

RBI Grade B 2020 Question Paper (Download Free PDF)



Direction: Find the wrong term in the given series:

1. 7, 11, 19, 35, 68, 131

- A. 19 B. 11
C. 68 D. 7
E. 131

2. There was a loss of 22% after selling an article at 40% discount. So, the shopkeeper had increased the marked price of the article by 40% but had allowed the same discount percent. If he earned Rs. 184 as profit after increasing the marked price then find the cost price of the article.

- A. Rs. 2200 B. Rs. 2000
C. Rs. 2100 D. Rs. 2500
E. Rs. 1600

3. A shopkeeper sells two products A and B. He sells product A at $x\%$ profit and product B at 8% loss. The total selling price of both products is Rs. 4344 and the cost price of product A and product B are in the ratio of 4: 3, respectively. If the shopkeeper had sold product A at the loss percent equal to the loss percent incurred on selling product B, then its selling price would have been Rs. 2208. Find out the value of x .

- A. 12% B. 15%
C. 14% D. 9%
E. None of these

4. Amit, Bharat and Chirag started a business with their investments in the ratio 1 : 2 : 4. After 6 months, Amit invested 1.5 times the amount as before. Bharat invested thrice the amount as before while Chirag withdrew $\frac{1}{4}$ th of his investment. What will be the ratio of their profits at the end of the year?

- A. 5 : 16 : 14 B. 16 : 5 : 14
C. 14 : 5 : 12 D. 14 : 12 : 5
E. None of these

5. A jar contains a mixture of two liquids A and B in the ratio 4:1. When 10 Lt. of the mixture was taken out and 10 Lt. of liquid B was poured into the jar, this ratio becomes 2:3. The quantity of liquid A contained in the jar initially was:

- A. 10 Lt. B. 12 Lt.
C. 14 Lt. D. 18 Lt.
E. 16 Lt.

6. Akash borrowed Rs 12000 from a bank at the rate of 6% for 8 years. After a certain period of time, the government introduced a scheme which reduced the interest rate by 3%. At the end of 8 years, Akash paid Rs 16680 in total then after how much time the government introduced the scheme?

- A. 6 years B. 5 years
C. 2 years D. 3 years
E. None of these



Direction: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Eight boxes A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are kept one above another. These boxes are of different colours namely, Orange, White, Violet, Green, Black, Grey, Red and Yellow but not respectively in the same order. Three boxes are kept between the one whose colour is Yellow and the one whose colour is Green, one of them is at the bottommost position. Box E is orange and kept immediately below Box B. Two boxes are kept between D and B. Box D is kept at the topmost position. Box G is placed in the middle of Box B and Box C and is of Black colour. Three boxes are placed between G and F. Box B is placed above Box C. The Box which is white in colour is placed immediately above Box H. Three boxes are placed between the one which is grey in colour and the one which is red in colour. Grey colour box is above the red colour box. Box H is placed above Box A. Box C is of green colour.

7. Which one is true about box D?

- A. Box D is kept at third position from top
- B. Two boxes are there between box D and E
- C. It is orange in colour
- D. Violet in colour
- E. None of these

Direction: (8-12) Read the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight members Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema of a family went to the park. There are two married couples and four generation. None of the fourth generation member is married. Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law. Neither Seema nor Susheel is married to Chetan. Susheel's sister has one son. There are four males and four females. Vinit is the maternal-grandfather of Aashi's father. Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema. Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother. Vinit does not have any son. Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

8. Who is not the female member of the given group?

- A. Geeta
- B. Susheel
- C. Aashi
- D. Sonu
- E. All are females

9. Who is the nephew of Susheel?

- A. Chetan
- B. Aashi
- C. Sonu
- D. Pankaj
- E. Geeta



10. Who are the married females in the family?

- A. Susheel, Aashi
- B. Susheel, Seema
- C. Geeta, Seema
- D. Geeta, Pankaj
- E. Susheel, Geeta

11. To which generation Pankaj belongs?

- A. 1st
- B. 2nd
- C. 4th
- D. 3rd
- E. Can't be determined

12. Who is the son of Geeta?

- A. Sonu
- B. Aashi
- C. Pankaj
- D. Vinit
- E. None of these

Direction: In the following passage, there are blanks, each followed by a word given in bold. All these bold words are jumbled and do not necessarily fit in the blank against them. Find the appropriate fit for every blank and mark the answer accordingly.

There is a lot of academic **(A) (unique)** in Marketing on retailing and most of it looks at the retail

industry in North American and European countries. The retail industry in **(B) (organised)** economies such as India presents challenges that are typically not seen in these contexts. The learning from the developed world cannot be applied directly to the retail industry in the emerging economies. The Indian retail industry has certain key features that make it **(C) (requires)**. First, the retail space is dominated by traditional kirana stores. Walk through a street and you will find more kirana stores than **(D) (emerging)** retail outlets like Big Bazar or Reliance Fresh. Second, the government regulation **(E) (printed)** fast moving consumer goods (FMCG) manufacturers to print the "Maximum Retail Price" or MRP on the package of the product. In the US, the retailer **(F) (relatively)** the price paid by the consumer but here the MRP is **(G) (decides)** on the package. This anchors the final retail price for a product. Third, you often see retailers offering extra price and quantity benefits at the store level like discounts or bundled products. Manufacturer-led promotions are **(H) (reshaping)** infrequent. Very rarely would you see Unilever India or a Proctor & Gamble offering a 15% extra for their regular 180ml shampoo. Finally, we have the **(I) (research)** of rural areas and cities of different sizes spread across the country. Increasing urbanisation, increasing



incomes, and rising aspirations for a better quality of life are **(J) (diversity)** the Indian retail space.

13. Which of the following fits in blank (H)?

- A. Decides
- B. Printed
- C. Relatively
- D. Organised
- E. Unique

Direction: (14-23) Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions. Certain words are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

In the public's eye, military men are still the sole sufferers of PTSD. But research shows that women are in some cases twice as likely to develop the disorder. Despite being far more vulnerable, women are often misdiagnosed due to cultural stereotypes, and there's a huge gap in research on which kinds of treatments work best for which kinds of people. Studies and research programs have been designed, until recently, to understand men with PTSD. The same is true for support systems and treatment centers. In the legal system, women who report PTSD from rape are less likely to be believed than men who report PTSD from combat. Research shows that

women are at a higher risk of PTSD. While men experience more **traumatic** events in their lives, women are, depending on which study you look at, as much as twice as likely to develop PTSD, but no one really knows why. Pervasive male prejudice against women is another factor that can diminish unit cohesion for female soldiers. Because women are less likely than men to experience unit cohesion while serving in the military, women are less likely to develop the social support structures that will help prevent them from developing PTSD. For women, this hesitation to self-identify as a sufferer of PTSD could be even greater; historically, female soldiers have struggled to be counted as equals to men on the battlefield. Women, stereotypically considered to possess less emotional fortitude than men, may be unwilling to admit that they are suffering from PTSD lest they appear to conform to this stereotype.

That domestic bit has another face too: Where men who've experienced trauma might be able to take time off to recover, women are expected to maintain their domestic, caregiving roles, which make it harder for women to address symptoms of post-traumatic stress for fear of "failing" at their roles as mother, daughter and wife. "Gendered social roles can compound the negative impact,"



said Dawne Vogt, a research psychologist at the Women's Health Sciences Division of the National Center for PTSD. "So they might have additional stress when they're dealing with something." Technically, PTSD is largely the same for men and women, characterized by things like fear based anxiety, sleep disturbance, flashbacks, feelings of detachment and more. And both men and women often experience multiple conditions alongside PTSD. But they seem to develop different sets of additional problems. Women tend to develop depression alongside their PTSD, while men tend to tack on substance abuse. What that means is that men with PTSD tend to show a different profile than women do. Men tend to lash out, showing anger, hostility, explosiveness and unpredictability. Women, often because of their depression, tend to do the opposite, becoming withdrawn and turning to self harm. What is clear is that women who return from combat, with PTSD or not, often have a harder time returning to their lives. According to a report by the Departments of Veterans Affairs, Defense, Labor and Housing and Urban Development, "America's nearly 300,000 women veterans are put at risk by a system designed for and dominated by male veterans." This includes lack of access to peer support, group therapy and specialized mental health care for

things like PTSD. Recent changes made by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs have improved treatment options for female veterans living with PTSD, but there is still more that needs to be done.

Women veterans are also more likely to be unemployed than male veterans, and at least twice as likely to be homeless. On top of that, women veterans are more likely to be single parents and come back to dependents. But Vogt says that nobody knows how this might impact their PTSD, or which treatments might work best. And it's not necessarily clear that what works for veterans will work for civilians either. Right now, for example, most of the research on virtual reality uses for treating PTSD focuses on military men. Another challenge is that until very recently, treatment for PTSD has been more difficult for women than men to obtain. Before rule changes were enacted in 2010, only veterans who encountered direct combat experience qualified to receive disability payments for PTSD. Because very few women are placed on the front lines, very few were eligible to receive free treatment for PTSD. However, recent regulation changes have ended these **stipulations**, allowing women who serve in any capacity to be eligible for benefits. Even if female veterans are eligible for these benefits, the



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quality of the care a wartime PTSD sufferer receives can vary widely. The United States Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) pays disability benefits to service men and women who have been diagnosed with PTSD and also provides these individuals with free health care. But while mental health counseling that comes directly from VA doctors is completely free to veterans, there are often long waiting lists for those who need to be evaluated or treated. Therapy provided by non-VA professionals may not be covered by health insurance. Access to mental health professionals who have been specially trained to treat wartime PTSD is often difficult for those not living near major urban centers.

On both the research level and the policy level, more must be done to help the women who have sacrificed so much for their country. Figuring out which treatment works best for PTSD is still an ongoing process for everybody, men and women alike. But if researchers want to help treat people equally, they'll need to include more women.

14. What is the style of the passage?

- A. Argumentative
- B. Descriptive
- C. Narrative

- D. Expository
- E. Persuasive

Direction: In the following question, two columns are given, containing a connector and three phrases each. In the first column, the phrases are A, B and C and in the second column, the phrases are D, E and F. You have to make meaningful sentences using the connectors and from the phrases of both the columns. There are five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the phrases with the connectors can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, select 'none of these' as your answer.

15.

Column I	Column II
No sooner	Than
A. A lion's share has been allocated to development works.	D. She started to have terrible doubts.
B. She had agreed to marry him.	E. It usually done by solid waste management and welfare programmes.



C. He also demanded a comprehensive inquiry.	F. It was implemented for the particular project.
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- A. A-E
- B. A-E & B-F
- C. B-D
- D. A-E, B-D & B-F
- E. A-D

Direction: The given sentences, when properly sequenced, form a coherent paragraph. Each sentence is labelled with a letter. Choose the most logical order of the sentences from among the five given choices to construct a coherent paragraph keeping (6) as the last statement.

A) Arif Jamal, a New York Times correspondent, reported, "This time, India's victory was nearly total: India accepted cease-fire only after it had occupied 740 square miles, though Pakistan had made marginal gains of 210 square miles of territory."

B) On September 22, it ended after the intervention of the UN and a ceasefire was _____ declared the next day.

C) In the August of 1965, Pakistani forces infiltrated India-occupied Kashmir in what they called Operation Gibraltar.

D) While our textbooks taught us that we did, people from across the

border believe that they were victorious.

E) Their troops carried extra-ammunition and entered posing as locals of the area and their attack on Indian soil led to war without a formal declaration, disrupting peace in the valley.

6) Even though neutral assessments suggest our superiority in the war but technically it remains militarily inconclusive.

16. Which of the following should be the **FOURTH** sentence after rearrangement?

- A. B
- B. C
- C. E
- D. D
- E. F

Direction: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the words that best fit the meaning of the sentence as a whole.

17. The move to allow the dumping of mercury _____ an outcry from residents of the area who _____ that high levels of mercury will



affect their health and destroy ecologically sensitive forest area.

- A. Resulted, Insisted
- B. Provoked, Determine
- C. Incited, Fear
- D. Activated, Supported
- E. Angered, Believed

Direction: The following sentence has been divided into four parts, only one of which is correct. The other three parts carry errors. Find the correct part and mark the relevant option as your answer. If all the parts are correct, mark option E, i.e., "All are correct" as the answer.

18. The number of acres (A)/ destroyed by wildfires (B)/ has increased dramatically (C)/ over the past several years. (D)

- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D
- E. All are correct

19. Where is the headquarter of the Arab League?

- A. Cairo, Egypt
- B. Abu Dhabi, UAE
- C. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
- D. Doha, Qatar
- E. Muscat, Oman

20. Which of the following organs have the capacity to regenerate?

- A. Liver
- B. Brain
- C. Intestine
- D. Pancreas
- E. None of the above

21. Under the chairmanship of which of the following committees, it was recommended a five-pronged strategy Project 'SASHAKT' to deal with non-performing assets in the country's banking system?

- A. E Sreedharan committee
- B. Rajesh Bindal committee
- C. Sunil Mehta committee
- D. Subhash chandra garg committee
- E. N gopaldaswami committee

22. Vidyadhar Bhattacharya was the architect of which city?

- A. Pushkar
- B. Ajmer
- C. Jaipur
- D. Jodhpur
- E. Agra

23. Rohingya tribe belong to which country?

- A. Thailand
- B. Bangladesh
- C. Myanmar
- D. Afghanistan
- E. Pakistan



24. Kylian Mbappe is related to which sport?

- A. Cricket
- B. Basketball

- C. Football
- D. Badminton
- E. None of these



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ANSWERS

1. Ans. C.

Pattern: +4, +8, +16, +32, +64

So series is 7, 11, 19, 35, (**67**), 131

So **68** is wrong number in the series

2. Ans. B.

Let CP = x

MP be y

So, 78% of x = 60% of y

$$39x/50 = 3y/5$$

$$x = 10y/13$$

And, 60% of 140% of y - x = 184

$$21y/25 - x = 184$$

$$(273y - 250y) / 325 = 184$$

$$23y = 184 \times 325$$

$$y = 2600$$

Thus, CP = x = 10y/13 = Rs. 2000

So option (b) is the correct answer.

3. Ans. A.

Let the cost price of product A be Rs. 4y

Then, the cost price of product B be Rs. 3y

Selling price of product A at 8% loss = Rs. 2208

$$\text{So, } 0.92 \times 4y = 2208$$

$$= 4y = \text{Rs. } 2400$$

So, the cost price of product B = $\frac{3y}{4y} \times 2400 = \text{Rs. } 1800$

Selling price of product B at 8% loss = $0.92 \times 1800 = \text{Rs. } 1656$

So, selling price of product A at 'x%' profit = Rs. 4344 - 1656 = Rs. 2688

$$= \frac{100+x}{100} \text{ of } 2400 = 2688$$

$$= 2400 + 24x = 2688$$

$$= 24x = 288$$

$$= x = 12\%$$

So option (a) is the correct answer.

4. Ans. A.

Let their initial investments per month be x, 2x and 4x respectively

Therefore, of their investments during the first 6 months = x: 2x: 4x



Total investment for 6 months will be $6x$, $12x$, $24x$ respectively

For the next 6 months,

Total investment of Amit = $(3x/2) \times 6 = 9x$

Total investment of Bharat = $6x \times 6 = 36x$

Total investment of Chirag = $3x \times 6 = 18x$

Therefore, at the end of the year,

Total investment of Amit = $15x$

Total investment of Bharat = $48x$

Total investment of Chirag = $42x$

Ratio of their profits will be the same as ratio of their total investments,

Therefore,

Ratio of their profits = $15x : 48x : 42x = 5 : 16 : 14$

So option (a) is the correct answer.

5. Ans. E.

	A	B
Ratio 1	4	1

Now, 10 Lt. of the mixture was taken out in the same ratio 4:1 .

After adding 10 Lt. of mixture ratio of A and B becomes 2:3.

As, we are adding B in the mixture the quantity of A will remain same .

Ratio 2	2	3
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Now we have to make A same .

	A	B
Ratio 1	4	1
Ratio 2	$2 \times 2 = 4$	$3 \times 2 = 6$
		$6 - 1 = 5$

5 = 10Lt.

1 = 2Lt.

Final capacity of mixture = $5 \times 2 = 10$ Lt.

As, 10 Lt. of mixture was removed .

∴ Initial Quantity of mixture = $10 + 10 = 20$ Lt.

Initial quantity of A = $(4 \times 20) / 5 = 16$ Lt.

6. Ans. B.

Let the years after which government introduced the scheme be x

So, total Interest Akash paid in 8 yrs = $16680 - 12000 = 4680$,

Now,



$$SI = PRT/100$$

$$4680 = 12000(6x + 3(8-x))/100$$

$$4680 = 12000(6x + 24 - 3x)/100$$

$$4680 = 120(3x + 24)$$

$$x = 5 \text{ year}$$

7. Ans. D.

1. Three boxes are kept between the one whose colour is Yellow and the one whose colour is Green, one of them is at the bottommost position.

CASE I:

BOX	COLOUR
	Yellow
	Green

CASE II:

BOX	COLOUR
	Green
	Yellow

2. Box D is kept at the topmost position. Two boxes are kept between D and B. Box E is orange and kept immediately below Box B.

CASE I:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
B	Yellow
E	Orange
	Green

CASE II:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
B	Green
E	Orange
	Yellow

3. Box G is placed in the middle of Box B and Box C and is of Black colour. Three boxes are placed between G and F. Box B is placed above Box C.



CASE I:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
F	
B	Yellow
E	Orange
G	Black
C	Green

CASE II:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
F	
B	Green
E	Orange
G	Black
C	Yellow

4. The Box which is white in colour is placed immediately above Box H. Three boxes are placed between the one which is grey in colour and the one which is red in colour. Box H is placed above Box A. Grey colour box is above red colour box.

CASE I:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
F	White
H	Grey
B	Yellow
E	Orange
G	Black
A	Red
C	Green

CASE II:

BOX	COLOUR
D	
F	White
H	Grey
B	Green
E	Orange
G	Black
A	Red
C	Yellow

5. Box C is of green colour, therefore CASE II is not true. Box D is of Violet colour.

BOX	COLOUR
D	Violet
F	White
H	Grey
B	Yellow
E	Orange
G	Black
A	Red
C	Green








8. Ans. C.

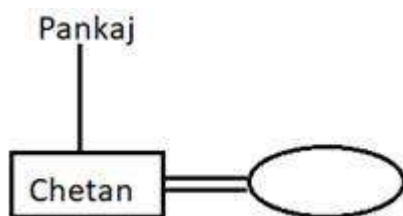
Family member: 8 (Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema)

Male = Female = 4 members and two married couples.

Symbols used in diagrams,

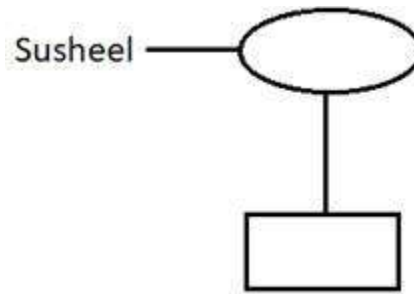
Symbol in diagram	Meaning
	Female
	Male
	Married Couple
	Siblings
	Difference of a generation

1) Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law.



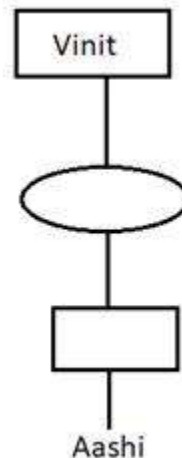
2) Neither Seema nor Sushil is married to Chetan.

3) Susheel's sister has one son.



4) Vinit is the maternal grandfather of Aashi's father as Vinit does not have any son.

(Clearly, Aashi is from fourth generation and unmarried and Vinit is from first generation)



5) Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema.

6) Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother.

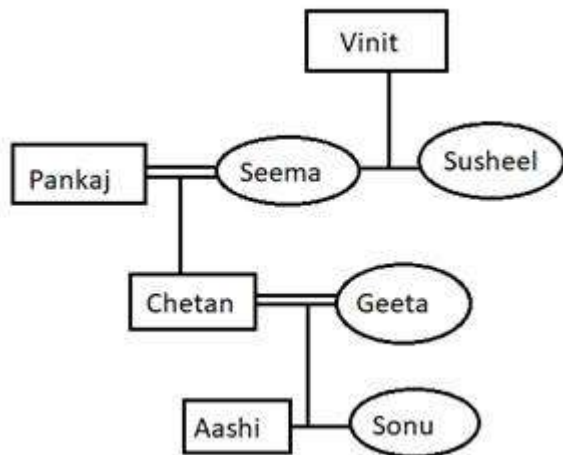
7) Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

(Hence, Susheel is from second generation and is a female. As



chetan is not married to Seema and Sonu is unmarried, Chetan is married to Geeta and Pankaj is married to Seema. Sonu is unmarried and is the daughter of Chetan and Ashi is the son of chetan)

So, the complete family tree is,



Hence, Aashi is not the female member of this family group.

9. Ans. A.

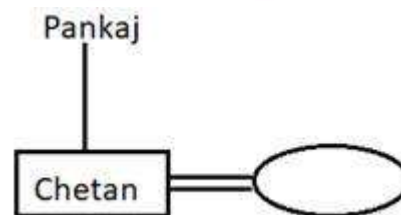
Family member: 8 (Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema)

Male = Female = 4 members and two married couples.

Symbols used in diagrams,

Symbol in diagram	Meaning
○	Female
□	Male
==	Married Couple
—	Siblings
	Difference of a generation

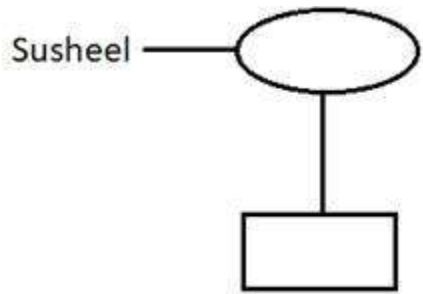
1) Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law.



2) Neither Seema nor Sushil is married to Chetan.

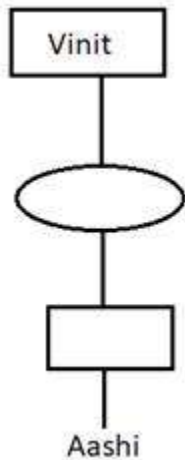
3) Susheel's sister has one son.





4) Vinit is the maternal grandfather of Aashi's father as Vinit does not have any son.

(Clearly, Aashi is from fourth generation and unmarried and Vinit is from first generation)



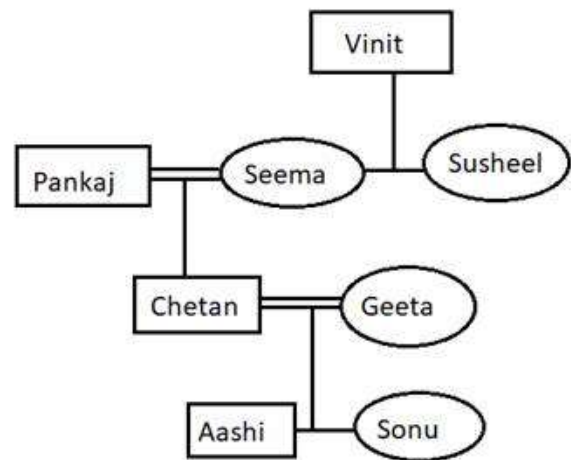
5) Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema.

6) Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother.

7) Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

(Hence, Susheel is from second generation and is a female. As Chetan is not married to Seema and Sonu is unmarried, Chetan is married to Geeta and Pankaj is married to Seema. Sonu is unmarried and is the daughter of Chetan and Aashi is the son of Chetan)

So, the complete family tree is,



Hence, from the above family tree, it is clear that Chetan is the nephew of Susheel.

10. Ans. C.

Family member: 8 (Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema)

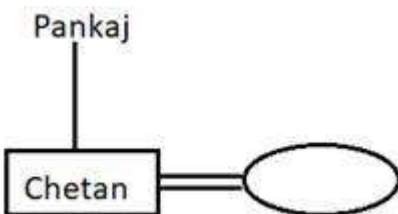


Male = Female = 4 members and two married couples.

Symbols used in diagrams,

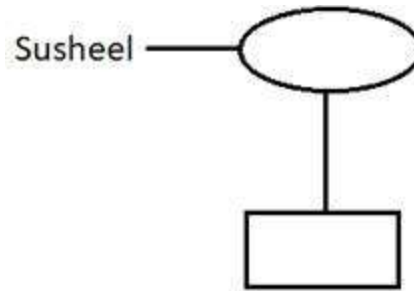
Symbol in diagram	Meaning
	Female
	Male
	Married Couple
	Siblings
	Difference of a generation

1) Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law.



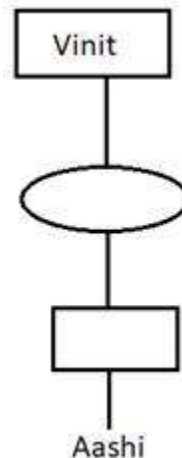
2) Neither Seema nor Sushil is married to Chetan.

3) Susheel's sister has one son.



4) Vinit is the maternal grandfather of Aashi's father as Vinit does not have any son.

(Clearly, Aashi is from fourth generation and unmarried and Vinit is from first generation)



5) Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema.

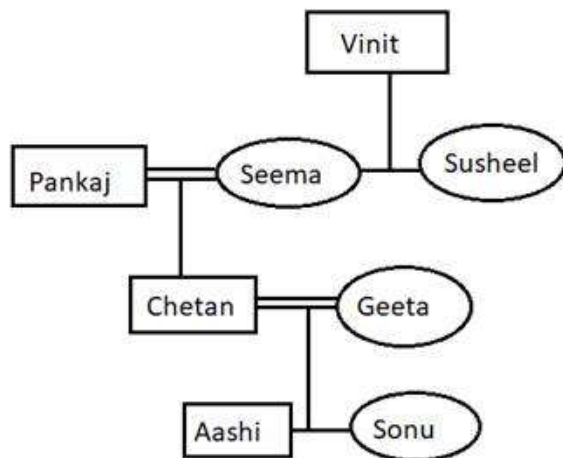


6) Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother.

7) Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

(Hence, Susheel is from second generation and is a female. As Chetan is not married to Seema and Sonu is unmarried, Chetan is married to Geeta and Pankaj is married to Seema. Sonu is unmarried and is the daughter of Chetan and Aashi is the son of Chetan)

So, the complete family tree is,



Hence, from the above family tree, it is clear that Geeta and Seema are the married females in the family.

11. Ans. B.

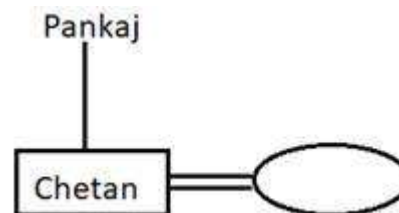
Family member: 8 (Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema)

Male = Female = 4 members and two married couples.

Symbols used in diagrams,

Symbol in diagram	Meaning
○	Female
□	Male
══	Married Couple
—	Siblings
	Difference of a generation

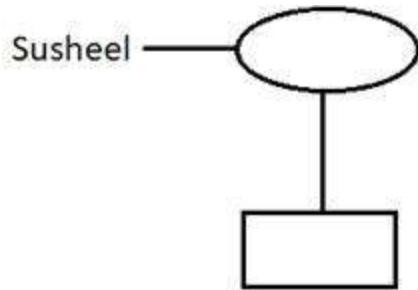
1) Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law.



2) Neither Seema nor Sushil is married to Chetan.

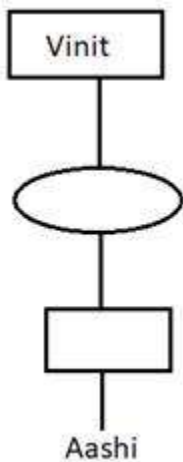


3) Susheel's sister has one son.



4) Vinit is the maternal grandfather of Aashi's father as Vinit does not have any son.

(Clearly, Aashi is from fourth generation and unmarried and Vinit is from first generation)



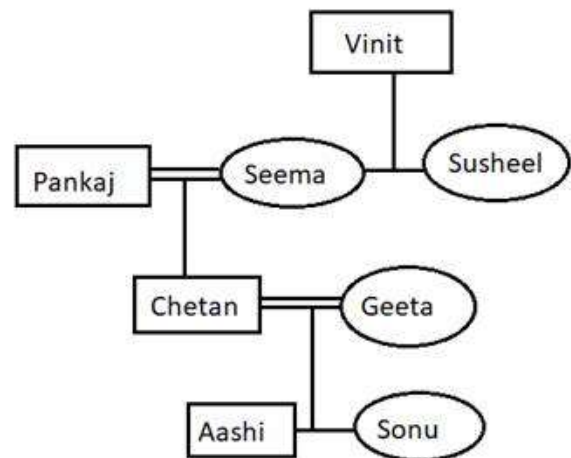
5) Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema.

6) Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother.

7) Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

(Hence, Susheel is from second generation and is a female. As Chetan is not married to Seema and Sonu is unmarried, Chetan is married to Geeta and Pankaj is married to Seema. Sonu is unmarried and is the daughter of Chetan and Aashi is the son of Chetan)

So, the complete family tree is,



Hence, Pankaj belongs to 2nd generation.

12. Ans. B.



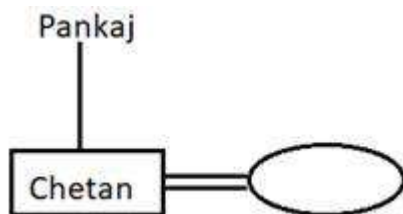
Family member: 8 (Susheel, Geeta, Vinit, Chetan, Sonu, Pankaj, Aashi and Seema)

Male = Female = 4 members and two married couples.

Symbols used in diagrams,

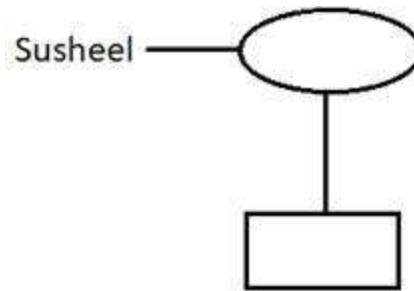
Symbol in diagram	Meaning
	Female
	Male
	Married Couple
	Siblings
	Difference of a generation

1) Chetan is the husband of Pankaj's Daughter in law.



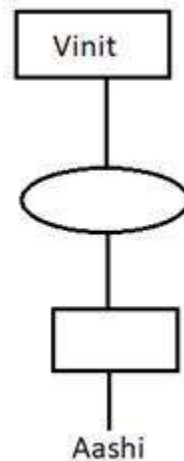
2) Neither Seema nor Sushil is married to Chetan.

3) Susheel's sister has one son.



4) Vinit is the maternal grandfather of Aashi's father as Vinit does not have any son.

(Clearly, Aashi is from fourth generation and unmarried and Vinit is from first generation)



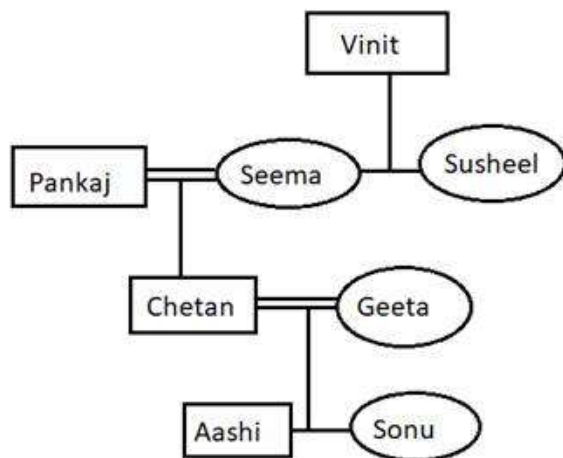
5) Sonu is unmarried and is not the son of Chetan or Seema.

6) Susheel is not married to Pankaj, who is father in law of Sonu's mother.

7) Susheel's nephew has one son and one daughter.

(Hence, Susheel is from second generation and is a female. As chetan is not married to Seema and Sonu is unmarried, Chetan is married to Geeta and Pankaj is married to Seema. Sonu is unmarried and is the daughter of Chetan and Ashi is the son of chetan)

So, the complete family tree is,



Hence, Aashi is the son of Geeta.

13. Ans. C.

The blank is followed by the adjective "infrequent", which could only be modified by an adverb. Thus, the blank must carry an adverb. Out of five given alternatives, only "relatively" is an adverb which means in relation, comparison, or proportion to something else. Hence, option C is the correct answer.

14. Ans. D.

The style of the passage is Expository. Expository writing's main purpose is to explain. It is a subject-oriented writing style, in which authors focus on telling you about a given topic or subject without voicing their personal opinions which cause strong feelings in the minds of reader. Descriptive writing's main purpose is to describe. It is a style of writing that focuses on describing a character, an event, or a place in great detail. Narrative writing's main purpose is to tell a story. The author will create different characters and tell you what happens to them (sometimes the author writes from the point of view of one of the characters). Persuasive writing's main purpose is to convince. Unlike expository writing, persuasive writing contains the opinions and biases of the author. An argument paragraph presents a point of view and provides evidence



for the point of view taken. An argument is an opinion supported by facts. Writers refer to opinions as claims and facts as evidence.

15. Ans. C.

The structure **no sooner...than** is used to talk about something that happens immediately after something else. When 'no sooner' comes at the beginning of a sentence, we use the passive voice. That means the auxiliary verb comes before the subject. Hence, B-D is the only possibility that can be formed.

Reframed sentence: No sooner had she agreed to marry him than she started to have terrible doubts.

16. Ans. D.

The paragraph is talking about the India-Pakistan war in 1965, wherein both countries claim to be victorious. Sentence C comes first as it introduces the topic by the mentioning the year and the first act (Pakistani forces infiltrated India-occupied Kashmir) of the sequence. Now, sentence E comes next as it describes what the forces did next. Now, none of the remaining sentences talks about what happened after the truce. So, we have to mention the truce before anything else. Sentence B mentions the truce, so B comes next. D & A are the remaining sentences.

Sentence 6 which is the fixed part in the passage mentions 'neutral assessments'. It means the opinions of people not involved in the war. Sentence A states the opinion of an American reporter. So, A comes before 6, which A to come after B. thus the final sequence becomes CEBDA. Thus, the fourth statement is D.

17. Ans. C.

Insisted- demanded something forcefully

Provoked- stimulated or gave rise to

Incited-encouraged or stirred up

Determined -having made a firm decision and being resolved not to change it

Option A 'Resulted' cannot be put in the first blank as it would require the preposition 'in'.

Option D is incorrect as the blanks need to convey contradictory ideas. An outcry will not be activated if people support an idea.

Taking option B into consideration, 'determine' cannot fit in the second blank as we need a verb in the past form. According to the sentence, the residents are against the move, which means they already know that the move is detrimental to their health.



Option E is incorrect as the phrase 'angered an outcry' is grammatically wrong.

The words mentioned in option C perfectly fit in the blanks.

People fear that mercury is harmful to them and hence this will encourage or incite them to raise an outcry against its dumping. Thus, option C is the correct answer.

18. Ans. E.

All the parts are grammatically and syntactically correct. It should be noted that the phrase 'the number' always takes a singular verb while the phrase 'a number' takes a plural verb.

Hence, option E is the correct answer.

Note: Here, the plural form 'wildfires' refers to multiple instances/places where the wildfire caused destruction. So, it is correct to use the plural form.

The use of the phrase 'over the past several years' implies a continuing process. So, it is correct to use 'has' i.e. present perfect tense.

19. Ans. A.

The Headquarters of the Arab League is located in Tahrir Square district of **Cairo, Egypt**. It was founded in Cairo in March 1945.

The League of Arab States, or Arab League, is a voluntary association of countries whose peoples are mainly Arabic speaking or where Arabic is an official language.

Its stated aims are to strengthen ties among member states, coordinate their policies and direct them towards a common good.

It has 22 members including Palestine, which the League regards as an independent state.

The **22 members of the Arab League as of 2018** were Algeria, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, the United Arab Emirates and Yemen.

20. Ans. A.

The liver is the only organ of the body which has the capacity to regenerate.



The liver is one of the largest organs in the body. It has many important metabolic functions. It converts the nutrients in our diets into substances that the body can use, stores these substances, and supplies cells with them when needed. It also takes up toxic substances and converts them into harmless substances or makes sure they are released from the body.

The liver carries out many important functions, such as making important blood proteins and bile, changing food into energy, and cleaning alcohol and poisons from the blood.

21. Ans. C.

Committee led by Punjab National Bank Chairman Sunil Mehta on bad loans resolution has recommended a five-pronged strategy Project 'SASHAKT' to deal with Non-performing Assets in the country's banking system.

So, option C is correct.

22. Ans. C.

Vidyadhar Bhattacharya (1693-1751) was the chief architect and city planner of **Jaipur, Rajasthan.**

A Bengali architect, who hailed from Naihati of present-day West Bengal, he was already working in the Amer

state as Junior Auditor when approached by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II in 1727 to build one of the earliest planned cities of India.

23. Ans. C.

Rohingya are an ethnic group, largely comprising Muslims, who predominantly live in the Western Myanmar province of Rakhine. They speak a dialect of Bengali, as opposed to the commonly spoken Burmese language

24. Ans. C.

Kylian Mbappé Lottin is a French professional footballer who plays as a forward for Ligue 1 club Paris Saint-Germain and the France national team.

