Marking Scheme - Accountancy XII (SQP 2023-24)

| 1 | d) $33: 27: 20$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | b) ₹ 9,000 <br> or <br> c) ₹ $24,00,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 4 | d) ₹ 80,000 <br> or <br> d) A need to return $₹ 2,35,000$ to the firm. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 5 | c) Partner's Loan Account |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 6 | b) ₹ $10,00,000$ <br> or <br> a).Interest on debentures is an appropriation of profits. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 7 | a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are Correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 8 | c) ₹ $2,40,000$ or <br> b) Debited, ₹ 6,500 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 9 | d). ₹ 20,940 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 10 | c). ₹ 71,400 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 11 | c). Only (iii) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 12 | B. | PK Ltd. <br> To Share Capital To Securities Prem To Bank A/c (Being settlement vendors) |  D <br> of amount  <br>   |  | 20,00,000 | $12,72,700$ $1,27,270$ $6,00,030$ |  | 1 |
| 13 | c). 2,000 Shares |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 14 | a). ₹ 24,000 . |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 15 | b). ₹ 40,000 . <br> Or <br> c). Shyam - ₹ 2,500 ; Gopal- ₹ 750 ; Arjun- Nil. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 16 | d). ₹ $1,50,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 17 | Date | Particulars |  | L.F | Dr (₹) | Cr (₹) |  | 3 |
|  |  | Anshul's Capital A Chander's Capital <br> To Babita's Cap (Chander's share debited to the amo partners in their ga | c Dr <br> /c Dr <br> tal A/c  <br> of Goodwill <br> nts of continuing  <br> ning ratio)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,000 \\ 21,000 \end{array}$ | 30,000 |  |  |
|  | Gaining Ratio is 3:7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Partners | Interest on Capital Paid (2\%) (i) | Salary Paid (wrong credit) (ii) | Payable <br> (iii) | Salary Payable (iv) | Excess Deficiency |  | 3 |
|  | P | 800 | 12,000 | 1152 | ---- | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 11,648 \\ \text { (Excess) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | Q | 640 | ---- | 384 | 12,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,744 \\ & \text { (Deficiency) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |


| R | 480 ---- | 384 | ---- | $\begin{gathered} 96 \\ \text { (excess) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date Particulars L.F $\operatorname{Dr}(₹)$ $\operatorname{Cr}(₹)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | P's Capital A/c Dr <br> R's Capital A/c Dr <br> To Q's Capital A/c  <br> (Being entry passed for adjustment of <br> interest on capital and salary)  |  | $\begin{gathered} 11,648 \\ 96 \end{gathered}$ | 11,744 |
| Or |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Particulars | L.F | Dr (₹) | Cr (₹) |
|  | P\&L Adjustment A/c $\quad$ Dr. To Cheese Capital A/c To Slice Capital A/c (Being Interest on capital omitted earlier now provided) |  | 9,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,000 \\ & 6,000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | P\&L Adjustment A/c <br> To Cheese Capital A/c (Being salary omitted earlier now provided) |  | 5,000 | 5,000 |
|  | Cheese Capital A/c Dr. <br> Slice Capital A/c Dr. <br> To P\&L Adjustment A/c  <br> (Being Loss on Adjustment  <br> transferred to partners)  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7,000 \\ & 7,000 \end{aligned}$ | 14,000 |





|  | To Share Capital A/c (Being call money due) |  | 6,00,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| vi) | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Calls in Arrears A/c Dr. <br> To Share First and Final Call A/c <br> (Being call money received except of Simba) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 5,70,000 \\ 30,000 \end{array}$ | 6,00,000 |
| vii) | Share Capital A/c Dr. <br> Securities Premium A/c Dr. <br> To Share Forfeited A/c <br> To Calls in Arrears A/c <br> (Being Simba's shares forfeited) | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,00,000 \\ 15,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70,000 \\ & 45,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| viii) | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Share Forfeited A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> (Being forfeited shares re-issued) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 48,000 \\ & 12,000 \end{aligned}$ | 60,000 |
| ix) | Share Forfeited A/c Dr. <br> To Capital Reserve A/c <br> (Being gain on re-issue transferred to Capital Reserve) | 30,000 | 30,000 |

Journal Entries in the Books of Shaktimaan Ltd.

| Date | Particulars | L.F | Debit (₹) | Credit (₹) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| i) | Share Application A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> To Securities Premium A/c <br> To Share Allotment A/c <br> (Being Application money utilised) |  | $6,00,000$ | $2,00,000$ |
| ii) | Share Allotment A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> (Being allotment due with premium) |  | $5,00,000$ |  |
| iii) | Share First and Final Call A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> (Being call money due) |  | $5,00,000$ |  |
| iv) | Calls in Arrears A/c Dr. <br> To Share First and Final Call A/c <br> (Being call money received except of Simba) | $5,00,000$ |  |  |
| v) | Share Capital A/c Dr. <br> To Share Forfeited A/c <br> To Calls in Arrears A/c <br> (Being Simba's shares forfeited) | 15,000 | 15,000 |  |
| vi) | Share Forfeited A/c Dr. <br> To Capital Reserve A/c <br> (Being gain on re-issue transferred to Capital Reserve) |  | 30,000 | 35,000 |

Cash Book (with Bank Column only)

| Date | Particulars | LF <br> Amount <br> $(\boldsymbol{₹})$ | Date | Particulars | LF | Amount <br> $(\boldsymbol{₹})$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| i | To Share Application A/c |  | $7,20,000$ | ii) | By Share Application A/c | $1,20,000$ |  |
| iji) | To Share Allotment A/c |  | $3,00,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| iv) | To Share First and Final <br> Call A/c |  | $2,85,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| v) | To Share Capital A/c <br> To Securities Premium <br> A/c |  | 20,000 | vi) | By Balance c/d |  | $12,11,000$ |







|  | (vi) What level of hardware and operating system is available? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | Types of Accounting Vouchers <br> (i) Contra Vouchers <br> (ii) Payments Vouchers <br> (iii) Receipt Vouchers | 3 |
| 33 | Uses of conditional formatting: <br> (i) It helps in making needed information highlighted. <br> (ii) It changes the appearance of cells ranges. <br> (iii) Color scale may be used to highlight cells. <br> (iv) useful in making decision making. <br> Features of computerized accounting system: <br> (i) Simple and integrated. <br> (ii) Transparency and control. <br> (iii) Accuracy and speed. <br> (iv) Scalability. <br> (v) Reliability. | 4 |
| 34 | Two basic methods of charging depreciation are: <br> Straight line method: This method calculates fixed amount of depreciation every year which is calculated keeping in view the useful life of assets and its salvage value at the end of its useful life. Written down value method: This method uses current book value of the asset for computing the amount of depreciation for the next period. It is also known as declining balance method. <br> Differences: <br> 1. Equal amount of depreciation is charged in straight line method. Amount of depreciation goes on decreasing every year in written down value method. <br> 2. Depreciation is charged on original cost in straight line method. The amount is calculated on the book value every year. <br> 3. In straight line method the value of asset can come to zero but in written down value method this can never be zero. <br> 4. Generally rate of depreciation is low in case of straight line method but it is kept high in case of written down value method. <br> 5. It is suitable for assets in which repair charges are less and the possibility of obsolescence is less. It is suitable for the assets which become obsolete due to changes in technology. | 6 |

