

CBSE Class 11 Physics Practicals 2023-24

Total Periods: 60

The record, to be submitted by the students, at the time of their annual examination, has to include:

- Record of at least 8 Experiments [with 4 from each section], to be performed by the students.
- Record of at least 6 Activities [with 3 each from section A and section B], to be performed by the students.
- Report of the project carried out by the students.

EVALUATION SCHEME

Time 3 hours Max. Marks: 30

Topic	Marks
Two experiments one from each section	7+7
Practical record (experiment and activities)	5
One activity from any section	3
Investigatory Project	3
Viva on experiments, activities and project	5
Total	30

SECTION-A

Experiments

- 1. To measure diameter of a small spherical/cylindrical body and to measure internal diameter and depth of a given beaker/calorimeter using Vernier Callipers and hence find its volume.
- 2. To measure diameter of a given wire and thickness of a given sheet using screw gauge.



- 3. To determine volume of an irregular lamina using screw gauge.
- 4. To determine radius of curvature of a given spherical surface by a spherometer.
- 5. To determine the mass of two different objects using a beam balance.
- 6. To find the weight of a given body using parallelogram law of vectors.
- 7. Using a simple pendulum, plot its L-T² graph and use it to find the effective length of second's pendulum.
- 8. To study variation of time period of a simple pendulum of a given length by taking bobs of same size but different masses and interpret the result.
- 9. To study the relationship between force of limiting friction and normal reaction and to find the co- efficient of friction between a block and a horizontal surface.
- 10. To find the downward force, along an inclined plane, acting on a roller due to gravitational pull of the earth and study its relationship with the angle of inclination θ by plotting graph between force and Sin θ .

Activities

- 1. To make a paper scale of given least count, e.g., 0.2cm, 0.5 cm.
- 2. To determine mass of a given body using a metre scale by principle of moments.
- 3. To plot a graph for a given set of data, with proper choice of scales and error bars.
- 4. To measure the force of limiting friction for rolling of a roller on a horizontal plane.
- 5. To study the variation in range of a projectile with angle of projection.
- 6. To study the conservation of energy of a ball rolling down on an inclined plane (using a double inclined plane).
- 7. To study dissipation of energy of a simple pendulum by plotting a graph between square of amplitude and time.



SECTION-B

Experiments

- 1. To determine Young's modulus of elasticity of the material of a given wire.
- 2. To find the force constant of a helical spring by plotting a graph between load and extension.
- 3. To study the variation in volume with pressure for a sample of air at constant temperature by plotting graphs between P and V, and between P and 1/V.
- 4. To determine the surface tension of water by capillary rise method.
- 5. To determine the coefficient of viscosity of a given viscous liquid by measuring terminal velocity of a given spherical body.
- 6. To study the relationship between the temperature of a hot body and time by plotting a cooling curve.
- 7. To determine specific heat capacity of a given solid by method of mixtures.
- 8. To study the relation between frequency and length of a given wire under constant tension using sonometer.
- 9. To study the relation between the length of a given wire and tension for constant frequency using sonometer.
- 10. To find the speed of sound in air at room temperature using a resonance tube by two resonance positions.

Activities

- 1. To observe change of state and plot a cooling curve for molten wax.
- 2. To observe and explain the effect of heating on a bi-metallic strip.
- 3. To note the change in level of liquid in a container on heating and interpret the observations.
- 4. To study the effect of detergent on surface tension of water by observing capillary rise.
- 5. To study the factors affecting the rate of loss of heat of a liquid.
- 6. To study the effect of load on depression of a suitably clamped metre scale loaded at (i) its end (ii) in the middle.
- 7. To observe the decrease in pressure with increase in velocity of a fluid.