# CBSE Class 6 Social And Political Life Syllabus



# **DIVERSITY AND INTERDEPENDENCE**

#### Rationale

In the first year of the new subject area, 'Social and Political Life' the themes of diversity, interdependence and conflict are to be focused on. This is done through first elucidating aspects of social diversity through a discussion of linguistic diversity as well as the diversity of art forms. In discussing these topics the idea is to celebrate diversity and interdependence while also highlighting that this can be zone for conflict. The idea of government is introduced at this grade and then elaborated upon through a discussion of the types of government at the local level, as well as different aspects of their functioning. Through focusing chapters on concrete, though narrativised,

examples of land administration in the rural context and sanitation services in the urban one, the attempt is to have the child gain an experiential understanding of the ways in which local government functions. The last chapter through its focus on how people make a living in the rural and urban context discusses issues of the diversity of livelihoods.

# **Objectives**

The specific objectives of the course, where it is not clear from the rationale of the approach, are indicated beside the themes to be taught in the course.

# **Objectives Themes UNIT 1: Diversity** To enable students to: In this unit we focus on various aspects of diversity. The first section begins by having the child recognise diversity in their everyday environments, diversity as a fact of being human and understanding diversity as different ways of doing the same thing. interdependence,

Section 1

respect diversity.

· Diversity as a fact of being human.

The second section builds on this by having the child interrogate societal prejudices against diversity,

recognising that the self can be made up of multiple

identities and that the Constitution compels us to

- · What diversity adds to our lives.
- Diversity in India.

#### Section 2

- Prejudice and discrimination.
- Inequality and discrimination.
- Recognition of multiple identities in oneself.
- The Constitution and respect for diversity.

#### **UNIT 2:** Government

This unit introduces the student to the idea of government. The first section focuses on the need for it, the history of adult franchise, the various types of governments that exist at present. The second section discusses the key elements that influence the functioning of democractic government.

- understand and appreciate various forms of
- develop a sensitivity towards pluralism and
- understand how prejudice can lead to discrimination,
- understand the difference between diversity and inequality,
- recognise that there are multiple identities within ourselves that we use in different contexts and that these can come into conflict with each other,
- understand that the Constitution compels us to respect diversity.

To enable students to:

- gain a sense of why government is required,
- recognise the need for universal adult franchise,
- appreciate need to make decisions with collective sanction,
- understand key elements that influence the functioning of democracy.

Themes	Objectives
Section 1	
The need for government.	
Decision-making and participation.	
The quest for universal adult franchise through	
examples of the sufferagate movement and the anti-	
apartheid struggle.	
• Various forms of government and absence of	
collective sanction.	
Section 2	
Key elements that influence the functioning of	
democratic government:	
Participation and accountability.	
Resolution of Conflict.	
Concerns for Equality and Justice.	

#### **UNIT 3:** Local Government

This unit familiarises the student with both rural and urban local government. It covers the *Panchayati* Raj, rural administration and urban government and administration. The effort is to have the child draw contrasts and comparisons between the ways in which urban and rural local government function.

#### Section 1

### Panchayati Raj

- Description of panchayat including electoral process, decision making, implementation of decisions
- · Role of a gram sabha
- · Women and the panchayat

#### Section 2

#### Urban Local Government

- Municipal corporation elections, decision making structures
- The provision of water and the work of the municipal corporation
- Citizens protests to get their grievances addressed

To enable children to

- understand local level of government functioning,
- understand the workings of the pnchayati raj and appreciate its importance,
- gain a sense of who performs what role within the local administration,
- understand how the various levels of administration at the local level are interconnected,
- understand the intricacies involved in the local administration's provision of water.



Themes	Objectives
Section 3	
Rural Administration	
• Focus on a land dispute and show the role of local	
police and <i>patwari</i> .	
• On land records and role of <i>patwari</i> .	
• On the new inheritance law.	
UNIT 4: Making a Living	To enable students to:
This unit focuses on individuals earn a livelihood both	understand conditions that underline and impact
in the rural and the urban context. The rural context	life strategies of various groups of people,
focuses on various types of farmers and the urban	• understand that these conditions and opportunities
one on various types of occupations people engage in	for making a living are not equally available to all.
to earn an income. The student should be able to	
compare and contrast the urban and the rural context.	
Section 1	
Rural Livelihoods	
• Various types of livelihoods prevalent in a village.	ti de la constantina
• Different types of farmers: middle farmer, landless	
labourers and large farmers.	
Section 2	
Urban Livelihoods	7
• Difference between primary, secondary and tertiary	
occupations.	
• Descriptions of various types of lievelihoods	
including vegetable vendor, domestic servant,	
garment worker and bank employee.	
• Differences between self-employed, regular	
employment and wage employment.	
• The interlinkage between rural and urban lives	

through a discussion of migration.