

Chemistry Worksheet Class 7 on Chapter 5 Acids, Bases and Salts - Set 1

Q1. What is the common name of sodium bicarbonate? (a) Antacid (b) Baking soda	
(c) Common salt (d) Washing soda	
Q2. Baking soda turns (a) Blue litmus red	
(b) Red litmus blue	
(c) Phenolphtahalein colourless	
(d) None of the above	
Q3. A substance that turns red litmus blue is a/an	
(a) Acid	
(b) Base	
(c) Neutral (d) None of the above	
(d) Notice of the above	
Q4. A base	
(a) Has a bitter taste	
(b) Turns blue litmus red	
(c) Has a sour taste	
(d) Does not affect turmeric	
Q5. Salt is formed when	
(a) Acid reacts with water	
(b) Base reacts with water	
(c) Base reacts with acid	
(d) All of the above	
Q6. Sodium hydroxide is a	
Q7 and are used as indicator.	
Q8. Grapes contain acid, while apple has	acid.



Q9. State true or false.

Excessive use of fertilisers in the soil makes the soil basic.

Q10. State true or false.

Phenolphthalein and methyl orange are examples of indicators.

- **Q11.** Why are antacids used to cure acidity?
- Q12. Name any two antacids.
- **Q13.** Why do we use calamine solution on ant bites?
- Q14. Why is factory waste neutralised before disposing of?
- Q15. What is the chemical name of milk of magnesia?
- Q16. What is an indicator?
- Q17. What is a universal indicator?
- Q18. What is a pH scale?
- Q19. Differentiate between acid and base.
- **Q20.** What is a neutralisation reaction? Explain it with the help of an example.