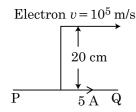
- 20. A particle is released from height S from the surface of the Earth. At a certain height its kinetic energy is three times its potential energy. The height from the surface of earth and the speed of the particle at that instant are respectively:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{S}{4}, \sqrt{\frac{3gS}{2}}$
 - (2) $\frac{S}{4}$, $\frac{3gS}{2}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{S}{4}, \ \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{S}{2}, \ \frac{\sqrt{3gS}}{2}$
- **21.** The escape velocity from the Earth's surface is v. The escape velocity from the surface of another planet having a radius, four times that of Earth and same mass density is:
 - (1) 4 v
 - (2) v
 - (3) 2 υ
 - (4) 3 v
- 22. A nucleus with mass number 240 breaks into two fragments each of mass number 120, the binding energy per nucleon of unfragmented nuclei is 7.6 MeV while that of fragments is 8.5 MeV. The total gain in the Binding Energy in the process is:
 - (1) 216 MeV
 - (2) $0.9\,\mathrm{MeV}$
 - (3) 9.4 MeV
 - (4) 804 MeV
- **23.** An inductor of inductance L, a capacitor of capacitance C and a resistor of resistance 'R' are connected in series to an ac source of potential difference 'V' volts as shown in figure.

Potential difference across L, C and R is 40 V, 10 V and 40 V, respectively. The amplitude of current flowing through LCR series circuit is $10\sqrt{2}$ A. The impedance of the circuit is:



- (1) 5Ω
- (2) $4\sqrt{2} \Omega$
- (3) $5/\sqrt{2} \Omega$
- (4) 4Ω

- **24.** If force [F], acceleration [A] and time [T] are chosen as the fundamental physical quantities. Find the dimensions of energy.
 - (1) $[F][A^{-1}][T]$
 - (2) [F] [A] [T]
 - (3) $[F][A][T^2]$
 - (4) $[F][A][T^{-1}]$
- 25. The number of photons per second on an average emitted by the source of monochromatic light of wavelength 600 nm, when it delivers the power of 3.3×10^{-3} watt will be: (h=6.6×10⁻³⁴ Js)
 - $(1) 10^{15}$
 - $(2) 10^{18}$
 - $(3) 10^{17}$
 - $(4) 10^{16}$
- 26. An infinitely long straight conductor carries a current of 5 A as shown. An electron is moving with a speed of 10^5 m/s parallel to the conductor. The perpendicular distance between the electron and the conductor is 20 cm at an instant. Calculate the magnitude of the force experienced by the electron at that instant.



- (1) $8 \times 10^{-20} \,\mathrm{N}$
- (2) $4 \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- (3) $8\pi \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- (4) $4\pi \times 10^{-20} \text{ N}$
- 27. The effective resistance of a parallel connection that consists of four wires of equal length, equal area of cross-section and same material is $0.25\,\Omega$. What will be the effective resistance if they are connected in series?
 - (1) 4Ω
 - (2) 0.25Ω
 - (3) 0.5Ω
 - (4) 1Ω

- **28.** The half-life of a radioactive nuclide is 100 hours. The fraction of original activity that will remain after 150 hours would be:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{2}{3\sqrt{2}}$
 - (2) 1/2
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{2}{3}$
- 29. The electron concentration in an n-type semiconductor is the same as hole concentration in a p-type semiconductor. An external field (electric) is applied across each of them. Compare the currents in them.
 - (1) No current will flow in p-type, current will only flow in n-type.
 - (2) current in n-type = current in p-type.
 - (3) current in p-type > current in n-type.
 - (4) current in n-type > current in p-type.
- 30. Consider the following statements (A) and (B) and identify the correct answer.
 - (A) A zener diode is connected in reverse bias, when used as a voltage regulator.
 - (B) The potential barrier of p-n junction lies between $0.1\,\mathrm{V}$ to $0.3\,\mathrm{V}$.
 - (1) **(A)** is incorrect but **(B)** is correct.
 - (2) (A) and (B) both are correct.

Column - I

(4)

- (3) (A) and (B) both are incorrect.
- (4) **(A)** is correct and **(B)** is incorrect.
- 31. Column I gives certain physical terms associated with flow of current through a metallic conductor. Column II gives some mathematical relations involving electrical quantities. Match Column I and Column II with appropriate relations.

Column - II

(A)	Drift Velocity	(P)	$\frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{ne}^2\rho}$
(B)	Electrical Resistivity	(Q)	$\mathrm{ne}v_{\mathrm{d}}$
(C)	Relaxation Period	(R)	$\frac{eE}{m}\tau$
(D)	Current Density	(S)	$\frac{\mathrm{E}}{\mathrm{J}}$
(1)	(A)-(R), (B)-(Q), (C)-(S), (D)-(P)	
(2)	(A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(P), (D)-(Q)	
(3)	(A)-(R), (B)-(S), (C)-(Q), (D)-(P)	

(A)-(R), (B)-(P), (C)-(S), (D)-(Q)

- 32. Two charged spherical conductors of radius R_1 and R_2 are connected by a wire. Then the ratio of surface charge densities of the spheres (σ_1/σ_2) is:
 - (1) $\frac{R_1^2}{R_2^2}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{R_1}{R_2}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{R_2}{R_1}$
 - (4) $\sqrt{\frac{R_1}{R_2}}$
- 33. A small block slides down on a smooth inclined plane, starting from rest at time t=0. Let S_n be the distance travelled by the block in the interval

t=n-1 to t=n. Then, the ratio $\frac{S_n}{S_{n+1}}$ is :

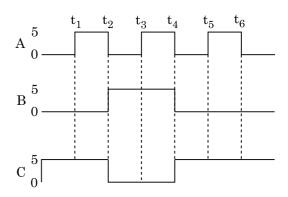
- $(1) \qquad \frac{2n}{2n-1}$
- $(2) \qquad \frac{2n-1}{2n}$
- (3) $\frac{2n-1}{2n+1}$
- (4) $\frac{2n+1}{2n-1}$
- 34. A radioactive nucleus $^{\rm A}_{\rm Z}{\rm X}$ undergoes spontaneous decay in the sequence

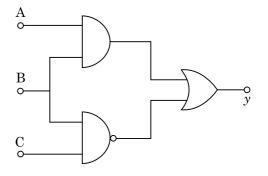
 $^A_Z X \to_{Z-1} B \to_{Z-3} C \to_{Z-2} D \,,\,\, where\,\, Z\,\, is\,\, the\,\, atomic number of element X. The possible decay particles in the sequence are :$

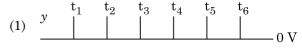
- (1) β^- , α , β^+
- (2) α , β^- , β^+
- (3) α , β^+ , β^-
- (4) β^+ , α , β^-
- **35.** A body is executing simple harmonic motion with frequency 'n', the frequency of its potential energy is:
 - (1) 4n
 - (2) n
 - (3) 2n
 - (4) 3n

Section - B (Physics)

- 36. A step down transformer connected to an ac mains supply of 220 V is made to operate at 11 V, 44 W lamp. Ignoring power losses in the transformer, what is the current in the primary circuit?
 - (1) 4 A
 - (2) 0.2 A
 - $(3) \quad 0.4 \, A$
 - $(4) \qquad 2 A$
- **37.** For the given circuit, the input digital signals are applied at the terminals A, B and C. What would be the output at the terminal *y*?





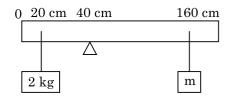








38. A uniform rod of length 200 cm and mass 500 g is balanced on a wedge placed at 40 cm mark. A mass of 2 kg is suspended from the rod at 20 cm and another unknown mass 'm' is suspended from the rod at 160 cm mark as shown in the figure. Find the value of 'm' such that the rod is in equilibrium. $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$



- (1) $\frac{1}{12}$ kg
- (2) $\frac{1}{2}$ kg
- (3) $\frac{1}{3}$ kg
- (4) $\frac{1}{6}$ kg
- **39.** Twenty seven drops of same size are charged at 220 V each. They combine to form a bigger drop. Calculate the potential of the bigger drop.
 - (1) 1980 V
 - (2) 660 V
 - (3) 1320 V
 - (4) 1520 V
- 40. A series LCR circuit containing 5.0 H inductor, 80 μ F capacitor and 40 Ω resistor is connected to 230 V variable frequency ac source. The angular frequencies of the source at which power transferred to the circuit is half the power at the resonant angular frequency are likely to be:
 - (1) 42 rad/s and 58 rad/s
 - (2) 25 rad/s and 75 rad/s
 - (3) 50 rad/s and 25 rad/s
 - (4) 46 rad/s and 54 rad/s

41. A particle of mass 'm' is projected with a velocity $v = kV_e(k < 1)$ from the surface of the earth.

$$(V_e = escape velocity)$$

The maximum height above the surface reached by the particle is:

$$(1) \qquad \frac{Rk^2}{1-k^2}$$

(2)
$$R\left(\frac{k}{1-k}\right)^2$$

(3)
$$R\left(\frac{k}{1+k}\right)^2$$

$$(4) \qquad \frac{R^2k}{1+k}$$

- 42. A car starts from rest and accelerates at 5 m/s^2 . At t=4 s, a ball is dropped out of a window by a person sitting in the car. What is the velocity and acceleration of the ball at t=6 s? (Take $g=10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - (1) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 10 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - (2) $20 \text{ m/s}, 5 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - (3) 20 m/s, 0
 - (4) $20\sqrt{2} \text{ m/s}, 0$
- 43. From a circular ring of mass 'M' and radius 'R' an arc corresponding to a 90° sector is removed. The moment of inertia of the remaining part of the ring about an axis passing through the centre of the ring and perpendicular to the plane of the ring is 'K' times 'MR²'. Then the value of 'K' is:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{8}$
 - (2) $\frac{3}{4}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{7}{8}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{4}$

44. A particle moving in a circle of radius R with a uniform speed takes a time T to complete one revolution.

If this particle were projected with the same speed at an angle ' θ ' to the horizontal, the maximum height attained by it equals 4R. The angle of projection, θ , is then given by:

(1)
$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{2gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$

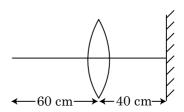
(2)
$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{gT^2}{\pi^2 R} \right)^{1/2}$$

(3)
$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{gT^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

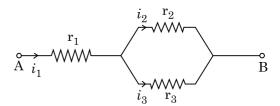
(4)
$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\pi^2 R}{g T^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

- 45. A ball of mass 0.15 kg is dropped from a height 10 m, strikes the ground and rebounds to the same height. The magnitude of impulse imparted to the ball is $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ nearly:
 - (1) 1.4 kg m/s
 - (2) 0 kg m/s
 - (3) 4.2 kg m/s
 - (4) 2.1 kg m/s
- 46. Two conducting circular loops of radii R_1 and R_2 are placed in the same plane with their centres coinciding. If $R_1 >> R_2$, the mutual inductance M between them will be directly proportional to:
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{R_2^2}{R_1}$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{R_1}{R_2}$
 - $(3) \qquad \frac{R_2}{R_1}$
 - $(4) \qquad \frac{R_1^2}{R_2}$

47. A point object is placed at a distance of 60 cm from a convex lens of focal length 30 cm. If a plane mirror were put perpendicular to the principal axis of the lens and at a distance of 40 cm from it, the final image would be formed at a distance of:



- (1) 20 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
- (2) 20 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
- (3) 30 cm from the lens, it would be a real image.
- (4) 30 cm from the plane mirror, it would be a virtual image.
- 48. Three resistors having resistances r_1 , r_2 and r_3 are connected as shown in the given circuit. The ratio $\frac{i_3}{i_1}$ of currents in terms of resistances used in the circuit is:



- (1) $\frac{r_2}{r_1 + r_3}$
- (2) $\frac{r_1}{r_2 + r_3}$
- (3) $\frac{r_2}{r_2 + r_3}$
- $(4) \qquad \frac{\mathbf{r_1}}{\mathbf{r_1} + \mathbf{r_2}}$

- **49.** A uniform conducting wire of length 12a and resistance 'R' is wound up as a current carrying coil in the shape of,
 - (i) an equilateral triangle of side 'a'.
 - (ii) a square of side 'a'.

The magnetic dipole moments of the coil in each case respectively are:

- (1) $4 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$
- (2) $\sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$
- (3) $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and Ia^2
- (4) $3 \operatorname{Ia}^2$ and $4 \operatorname{Ia}^2$
- **50.** In the product

$$\overrightarrow{F} = q \left(\overrightarrow{v} \times \overrightarrow{B} \right)$$

$$= q \overrightarrow{v} \times \left(\overrightarrow{B} \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{B} \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{B_0} \overrightarrow{k} \right)$$

For
$$q = 1$$
 and $v = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ and $F = 4\hat{i} - 20\hat{j} + 12\hat{k}$

What will be the complete expression for \overrightarrow{B} ?

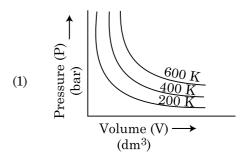
(1)
$$6 \hat{i} + 6 \hat{j} - 8 \hat{k}$$

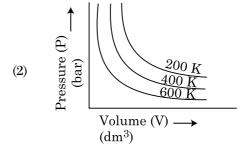
(2)
$$-8\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} - 6\hat{k}$$

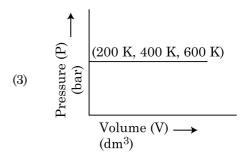
(3)
$$-6\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

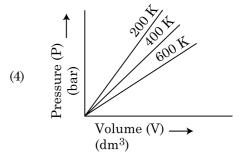
$$(4) \qquad 8 \stackrel{\wedge}{i} + 8 \stackrel{\wedge}{j} - 6 \stackrel{\wedge}{k}$$

- **51.** The structures of beryllium chloride in solid state and vapour phase, are :
 - (1) Chain in both
 - (2) Chain and dimer, respectively
 - (3) Linear in both
 - (4) Dimer and Linear, respectively
- **52.** Choose the correct option for graphical representation of Boyle's law, which shows a graph of pressure vs. volume of a gas at different temperatures:

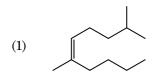


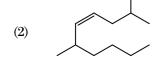


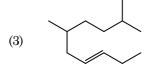


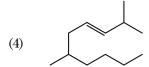


- 53. Zr(Z=40) and Hf(Z=72) have similar atomic and ionic radii because of:
 - (1) having similar chemical properties
 - (2) belonging to same group
 - (3) diagonal relationship
 - (4) lanthanoid contraction
- **54.** The correct structure of 2,6-Dimethyl-dec-4-ene is:



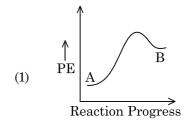


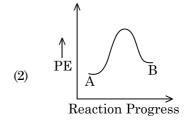


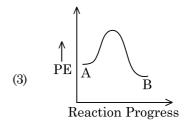


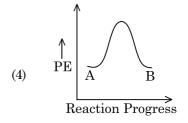
- **55.** The major product formed in dehydrohalogenation reaction of 2-Bromo pentane is Pent-2-ene. This product formation is based on?
 - (1) Huckel's Rule
 - (2) Saytzeff's Rule
 - (3) Hund's Rule
 - (4) Hofmann Rule
- $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{56.} & \text{The following solutions were prepared by dissolving} \\ 10 \ \text{g of glucose} \ (C_6H_{12}O_6) \ \text{in } 250 \ \text{ml of water} \ (P_1), \\ 10 \ \text{g of urea} \ (CH_4N_2O) \ \text{in } 250 \ \text{ml of water} \ (P_2) \ \text{and} \\ 10 \ \text{g of sucrose} \ (C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}) \ \text{in } 250 \ \text{ml of water} \ (P_3). \end{array}$
 - (1) $P_3 > P_1 > P_2$
 - (2) $P_2 > P_1 > P_3$
 - (3) $P_1 > P_2 > P_3$
 - (4) $P_2 > P_3 > P_1$

57. For a reaction $A\rightarrow B$, enthalpy of reaction is -4.2 kJ mol^{-1} and enthalpy of activation is 9.6 kJ mol^{-1} . The correct potential energy profile for the reaction is shown in option.









- **58.** The correct option for the number of body centred unit cells in all 14 types of Bravais lattice unit cells is:
 - (1) 3
 - (2) 7
 - (3) 5
 - (4) 2

59. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Aspirin and Paracetamol belong to the class of narcotic analgesics.

Statement II:

Morphine and Heroin are non-narcotic analgesics. In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is true.
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
- (3) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false.
- (4) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.
- **60.** Which one of the following methods can be used to obtain highly pure metal which is liquid at room temperature?
 - (1) Zone refining
 - (2) Electrolysis
 - (3) Chromatography
 - (4) Distillation
- $\label{eq:control} \textbf{61.} \quad \text{Which one among the following is the correct option} \\ \quad \text{for right relationship between C_P and C_V for one mole of ideal gas ?}$
 - (1) $C_V = RC_P$
 - (2) $C_P + C_V = R$
 - (3) $C_P C_V = R$
 - (4) $C_P = RC_V$
- **62.** The molar conductance of NaCl, HCl and $\mathrm{CH_3COONa}$ at infinite dilution are 126.45, 426.16 and 91.0 S cm² mol⁻¹ respectively. The molar conductance of $\mathrm{CH_3COOH}$ at infinite dilution is. Choose the right option for your answer.
 - (1) $540.48 \,\mathrm{S} \,\mathrm{cm}^2 \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
 - (2) $201.28 \,\mathrm{S}\,\mathrm{cm}^2\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
 - (3) $390.71 \,\mathrm{S}\,\mathrm{cm}^2\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
 - (4) $698.28 \,\mathrm{S} \,\mathrm{cm}^2 \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
- **63.** The compound which shows metamerism is:
 - (1) $C_4H_{10}O$
 - (2) C_5H_{12}
 - (3) C_3H_8O
 - (4) C_3H_6O

64. The major product of the following chemical reaction is:

$$CH_3$$
 $CH - CH = CH_2 + HBr \xrightarrow{(C_6H_5CO)_2O_2}$?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{CH}_3 & \text{CBr-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3 \\ & \text{CH}_3 & \text{CBr-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3 \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH_3$$
 $CH-CH_2-CH_2-Br$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{CH}_3 \\ & \text{CH}_3 & \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{COC}_6 \text{H}_5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{CH}_{3} & \text{CH} - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_{3} \\ \text{CH}_{3} & \text{Br} \end{array}$$

- **65.** The RBC deficiency is deficiency disease of :
 - (1) Vitamin B₂
 - (2) Vitamin B_{12}
 - (3) Vitamin B₆
 - (4) Vitamin B₁
- **66.** The p K_b of dimethylamine and p K_a of acetic acid are 3.27 and 4.77 respectively at T(K). The correct option for the pH of dimethylammonium acetate solution is:
 - (1) 6.25
 - (2) 8.50
 - (3) 5.50
 - (4) 7.75
- 67. Match List I with List II.

List - I

	DISC I		LISU II
(a)	PCl_5	(i)	Square pyramidal
(b)	SF_6	(ii)	Trigonal planar
(c)	BrF_5	(iii)	Octahedral
(d)	BF_3	(iv)	Trigonal bipyramidal

List-II

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

68. Statement I:

Acid strength increases in the order given as HF << HCl << HBr << HI.

Statement II:

As the size of the elements F, Cl, Br, I increases down the group, the bond strength of HF, HCl, HBr and HI decreases and so the acid strength increases.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is true.
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true.
- (3) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false.
- (4) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.
- **69.** A particular station of All India Radio, New Delhi, broadcasts on a frequency of 1,368 kHz (kilohertz). The wavelength of the electromagnetic radiation emitted by the transmitter is : [speed of light, $c=3.0\times10^8~\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}}$]
 - (1) 21.92 cm
 - (2) 219.3 m
 - (3) 219.2 m
 - (4) 2192 m
- **70.** Right option for the number of tetrahedral and octahedral voids in hexagonal primitive unit cell are:
 - (1) 12, 6
 - (2) 8, 4
 - (3) 6, 12
 - (4) 2, 1
- 71. Dihedral angle of least stable conformer of ethane is:
 - (1) 0°
 - (2) 120°
 - (3) 180°
 - (4) 60°
- 72. BF $_3$ is planar and electron deficient compound. Hybridization and number of electrons around the central atom, respectively are:
 - (1) sp^2 and 8
 - (2) sp^3 and 4
 - (3) sp^3 and 6
 - (4) sp^2 and 6

73. Identify the compound that will react with Hinsberg's reagent to give a solid which dissolves in alkali.

(1)
$$CH_3$$
 CH_2
 CH_2
 CH_2
 CH_3
 CH_3

(2)
$$CH_3$$
 $\dot{N}O_2$

$$(3) \qquad CH_{3} \qquad \overset{CH_{2}}{\overset{\cdot}{N}H} \overset{CH_{5}}{\overset{\cdot}{\sim}}$$

- (4) CH_3 $\dot{N}H_2$
- **74.** Among the following alkaline earth metal halides, one which is covalent and soluble in organic solvents is:
 - (1) Beryllium chloride
 - (2) Calcium chloride
 - (3) Strontium chloride
 - (4) Magnesium chloride
- **75.** The maximum temperature that can be achieved in blast furnace is:
 - (1) upto 5000 K
 - (2) upto 1200 K
 - (3) upto 2200 K
 - (4) upto 1900 K
- **76.** Tritium, a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, emits which of the following particles?
 - (1) Neutron (n)
 - (2) Beta (β^-)
 - (3) Alpha (α)
 - (4) Gamma (γ)
- **77.** The right option for the statement "Tyndall effect is exhibited by", is:
 - (1) Urea solution
 - (2) NaCl solution
 - (3) Glucose solution
 - (4) Starch solution
- **78.** The **incorrect** statement among the following is:
 - (1) Actinoids are highly reactive metals, especially when finely divided.
 - (2) Actinoid contraction is greater for element to element than Lanthanoid contraction.
 - (3) Most of the trivalent Lanthanoid ions are colorless in the solid state.
 - (4) Lanthanoids are good conductors of heat and electricity.

79. What is the IUPAC name of the organic compound formed in the following chemical reaction?

> (i) C₂H₅MgBr, dry Ether Acetone - \rightarrow Product (ii) H₂O, H⁺

- 2-methyl butan-2-ol (1)
- (2)2-methyl propan-2-ol
- (3)pentan-2-ol
- (4) pentan-3-ol
- Which of the following reactions is the metal 80. displacement reaction? Choose the right option.
 - $2\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow 2\text{PbO} + 4\text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \uparrow$
 - $2KClO_3 \xrightarrow{\Delta} 2KCl + 3O_2$ (2)
 - $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_3 + 2\operatorname{Al} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \operatorname{Al}_2\operatorname{O}_3 + 2\operatorname{Cr}$ (3)
 - $Fe + 2HCl \rightarrow FeCl_2 + H_2 \uparrow$
- Noble gases are named because of their inertness 81. towards reactivity. Identify an incorrect statement about them.
 - (1)Noble gases have large positive values of electron gain enthalpy.
 - (2)Noble gases are sparingly soluble in water.
 - (3)Noble gases have very high melting and boiling points.
 - Noble gases have weak dispersion forces. (4)
- 82. Which one of the following polymers is prepared by addition polymerisation?
 - Dacron (1)
 - (2)Teflon
 - (3)Nylon-66
 - (4) Novolac
- 83. An organic compound contains 78% (by wt.) carbon and remaining percentage of hydrogen. The right option for the empirical formula of this compound is: [Atomic wt. of C is 12, H is 1]
 - CH_4 (1)
 - (2)CH
 - (3)CH₂
 - (4) CH_3
- Ethylene diaminetetraacetate (EDTA) ion is: 84.
 - Tridentate ligand with three "N" donor
 - Hexadentate ligand with four "O" and two (2)"N" donor atoms
 - (3)Unidentate ligand
 - (4) Bidentate ligand with two "N" donor atoms
- The correct sequence of bond enthalpy of 'C-X' bond 85. is:
 - (1) $CH_3 - Cl > CH_3 - F > CH_3 - Br > CH_3 - I$
 - $\mathrm{CH}_3 \mathrm{F} < \mathrm{CH}_3 \mathrm{Cl} < \mathrm{CH}_3 \mathrm{Br} < \mathrm{CH}_3 \mathrm{I}$ (2)
 - (3)
 - $\begin{array}{l} {\rm CH_3 F > CH_3 Cl > CH_3 Br > CH_3 I} \\ {\rm CH_3 F < CH_3 Cl > CH_3 Br > CH_3 I} \end{array}$ (4)

Section - B (Chemistry)

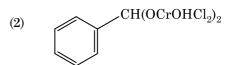
86. The reagent 'R' in the given sequence of chemical reaction is:

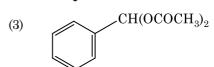
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Br} & \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{NH}_2}{\bigoplus}} \text{Br} & \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{NaNO}_2, \text{HCl}}{\bigoplus}} \text{Br} & \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{N}_2^+ \text{Cl}^-}{\bigoplus}} \text{Br} & \underset{\text{Br}}{\overset{\text{Br}}{\bigoplus}} \text{Br$$

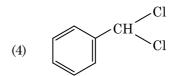
- (1) CuCN/KCN
- (2) H_9O
- CH₃CH₂OH (3)
- (4)
- 87. The intermediate compound 'X' in the following chemical reaction is:

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ + CrO_2Cl_2 \xrightarrow{CS_2} X \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} \end{array}$$

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CH} \\ \text{H} \end{array}$$







88. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List-II
(a)	$[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_6]^{3}$	(i)	$5.92\mathrm{BM}$
(b)	$[{ m Fe}({ m H_2O})_6]^{3+}$	(ii)	$0\mathrm{BM}$
(c)	$[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_6]^{4-}$	(iii)	$4.90\mathrm{BM}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(iv)

 $1.73\,\mathrm{BM}$

(1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)

 $[Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$

(d)

- (2)(a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
- (3)(a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
- (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii) (4)

89. The molar conductivity of 0.007 M acetic acid is 20 S cm 2 mol $^{-1}$. What is the dissociation constant of acetic acid? Choose the correct option.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Lambda_{\rm H}^{\circ} = 350 \; {\rm S} \; {\rm cm}^2 \; \, {\rm mol}^{-1} \\ \Lambda_{\rm CH_3COO}^{\circ} = 50 \; {\rm S} \; {\rm cm}^2 \; \, {\rm mol}^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

- $2.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ (1)
- (2)
- $\begin{array}{c} 1.75 \! \times \! 10^{-4} \, \, \text{mol} \, L^{-1} \\ 2.50 \! \times \! 10^{-4} \, \, \text{mol} \, L^{-1} \end{array}$ (3)
- $1.75 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ (4)
- In which one of the following arrangements the 90. given sequence is not strictly according to the properties indicated against it?
 - (1) $CO_2 < SiO_2$ Increasing
 - $< \bar{\text{SnO}}_2 < \bar{\text{PbO}}_2$ oxidizing power
 - $HF < \overline{H}Cl$ Increasing acidic (2)< HBr < HI strength
 - $H_9O < H_9S$ (3)Increasing pK_a $< H_2Se < H_2Te$ values
 - $NH_3 < PH_3$ Increasing (4) < AsH₃< SbH₃ acidic character
- 91. From the following pairs of ions which one is not an iso-electronic pair?
 - Fe²⁺, Mn²⁺ O²⁻, F⁻ (1)
 - (2)
 - Na⁺, Mg²⁺ (3)
 - Mn^{2+} , Fe^{3+}
- $CH_3CH_2COO^-Na^+ \xrightarrow{NaOH, +?} CH_3CH_3 +$ 92. Na_2CO_3 .

Consider the above reaction and identify the missing reagent/chemical.

- DIBAL-H (1)
- (2) B_2H_6
- (3)Red Phosphorus
- (4) CaO

answer.

The slope of Arrhenius Plot $\left(\ln k \text{ v/s } \frac{1}{T}\right)$ of first 93. order reaction is -5×10^3 K. The value of E_a of the reaction is. Choose the correct option for your

[Given $R = 8.314 \, JK^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$]

- $-83 \, kJ \, mol^{-1}$ (1)
- $41.5 \, kJ \, mol^{-1}$ (2)
- 83.0 kJ mol^{-1} (3)
- $166 \, \mathrm{kJ} \, \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ (4)
- 94. Choose the correct option for the total pressure (in atm.) in a mixture of $4 g O_2$ and $2 g H_2$ confined in a total volume of one litre at 0°C is:

[Given R = 0.082 L atm mol⁻¹ K^{-1} , T = 273 K]

- (1) 26.02
- (2)2.518
- (3)2.602
- 25.18 (4)

- 95. For irreversible expansion of an ideal gas under isothermal condition, the correct option is:
 - $\Delta U \neq 0$, $\Delta S_{total} = 0$
 - $\Delta U = 0$, $\Delta S_{total} = 0$
 - $\Delta U \neq 0$, $\Delta S_{total} \neq 0$
 - $\Delta U = 0, \Delta S_{total} \neq 0$
- 96. The correct option for the value of vapour pressure of a solution at 45°C with benzene to octane in molar ratio 3:2 is:

[At 45°C vapour pressure of benzene is 280 mm Hg and that of octane is 420 mm Hg. Assume Ideal gas]

- (1) 350 mm of Hg
- (2)160 mm of Hg
- (3)168 mm of Hg
- 336 mm of Hg (4)
- 97. The product formed in the following chemical reaction is:

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ CH_2 - C - OCH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} NaBH_4 \\ \hline C_2H_5OH \end{array}} ?$$

(1)
$$CH_2 - C - OCH_3$$

(2)
$$\begin{array}{c} OH & H \\ CH_2 - C - OCH_3 \\ OH \\ CH_3 \end{array}$$

(3)
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - OH$$

98. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List-II

- (a) $2SO_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow$ (i) Acid rain $2SO_3(g)$
- (b) $HOCl(g) \xrightarrow{h\nu}$ (ii) Smog OH+Cl
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(c)} & & \text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2 \text{SO}_4 {\rightarrow} & \text{(iii)} & \text{Ozone} \\ & & \text{CaSO}_4 + \text{H}_2 \text{O} + \text{CO}_2 & & \text{depletion} \end{array}$
- (d) $NO_2(g) \xrightarrow{h\nu}$ (iv) Tropospheric NO(g) + O(g) pollution

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)

99. Which of the following molecules is non-polar in nature?

- (1) NO_2
- (2) POCl₃
- (3) CH₂O
- (4) SbCl₅

100. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List-II

$$(a) \overbrace{ \begin{array}{c} CO, HCl \\ \hline Anhyd.AlCl_3/ \\ CuCl \end{array}} (i) \quad \begin{array}{c} Hell-Volhard- \\ Zelinsky\ reaction \end{array}$$

- (b) $R C CH_3 + NaOX \longrightarrow$
- (ii) Gattermann-Koch reaction
- (c) $R-CH_2-OH \\ +R'COOH$ (iii) Haloform reaction
- (d) $R-CH_2COOH$ (iv) Esterification $\xrightarrow{\text{(i) } X_2/\text{Red P} \atop \text{(ii) } H_2O}$

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
- (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)

Section - A (Biology: Botany)

- **101.** Which of the following is an **incorrect** statement?
 - (1) Nuclear pores act as passages for proteins and RNA molecules in both directions between nucleus and cytoplasm.
 - (2) Mature sieve tube elements possess a conspicuous nucleus and usual cytoplasmic organelles.
 - (3) Microbodies are present both in plant and animal cells.
 - (4) The perinuclear space forms a barrier between the materials present inside the nucleus and that of the cytoplasm.
- **102.** The plant hormone used to destroy weeds in a field is:
 - (1) IBA
 - (2) IAA
 - (3) NAA
 - (4) 2, 4-D

103. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Cristae	(i)	Primary constriction in
. /		/	chromosome
(b)	Thylakoids	(ii)	Disc-shaped sacs in
(0)	Tilylakolus	(11)	Golgi apparatus
(a)	Centromere	(iii)	Infoldings in
(c)	Centromere	(111)	mitochondria
			Flattened membranous
(d)	Cisternae	(iv)	sacs in stroma of
			plastids

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

- **104.** Which of the following are **not** secondary metabolites in plants?
 - (1) Rubber, gums
 - (2) Morphine, codeine
 - (3) Amino acids, glucose
 - (4) Vinblastin, curcumin
- **105.** Inspite of interspecific competition in nature, which mechanism the competing species might have evolved for their survival?
 - (1) Predation
 - (2) Resource partitioning
 - (3) Competitive release
 - (4) Mutualism

- **106.** Plants follow different pathways in response to environment or phases of life to form different kinds of structures. This ability is called:
 - (1) Maturity
 - (2) Elasticity
 - (3) Flexibility
 - (4) Plasticity
- **107.** Which of the following algae contains mannitol as reserve food material?
 - (1) Ulothrix
 - (2) Ectocarpus
 - (3) Gracilaria
 - (4) Volvox
- **108.** Genera like *Selaginella* and *Salvinia* produce two kinds of spores. Such plants are known as:
 - (1) Heterosporous
 - (2) Homosorus
 - (3) Heterosorus
 - (4) Homosporous
- **109.** Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
 - (1) Pyramid of numbers in a grassland ecosystem is upright.
 - (2) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally inverted.
 - (3) Pyramid of biomass in sea is generally upright.
 - (4) Pyramid of energy is always upright.
- 110. A typical angiosperm embryo sac at maturity is:
 - (1) 8-nucleate and 8-celled
 - (2) 8-nucleate and 7-celled
 - (3) 7-nucleate and 8-celled
 - (4) 7-nucleate and 7-celled
- 111. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Protoplast fusion	(i)	Totipotency
(b)	Plant tissue culture	(ii)	Pomato
(c)	Meristem culture	(iii)	Somaclones
(d)	Micropropagation	(iv)	Virus free plants

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

- **112.** When the centromere is situated in the middle of two equal arms of chromosomes, the chromosome is referred as:
 - (1) Acrocentric
 - (2) Metacentric
 - (3) Telocentric
 - (4) Sub-metacentric
- 113. The first stable product of ${\rm CO_2}$ fixation in sorghum is :
 - (1) Phosphoglyceric acid
 - (2) Pyruvic acid
 - (3) Oxaloacetic acid
 - (4) Succinic acid
- **114.** Mutations in plant cells can be induced by :
 - (1) Zeatin
 - (2) Kinetin
 - (3) Infrared rays
 - (4) Gamma rays
- 115. When gene targetting involving gene amplification is attempted in an individual's tissue to treat disease, it is known as:
 - (1) Safety testing
 - (2) Biopiracy
 - (3) Gene therapy
 - (4) Molecular diagnosis
- **116.** The site of perception of light in plants during photoperiodism is:
 - (1) Leaf
 - (2) Shoot apex
 - (3) Stem
 - (4) Axillary bud
- 117. Which of the following plants is monoecious?
 - (1) Cycas circinalis
 - (2) Carica papaya
 - (3) Chara
 - (4) Marchantia polymorpha
- **118.** The factor that leads to Founder effect in a population is:
 - (1) Genetic drift
 - (2) Natural selection
 - (3) Genetic recombination
 - (4) Mutation
- **119.** Diadelphous stamens are found in :
 - (1) China rose and citrus
 - (2) China rose
 - (3) Citrus
 - (4) Pea

- **120.** Which of the following is a **correct** sequence of steps in a PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Annealing, Denaturation, Extension
 - (2)Denaturation, Annealing, Extension
 - (3)Denaturation, Extension, Annealing
 - (4) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing
- Which of the following stages of meiosis involves 121. division of centromere?
 - (1) Telophase II
 - (2)Metaphase I
 - (3)Metaphase II
 - Anaphase II (4)
- 122. Which of the following is **not** an application of PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction)?
 - (1) Detection of gene mutation
 - (2)Molecular diagnosis
 - (3)Gene amplification
 - (4) Purification of isolated protein
- Complete the flow chart on central dogma. **123.**
 - (a) \bigcirc DNA $\xrightarrow{\text{(b)}}$ mRNA $\xrightarrow{\text{(c)}}$ (d)
 - (a)-Transduction; (b)-Translation;
 - (c)-Replication; (d)-Protein
 - (2)(a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription;
 - (c)-Transduction; (d)-Protein
 - (3)(a)-Translation; (b)-Replication;
 - (c)-Transcription; (d)-Transduction
 - (a)-Replication; (b)-Transcription; (4)
 - (c)-Translation; (d)-Protein
- The production of gametes by the parents, formation of zygotes, the F_1 and F_2 plants, can be understood from a diagram called:
 - Net square (1)
 - (2)Bullet square
 - (3)Punch square
 - (4) Punnett square
- Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Cells with active cell		Vascular
(a)	division capacity	(i)	tissues
	Tissue having all cells		Meristematic
(b)	imilar in structure (ii)		tissue
	and function	d function	
(c)	Tissue having	(iii)	Sclereids
(0)	different types of cells	(111)	Sciereius
	Dead cells with highly		
(d)	thickened walls and	(iv)	Simple tissue
	narrow lumen		

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) **(c)** (d) (i) (1)(iii) (ii)(iv)
- (2)(ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (3) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (4) (i) (ii)(iii) (iv)

- 126. During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out:
 - Polysaccharides (1)
 - (2)**RNA**
 - DNA (3)
 - (4) Histones
- The amount of nutrients, such as carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus and calcium present in the soil at any given time, is referred as:
 - Standing crop (1)
 - (2)Climax
 - (3)Climax community
 - (4) Standing state
- **128.** The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is:
 - (1) Cleistogamy
 - (2)Xenogamy
 - (3)Geitonogamy
 - (4) Chasmogamy
- 129. Amensalism can be represented as:
 - Species A(+); Species B(0) (1)
 - (2)Species A(-); Species B(0)
 - Species A(+); Species B(+)(3)
 - Species A(-); Species B(-)(4)
- Match List I with List II. 130.

	List - I	List - II	
(a) Cohesion	(i) More attraction in	(i)
(0	Concision	liquid phase	(1)
		Mutual attraction	
(b	Adhesion	(ii) among water	(ii)
		molecules	
(c)	Surface tension	(iii) Water loss in liquid	(;;;)
(C,	Surface tension	phase	(111)
(3) Guttation	Attraction towards	(iv)
(d	Guttation	polar surfaces	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)

131. In the equation GPP - R = NPP

R represents:

- (1) Respiration losses
- (2) Radiant energy
- (3) Retardation factor
- (4) Environment factor
- **132.** DNA strands on a gel stained with ethidium bromide when viewed under UV radiation, appear as:
 - (1) Bright blue bands
 - (2) Yellow bands
 - (3) Bright orange bands
 - (4) Dark red bands

133. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Lenticels	(i)	Phellogen
(b)	Cork cambium	(ii)	Suberin deposition
(c)	Secondary cortex	(iii)	Exchange of gases
(d)	Cork	(iv)	Phelloderm

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (2) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- (3) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (4) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- **134.** Gemmae are present in:
 - (1) Some Liverworts
 - (2) Mosses
 - (3) Pteridophytes
 - (4) Some Gymnosperms
- **135.** Which of the following algae produce Carrageen?
 - (1) Blue-green algae
 - (2) Green algae
 - (3) Brown algae
 - (4) Red algae

Section - B (Biology: Botany)

- 136. Select the correct pair.
 - (1) Loose parenchyma cells Spongy rupturing the epidermis parenchyma and forming a lensshaped opening in bark
 - (2) Large colorless empty Subsidiary cells cells in the epidermis of grass leaves
 - (3) In dicot leaves, vascular Conjunctive bundles are surrounded tissue by large thick-walled cells
 - (4) Cells of medullary rays Interfascicular that form part of cambium cambial ring
- **137.** Identify the **correct** statement.
 - (1) Split gene arrangement is characteristic of prokaryotes.
 - (2) In capping, methyl guanosine triphosphate is added to the 3' end of hnRNA.
 - (3) RNA polymerase binds with Rho factor to terminate the process of transcription in bacteria.
 - (4) The coding strand in a transcription unit is copied to an mRNA.
- 138. Plasmid pBR322 has PstI restriction enzyme site within gene amp^R that confers ampicillin resistance. If this enzyme is used for inserting a gene for β -galactoside production and the recombinant plasmid is inserted in an E.coli strain
 - (1) it will be able to produce a novel protein with dual ability.
 - (2) it will not be able to confer ampicillin resistance to the host cell.
 - (3) the transformed cells will have the ability to resist ampicillin as well as produce β -galactoside.
 - (4) it will lead to lysis of host cell.
- **139.** Now a days it is possible to detect the mutated gene causing cancer by allowing radioactive probe to hybridise its complimentary DNA in a clone of cells, followed by its detection using autoradiography because:
 - (1) mutated gene does not appear on photographic film as the probe has complimentarity with it.
 - (2) mutated gene partially appears on a photographic film.
 - (3) mutated gene completely and clearly appears on a photographic film.
 - (4) mutated gene does not appear on a photographic film as the probe has no complimentarity with it.

140. Match Column - I with Column - II.

Column - I

Column - II

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- (a) $\% \oint K_{(5)} C_{1+2+(2)} A_{(9)+1} \underline{G}_1$
- (i) Brassicaceae
- (b) $\oplus \not \subset K_{(5)}\widehat{C_{(5)}}A_5\underline{G}_2$
- (ii) Liliaceae
- (c) $\oplus \not \bigcirc \widehat{P_{(3+3)}} A_{3+3} \underline{G_{(3)}}$
- (iii) Fabaceae
- (d) $\oplus Q K_{2+2} C_4 A_{2-4} G_{(2)}$
- (iv) Solanaceae

Select the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a)
- (b)
- **(c)** (d)
- (1) (iv) (ii)(2)
- (iii) (i) (ii)
- (iii) (3)(i)
- (iv)
- (iii) (iv)

(i)

- (4) (ii)
- (ii) (iii)
- (iv) (i)

141. In the exponential growth equation $N_t = N_0 e^{rt}$, e represents:

- (1) The base of geometric logarithms
- (2)The base of number logarithms
- (3)The base of exponential logarithms
- (4)The base of natural logarithms
- 142. Match List I with List II.

	List - I		List - II		
(a)	S phase	(i)	Proteins are synthesized		
(b)	G_2 phase	(ii)	Inactive phase		
(c)	Quiescent stage	(iii)	Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication		
(d)	G1 phase	(iv)	DNA replication		

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

(d)

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(iii)

- (a)
- (b)
- **(c)**
- (1)(ii) (2)(iii)

(3)

- (iv) (iii) (i)
- (ii)
- (ii)
 - (iii)
- (iv) (4) (iv) (i)
- (ii)
- DNA fingerprinting involves identifying differences in some specific regions in DNA sequence, called as:
 - Polymorphic DNA (1)
 - (2)Satellite DNA
 - (3)Repetitive DNA
 - Single nucleotides (4)

- **144.** Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?
 - (1) Cyclic photophosphorylation involves both PS I and PS II.
 - (2)Both ATP and NADPH+H+ synthesized during non-cyclic photophosphorylation.
 - Stroma lamellae have PS I only and lack (3)NADP reductase.
 - (4) Grana lamellae have both PS I and PS II.
- **145**. Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?
 - Oxidation-reduction reactions produce (1) proton gradient in respiration.
 - (2)During aerobic respiration, role of oxygen is limited to the terminal stage.
 - (3)In ETC (Electron Transport Chain), one molecule of NADH+H+ gives rise to 2 ATP molecules, and one FADH₂ gives rise to 3 ATP molecules.
 - ATP is synthesized through complex V. (4)
- 146. What is the role of RNA polymerase III in the process of transcription in eukaryotes?
 - (1) Transcribes only snRNAs
 - (2)Transcribes rRNAs (28S, 18S and 5.8S)
 - Transcribes tRNA, 5s rRNA and snRNA (3)
 - Transcribes precursor of mRNA (4)
- Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II		
(a)	Protein	(i)	C = C double bonds	
(b)	Unsaturated fatty acid	(ii)	Phosphodiester bonds	
(c)	Nucleic acid	(iii)	Glycosidic bonds	
(d)	Polysaccharide	(iv)	Peptide bonds	

- (a) (b) **(c)** (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (2)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (3)(i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- (4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

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148. Match Column - I with Column - II.

(Column - I		Column - II		
(a)	Nitrococcus	(i)	Denitrification		
(b)	Rhizobium	(ii)	Conversion of		
(b)	11111200111111	(11)	ammonia to nitrite		
(a)	Thio bacillus	(iii)	Conversion of nitrite		
(6)	Thiooaciius	(111)	to nitrate		
			Conversion of		
(d)	Nitrobacter	(iv)	atmospheric nitrogen		
		, ,	to ammonia		

Choose the **correct** answer from options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- **149.** In some members of which of the following pairs of families, pollen grains retain their viability for months after release?
 - (1) Rosaceae; Leguminosae
 - (2) Poaceae; Rosaceae
 - (3) Poaceae; Leguminosae
 - (4) Poaceae; Solanaceae
- **150.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Some of the organisms can fix atmospheric nitrogen in specialized cells called sheath cells.
 - (2) Fusion of two cells is called Karyogamy.
 - (3) Fusion of protoplasms between two motile on non-motile gametes is called plasmogamy.
 - (4) Organisms that depend on living plants are called saprophytes.

Section - A (Biology: Zoology)

151. Match the following:

	List - I		List - II	
(a)	Physalia	(i) Pearl oyster		
(b)	Limulus	(ii) Portuguese Man of W		
(c)	An cylostoma	(iii) Living fossil		
(d)	Pinctada	(iv) Hookworm		

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

- **152.** Which of the following statements wrongly represents the nature of smooth muscle?
 - (1) These muscles are present in the wall of blood vessels
 - (2) These muscle have no striations
 - (3) They are involuntary muscles
 - (4) Communication among the cells is performed by intercalated discs
- **153.** Which is the "Only enzyme" that has "Capability" to catalyse Initiation, Elongation and Termination in the process of transcription in prokaryotes?
 - (1) DNase
 - (2) DNA dependent DNA polymerase
 - (3) DNA dependent RNA polymerase
 - (4) DNA Ligase
- **154.** Which enzyme is responsible for the conversion of inactive fibrinogens to fibrins?
 - (1) Thrombokinase
 - (2) Thrombin
 - (3) Renin
 - (4) Epinephrine
- 155. For effective treatment of the disease, early diagnosis and understanding its pathophysiology is very important. Which of the following molecular diagnostic techniques is very useful for early detection?
 - (1) Hybridization Technique
 - (2) Western Blotting Technique
 - (3) Southern Blotting Technique
 - (4) ELISA Technique

- **156.** Erythropoietin hormone which stimulates R.B.C. formation is produced by :
 - (1) Juxtaglomerular cells of the kidney
 - (2) Alpha cells of pancreas
 - (3) The cells of rostral adenohypophysis
 - (4) The cells of bone marrow

157. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I			List - II	
(a)	Vaults	(i)	Entry of sperm through Cervix is blocked	
(b)	IUDs	(ii)	Removal of Vas deferens	
(c)	Vasectomy	(iii)	Phagocytosis of sperms within the Uterus	
(d)	Tubectomy	(iv)	Removal of fallopian tube	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (3) (i) (ii) (ii) (iv)
- (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
- **158.** Veneral diseases can spread through:
 - (a) Using sterile needles
 - (b) Transfusion of blood from infected person
 - (c) Infected mother to foetus
 - (d) Kissing
 - (e) Inheritance

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (a) and (c) only
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (3) (b), (c) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only
- **159.** Which of the following characteristics is **incorrect** with respect to cockroach?
 - (1) 10th abdominal segment in both sexes, bears a pair of anal cerci.
 - (2) A ring of gastric caeca is present at the junction of midgut and hind gut.
 - (3) Hypopharynx lies within the cavity enclosed by the mouth parts.
 - (4) In females, 7^{th} - 9^{th} sterna together form a genital pouch.

- **160.** During the process of gene amplification using PCR, if very high temperature is not maintained in the beginning, then which of the following steps of PCR will be affected first?
 - (1) Ligation
 - (2) Annealing
 - (3) Extension
 - (4) Denaturation
- **161.** Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as:
 - (1) Gout
 - (2) Arthritis
 - (3) Muscular dystrophy
 - (4) Myasthenia gravis
- **162.** Select the favourable conditions required for the formation of oxyhaemoglobin at the alveoli.
 - (1) Low pO_2 , low pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - (2) High pO_2 , low pCO_2 , less H^+ , lower temperature
 - (3) Low pO_2 , high pCO_2 , more H^+ , higher temperature
 - (4) High pO_2 , high pCO_2 , less H^+ , higher temperature
- **163.** Which one of the following organisms bears hollow and pneumatic long bones?
 - (1) Ornithorhynchus
 - (2) Neophron
 - (3) Hemidactylus
 - (4) Macropus
- **164.** With regard to insulin choose correct options.
 - (a) C-peptide is not present in mature insulin.
 - (b) The insulin produced by rDNA technology has C-peptide.
 - (c) The pro-insulin has C-peptide.
 - (d) A-peptide and B-peptide of insulin are interconnected by disulphide bridges.

- (1) (a) and (d) only
- (2) (b) and (d) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (a), (c) and (d) only

- 165. If Adenine makes 30% of the DNA molecule, what will be the percentage of Thymine, Guanine and Cytosine in it?
 - (1) T: 20 ; G: 25 ; C: 25
 - T:20;G:30;C:20 (2)
 - (3)T: 20 ; G: 20 ; C: 30
 - T:30; G:20; C:20(4)
- 166. The organelles that are included in the endomembrane system are:
 - Golgi complex, Endoplasmic reticulum, (1) Mitochondria and Lysosomes
 - (2)Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
 - Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi complex, (3)Lysosomes and Vacuoles
 - (4) Golgi complex, Mitochondria, Ribosomes and Lysosomes
- 167. Sphincter of oddi is present at:
 - Junction of jejunum and duodenum (1)
 - (2)Ileo-caecal junction
 - Junction of hepato-pancreatic duct and (3)duodenum
 - (4) Gastro-oesophageal junction
- **168.** Receptors for sperm binding in mammals are present on:
 - (1) Zona pellucida
 - (2)Corona radiata
 - (3)Vitelline membrane
 - (4) Perivitelline space
- 169. Match List I with List II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Aspergillus niger	(i)	Acetic Acid
(b)	Acetobacter aceti	(ii)	Lactic Acid
(c)	Clostridium butylicum	(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Lactobacillus	(iv)	Butyric Acid

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) **(b) (c)**
- (d) (ii) (1) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (2)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (3)(i) (ii)(iii) (iv)
- (4) (ii)(iii) (i) (iv)

170. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II		
(a)	Metamerism	(i)	Coelenterata	
(b)	Canal system	(ii)	Ctenophora	
(c)	Comb plates	(iii)	Annelida	
(d)	Cnidoblasts	(iv)	Porifera	

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (2)(iv) (i) (ii)(iii)
- (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- Which of the following is **not** an objective of 171. Biofortification in crops?
 - (1) Improve micronutrient and mineral content
 - (2)Improve protein content
 - (3)Improve resistance to diseases
 - (4) Improve vitamin content
- Dobson units are used to measure thickness of: 172.
 - Troposphere (1)
 - **CFCs** (2)
 - Stratosphere (3)
 - (4) Ozone
- Read the following statements. 173.
 - Metagenesis is observed in Helminths. (a)
 - (b) Echinoderms are triploblastic and coelomate animals.
 - Round worms have organ-system level of (c) body organization.
 - Comb plates present in ctenophores help in (d) digestion.
 - Water vascular system is characteristic of (e) Echinoderms.

- (1) (b), (c) and (e) are correct
- (2)(c), (d) and (e) are correct
- (3)(a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (4) (a), (d) and (e) are correct

- **174.** Which stage of meiotic prophase shows terminalisation of chiasmata as its distinctive feature?
 - (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Leptotene
 - (3) Zygotene
 - (4) Diakinesis
- **175.** In a cross between a male and female, both heterozygous for sickle cell anaemia gene, what percentage of the progeny will be diseased?
 - (1) 100%
 - (2) 50%
 - (3) 75%
 - (4) 25%
- **176.** Which one of the following belongs to the family Muscidae?
 - (1) House fly
 - (2) Fire fly
 - (3) Grasshopper
 - (4) Cockroach
- 177. The fruit fly has 8 chromosomes (2n) in each cell. During interphase of Mitosis if the number of chromosomes at G_1 phase is 8, what would be the number of chromosomes after S phase?
 - (1) 32
 - (2) 8
 - (3) 16
 - (4) 4
- 178. Succus entericus is referred to as:
 - (1) Chyme
 - (2) Pancreatic juice
 - (3) Intestinal juice
 - (4) Gastric juice
- **179.** Which of the following RNAs is not required for the synthesis of protein?
 - (1) siRNA
 - (2) mRNA
 - (3) tRNA
 - (4) rRNA

- **180.** Which one of the following is an example of Hormone releasing IUD?
 - (1) Multiload 375
 - (2) CuT

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- (3) LNG 20
- (4) Cu 7
- 181. The centriole undergoes duplication during:
 - (1) G_2 phase
 - (2) S-phase
 - (3) Prophase
 - (4) Metaphase
- 182. Identify the incorrect pair.
 - (1) Drugs Ricin
 - (2) Alkaloids Codeine
 - (3) Toxin Abrin
 - (4) Lectins Concanavalin A
- 183. The partial pressures (in mm Hg) of oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) at alveoli (the site of diffusion) are:
 - (1) $pO_2 = 159 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 0.3$
 - (2) $pO_2 = 104 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
 - (3) $pO_2 = 40 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 45$
 - (4) $pO_2 = 95 \text{ and } pCO_2 = 40$
- **184.** A specific recognition sequence identified by endonucleases to make cuts at specific positions within the DNA is:
 - (1) Poly(A) tail sequences
 - (2) Degenerate primer sequence
 - (3) Okazaki sequences
 - (4) Palindromic Nucleotide sequences
- **185.** Persons with 'AB' blood group are called as "Universal recipients". This is due to:
 - (1) Absence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, in plasma
 - (2) Absence of antigens A and B on the surface of RBCs
 - (3) Absence of antigens A and B in plasma
 - (4) Presence of antibodies, anti-A and anti-B, on RBCs

Section - B (Biology: Zoology)

186. Statement I:

The codon 'AUG' codes for methionine and phenylalanine.

Statement II:

'AAA' and 'AAG' both codons code for the amino acid lysine.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true
- (2) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are true
- (3) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are false
- (4) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is false
- **187.** During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?
 - (a) 'H' zone disappears
 - (b) 'A' band widens
 - (c) 'I' band reduces in width
 - (d) Myosine hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP and Pi
 - (e) Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.
 - (1) (b), (d), (e), (a) only
 - (2) (a), (c), (d), (e) only
 - (3) (a), (b), (c), (d) only
 - (4) (b), (c), (d), (e) only
- 188. Which of the following is **not** a step in Multiple Ovulation Embryo Transfer Technology (MOET)?
 - $\begin{array}{c} \hbox{(1)} & \hbox{Fertilized eggs are transferred to surrogate} \\ & \hbox{mothers at 8-32 cell stage} \end{array}$
 - (2) Cow is administered hormone having LH like activity for super ovulation
 - (3) Cow yields about 6-8 eggs at a time
 - (4) Cow is fertilized by artificial insemination

189. Assertion (A):

A person goes to high altitude and experiences 'altitude sickness' with symptoms like breathing difficulty and heart palpitations.

Reason (R):

Due to low atmospheric pressure at high altitude, the body does not get sufficient oxygen.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- (4) (A) is true but (R) is false

- **190.** Which of the following secretes the hormone, relaxin, during the later phase of pregnancy?
 - (1) Uterus
 - (2) Graafian follicle
 - (3) Corpus luteum
 - (4) Foetus
- **191.** Following are the statements with reference to 'lipids'.
 - (a) Lipids having only single bonds are called unsaturated fatty acids.
 - (b) Lecithin is a phospholipid.
 - (c) Trihydroxy propane is glycerol.
 - (d) Palmitic acid has 20 carbon atoms including carboxyl carbon.
 - (e) Arachidonic acid has 16 carbon atoms.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b) and (e) only
- (2) (a) and (b) only
- (3) (c) and (d) only
- (4) (b) and (c) only
- **192.** Which one of the following statements about Histones is **wrong**?
 - (1) Histones carry positive charge in the side chain.
 - (2) Histones are organized to form a unit of 8 molecules.
 - (3) The pH of histones is slightly acidic.
 - (4) Histones are rich in amino acids Lysine and Arginine.
- 193. Match List I with List II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Filariasis	(i)	Haemophilus influenzae
(b)	Amoebiasis	(ii)	Trichophyton
(c)	Pneumonia	(iii)	Wuchereria bancrofti
(d)	Ringworm	(iv)	Entamoeba histolytica

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)
)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)

- (1) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (2) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)

- **194.** Following are the statements about prostomium of earthworm.
 - (a) It serves as a covering for mouth.
 - (b) It helps to open cracks in the soil into which it can crawl.
 - (c) It is one of the sensory structures.
 - (d) It is the first body segment.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

- (1) (b) and (c) are correct
- (2) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
- (3) (a), (b) and (d) are correct
- (4) (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct
- **195.** Which of these is not an important component of initiation of parturition in humans?
 - (1) Release of Prolactin
 - (2) Increase in estrogen and progesterone ratio
 - (3) Synthesis of prostaglandins
 - (4) Release of Oxytocin

196. Match List - I with List - II.

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Scapula	(i)	Cartilaginous joints
(b)	Cranium	(ii)	Flat bone
(c)	Sternum	(iii)	Fibrous joints
(d)	Vertebral column	(iv)	Triangular flat bone

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)

- **197.** The Adenosine deaminase deficiency results into:
 - (1) Addison's disease
 - (2) Dysfunction of Immune system
 - (3) Parkinson's disease
 - (4) Digestive disorder

198. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I		List - II
(a)	Adaptive radiation	(i)	Selection of resistant varieties due to excessive use of herbicides and pesticides
(b)	Convergent evolution	(ii)	Bones of forelimbs in Man and Whale
(c)	Divergent evolution	(iii)	Wings of Butterfly and Bird
(d)	Evolution by anthropo- genic action	(iv)	Darwin Finches

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

- 199. Identify the types of cell junctions that help to stop the leakage of the substances across a tissue and facilitation of communication with neighbouring cells via rapid transfer of ions and molecules.
 - (1) Adhering junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
 - (2) Gap junctions and Adhering junctions, respectively.
 - (3) Tight junctions and Gap junctions, respectively.
 - (4) Adhering junctions and Tight junctions, respectively.

200. Match List - I with List - II.

	List - I	List - II	
(a)	Allen's Rule	(i)	Kangaroo rat
(b)	Physiological adaptation	(ii)	Desert lizard
(c)	Behavioural adaptation	(iii)	Marine fish at depth
(d)	Biochemical adaptation	(iv)	Polar seal

d)
i)
i)
ii)
iii)

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P5 28 Space For Rough Work