

d.) Zn

## CBSE Class 12 Chemistry Chapter 6 General Principles and Processes of Isolation of Elements Worksheet – Set– 3

Set-3
Q1. The iron produced in the blast furnace is called-
a.) pig iron b.) wrought iron c.) cast iron d.) steel
Q2. 100% copper is obtained from crude copper by:
<ul><li>a.) zone refining method</li><li>b.) electrorefining</li><li>c.) liquation</li><li>d.) None of the above</li></ul>
Q3. Commercial zinc is refined by:
<ul><li>a.) amalgamation</li><li>b.) poling</li><li>c.) carbon reduction</li><li>d.) All of the above</li></ul>
Q4. Unwanted material with ore is called as
a.) Gangue b.) Rust c.) Slag d.) Silica
Q5. Cinnabar is an ore of:
a.) Hg b.) Cu c.) Pb

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**Q6.** Give equations for the industrial extraction of zinc from calamine.



- Q7. (a) Give one example of each of the following:
- (i) Acid flux
- (ii) Basic flux
- (b) What happens when-
- (i) Cu<sub>2</sub>O undergoes self-reduction in a silica line converter.
- (ii) Haematite oxidises carbon to carbon monoxide.
- **Q8.** Differentiate between flux and slag.
- **Q9.** What are froth stabilizers? Give two examples.
- Q10. Define leaching.
- Q11. State the principles of the following methods of refining crude metals-
- (i) Zone refining
- (ii) Liquation method
- (iii) Chromatographic method
- Q12. Give reasons:
- a) Copper matte is put in silica lined converter.
- b) Cryolite is added to alumina during electrolytic reduction.
- c) Pine oil is used in the froth floatation process.
- **Q13.** Why are the graphite electrodes in the extraction of 'aluminium' by the Hall-Heroult process need to be changed frequently?
- Q14. Copper can be extracted by hydrometallurgy but not zinc. Explain?
- Q15. What is German silver? Write its use.
- **Q16.** The choice of a reducing agent in a particular case depends on the thermodynamic factor. How far do you agree with this statement? Support your opinion with two examples.
- **Q17.** Describe the principle controlling each of the following processes :
- (i) Preparation of cast iron from pig iron.
- (ii) Preparation of pure alumina (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) from bauxite ore.
- **Q18.** (i) The extraction of gold by leaching with NaCN involves both oxidation and reduction. Justify giving chemical equations.
- (ii) Name the method used for removing gangue from sulphide ores.
- (iii) How is wrought iron different from steel?



## Q19. In the extraction of aluminium-

- (i) Name the process of concentration of bauxite.
- (ii) Write the cathode reaction in electrolytic reduction of alumina.
- (iii) Write the function and chemical formula of cryolite.
- (iv) Write a chemical equation for the action of heat on aluminium hydroxide.
- (v) Why is it necessary to replace anodes from time to time?

## **Q20.** Mention the role of the following:

- (i) SiO<sub>2</sub> in the extraction of Cu from copper matte.
- (ii) CaCO<sub>3</sub> in the metallurgy of Fe.
- (iii) CO in the metallurgy of iron.
- (iv) I<sub>2</sub> in the purification of zirconium.
- (v) NaCN in the extraction of gold from gold ore.