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Manirathinam – The Cashier

1. Maniratnam is the cashier of king Jayan. His job is to find out the salary of all the people who work for the king. This chart shows how much salary each person gets in a day.

Person	Salary in a day
Minister	Rs 195
Horse rider	Rs 76
Cook	Rs 65

Maniratnam wanted to calculate the salary of the cook for the month of January. He wrote —

	60	5
30	$60 \times 30$ <b>1800</b>	$5 \times 30$ <b>150</b>
1	$60 \times 1$ <b>60</b>	$5 \times 1$ <b>5</b>

Rupees  $1800 + 150 + 60 + 5 = \text{Rs } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer:

Rupees  $1800 + 150 + 60 + 5 = \text{Rs } (1950 + 65) = \text{Rs } 2015$

2. Maniratnam's daughter Bela has learnt another method to multiply. She wrote like this and showed it to Bhanu, her brother.

Akka, how did you do this?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 65 \\
 \times 31 \\
 \hline
 65 \quad (65 \times 1) \\
 + 1950 \quad (65 \times 30) \\
 \hline
 \hline
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

We can multiply 65 with 31 in two steps. We know 31 is 30 + 1. So first multiply 65 with 1 and then multiply with 30.

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 65 \\
 \times 31 \\
 \hline
 65 \quad (65 \times 1) \\
 + 1950 \quad (65 \times 30) \\
 \hline
 \mathbf{2015}
 \end{array}$$

3. Now Bhanu tried to find the salary of a minister for the month of January. He wanted to multiply  $195 \times 31$ .

$$\begin{array}{r}
 195 \\
 \times 31 \\
 \hline
 195 \quad (195 \times 1) \\
 + \quad \_ \_ \_ 0 \quad (195 \times 30) \\
 \hline
 \hline
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

To multiply by 30 I first write a zero here. Then I only have to multiply by 3.

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 195 \\
 \times 31 \\
 \hline
 195 \quad (195 \times 1) \\
 + \underline{5850} \quad (195 \times 30) \\
 \hline
 \underline{6045}
 \end{array}$$

Practical time

1. Use Bela's method to multiply these numbers.

a)  $32 \times 46$  b)  $67 \times 18$

$  \begin{array}{r}  32 \\  \times 46 \\  \hline  192 \quad (32 \times 6) \\  + \text{-----} \quad (32 \times 40) \\  \hline  \hline  \hline  \end{array}  $	$  \begin{array}{r}  67 \\  \times 18 \\  \hline  \text{---} \quad (67 \times 8) \\  + 670 \quad (67 \times \text{--}) \\  \hline  \hline  \hline  \end{array}  $
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Answer:

a)  $32 \times 46 = 1472$  b)  $67 \times 18 = 1206$

$  \begin{array}{r}  32 \\  \times 46 \\  \hline  192 \quad (32 \times 6) \\  + \underline{1280} \quad (32 \times 40) \\  \hline  \underline{1472}  \end{array}  $	$  \begin{array}{r}  67 \\  \times 18 \\  \hline  \underline{536} \quad (67 \times 8) \\  + 670 \quad (67 \times \text{--}) \\  \hline  \underline{1206}  \end{array}  $
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2) Do these in your notebook using Bela's method.

a)  $47 \times 19$  b)  $188 \times 91$

c)  $63 \times 57$  d)  $225 \times 22$

e)  $360 \times 12$  f)  $163 \times 42$

Answer:

(a)

$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ \times 19 \\ \hline 423 \quad (47 \times 9) \\ + 470 \quad (47 \times 10) \\ \hline 893 \end{array}$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{r} 188 \\ \times 91 \\ \hline 188 \quad (188 \times 1) \\ + 16920 \quad (188 \times 90) \\ \hline 17108 \end{array}$$

(c)

$$\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ \times 57 \\ \hline 441 \quad (63 \times 7) \\ + 3150 \quad (63 \times 50) \\ \hline 3591 \end{array}$$

(d)

$$\begin{array}{r} 225 \\ \times 22 \\ \hline 450 \quad (225 \times 2) \\ + 4500 \quad (225 \times 20) \\ \hline 4950 \end{array}$$

(e)

$$\begin{array}{r} 360 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline 720 \quad (360 \times 2) \\ + 3600 \quad (360 \times 10) \\ \hline 4320 \end{array}$$

(f)

$$\begin{array}{r} 163 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 326 \quad (163 \times 2) \\ + 6520 \quad (163 \times 40) \\ \hline 6846 \end{array}$$

### Shantaram a Special Cook

1. Shantaram is a special cook who comes only on party days. Last year he was called for only 28 days. For each day he has to be paid Rs 165. Find out how much money he will get in all.

Answer:

Given,

Salary paid to Shantaram for 1 day = Rs 165

So, the salary paid to Shantaram for 28 days = Rs  $165 \times 28$



So, the salary paid to the minister for 365 days = Rs  $195 \times 365$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 195 \\
 \times 365 \\
 \hline
 975 \quad (195 \times 5) \\
 11700 \quad (195 \times 60) \\
 + 58500 \quad (195 \times 300) \\
 \hline
 71175
 \end{array}$$

Hence, the salary of the minister for 1 year is Rs 71,175

And,

The salary paid to the horse rider for 1 day = Rs 95

So, the salary paid to the horse rider for 365 days =  $365 \times$  Rs 95

$$\begin{array}{r}
 365 \\
 \times 95 \\
 \hline
 1825 \quad (365 \times 5) \\
 + 32850 \quad (365 \times 90) \\
 \hline
 34675
 \end{array}$$

Hence, the salary of the minister for 1 year is Rs 34,675

### Years and Years

(a) Sohan drinks 8 glasses of water every day.

- How many glasses will he drink in one month? \_\_\_\_\_
- How many glasses will he drink in one year?
- If 125 people living in a colony drink 8 glasses of water in a day, how much water will they drink in a year?

**Answer:**

The number of glasses of water Sohan drinks everyday = 8

We know that, 1 months – 30 days

So, the number of glasses of water consumed by Sohan =  $8 \times 30$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 30 \\
 \times 8 \\
 \hline
 240
 \end{array}$$

Hence, Sohan will drink 240 glasses of water in one month.

Now, we know 1 year = 365 days

So, the number of glasses of water consumed by Sohan in 365 days =  $365 \times 8$

$$\begin{array}{r} 365 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 2920 \end{array}$$

Hence, Sohan will drink 2,920 glasses of water in one year.

We have, the number of glasses of water consumed by 1 person for a year = 2,920

So, the number glasses of water consumed by 125 people of the colony for one year =  $2920 \times 125$

				2	9	2	0
x				1	2	5	
<hr/>							
+			1	4	6	0	0
+			5	8	4	0	0
+		2	9	2	0	0	0
<hr/>							
=		3	6	5	0	0	0

Therefore, 125 people of the colony will drink 3, 65,000 glasses of water in one year.

**(b) If Soha's heart beats 72 times in one minute, how many times does it beat in one hour?**

- Now find out how many times it beats in one day.
- Count your own heart beats to find out how many times your heart beats in one week.

**Answer:**

The number of times Soha's heart beats in one minute = 72

We know, 1 hour = 60 minutes

So, the number of times Soha's heart beats in one hour =  $72 \times 60$

$$\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ \times 60 \\ \hline 00 \quad (72 \times 0) \\ 4320 \quad (72 \times 60) \\ \hline 4320 \end{array}$$

Hence, Soha's heart beats 4,320 times in one hour.

Now, we know one day has 24 hours.

So, the number of times Soha's heart beats in a day =  $4320 \times 24$

				4	3	2	0
x						2	4
<hr/>							
+			1	7	2	8	0
+			8	6	4	0	<b>0</b>
<hr/>							
=	1	0	3	6	8	0	

Hence, the number of times Soha's heart beat in a day is 1, 03,680.

Next,

My heart beats 72 times in a minute. We know, 1 week has 7 days.

So, the number of times my heart beats in one week =  $1, 03,680 \times 7$

		1	0	3	6	8	0
x							7
<hr/>							
+	7	2	5	7	6	0	
<hr/>							
=	7	2	5	7	6	0	

Hence, the number times my heart beats in a week is 7, 25,760.

**(c) A baby elephant drinks around 12 L of milk every day. How much milk will it drink in two years?**

**Answer:**

The number of litres of milk the baby elephant drinks in a day = 12 L

We know, number of days in a year = 365

And the number of days in two years =  $365 \times 2 = 730$

$$\begin{array}{r} 365 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 730 \end{array}$$

So, the number of litres of milk the baby elephant drinks in two years =  $12 \times 730$



$$\begin{array}{r}
 730 \\
 \times 12 \\
 \hline
 1460 \quad (730 \times 2) \\
 7300 \quad (730 \times 10) \\
 \hline
 8760
 \end{array}$$

Hence, the number of litres of milk the baby elephant will consume in two years is 8,760.

**(d) A baby blue whale drinks around 200 L of milk in one day. Just imagine how much milk that is! Find out in how many days your family would use 200 L milk. How much milk would the baby blue whale drink in eight months?**

**Answer:**

Number of litres of milk a baby blue whale drinks in one day = 200

Number of litres of milk used in my family in one day = 2

So, the number of days for consuming 200 L of milk by my family =  $200/2 = 100$  days

Now,

We know 1 month = 30 days then, 8 months =  $30 \times 8 = 240$  days

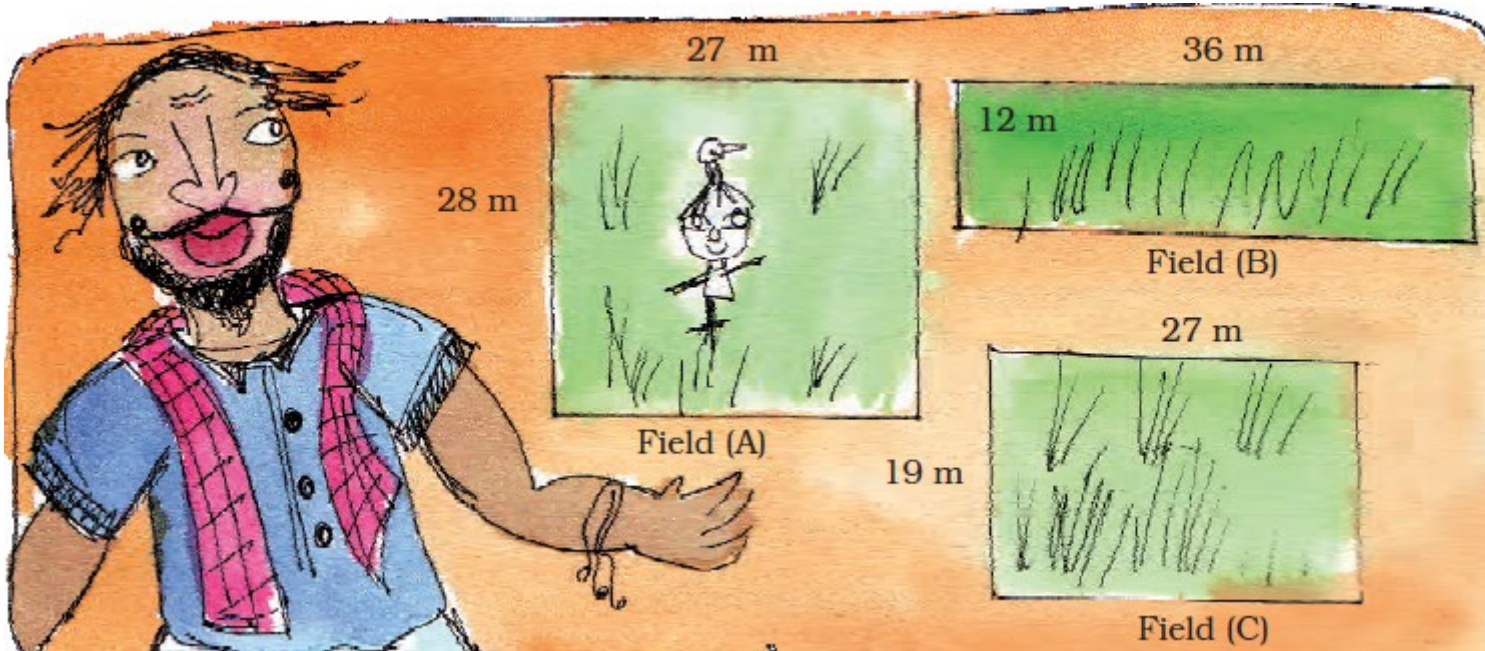
So, the number of litres of milk the baby blue whale will drink in eight months =  $200 \times 240$

				2	0	0
×				2	4	0
+			0	0	0	0
+			8	0	0	0
+	4	0	0	0	0	0
=	4	8	0	0	0	0

Hence, the baby blue whale will consume 48,000 L of milk in eight months.

**Karunya – The landlord**

**Karunya bought three fields.**



1. Find the area of all the three

Field (A) \_\_\_\_\_ square metre.

Field (B) \_\_\_\_\_ square metre.

Field (C) \_\_\_\_\_ square metre.

**Answer:**

Dimensions of field (A): Length = 27 m and breadth = 28 m

Area (A) =  $27 \times 28$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 28 \\
 \times 27 \\
 \hline
 196 \quad (28 \times 7) \\
 560 \quad (28 \times 20) \\
 \hline
 756
 \end{array}$$

Field (A) 756 square metre.

Dimensions of field (B): Length = 36 m and breadth = 12 m

Area (B) =  $36 \times 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline 72 \quad (36 \times 2) \\ 360 \quad (36 \times 10) \\ \hline 432 \end{array}$$

Field (B) 432 square metre.

Dimensions of field (C): Length = 27 m and breadth = 19 m

Area (C) =  $27 \times 19$

$$\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ \times 19 \\ \hline 243 \quad (27 \times 9) \\ 270 \quad (27 \times 10) \\ \hline 513 \end{array}$$

Field (C) 513 square metre.

**2. He bought field (A) at the rate of Rs 95 for a square metre, field (B) at Rs 110 for a square metre and field (C) at Rs 120 for a square metre. Find the cost of all three fields.**

**Answer:**

Cost of 1 square metre of field A = Rs 95

So, the cost of 756 square metre of field A = Rs  $(756 \times 95)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 756 \\ \times 95 \\ \hline 3780 \quad (756 \times 5) \\ 68040 \quad (756 \times 90) \\ \hline 71820 \end{array}$$

Thus, the cost of field A is Rs 71,820

Cost of 1 square metre of field B = Rs 110

So, the cost of 432 square metre of field B = Rs  $(432 \times 110)$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 432 \\
 \times 110 \\
 \hline
 000 \quad (432 \times 0) \\
 4320 \quad (432 \times 10) \\
 43200 \quad (432 \times 100) \\
 \hline
 47520
 \end{array}$$

Thus, the cost of field B is Rs 47,520

Cost of 1 square metre of field C = Rs 120

So, the cost of 513 square metre of field C = Rs (756 x 95)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 513 \\
 \times 120 \\
 \hline
 000 \quad (513 \times 0) \\
 10260 \quad (513 \times 20) \\
 51300 \quad (513 \times 100) \\
 \hline
 61560
 \end{array}$$

Thus, the cost of field C is Rs 61,560

Now,

The total cost of all the fields = Rs 71,820 + Rs 47,520 + Rs 61,560 = Rs 1, 80,900

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Thulasi and her husband work on Karunya's farm. The Government has said that farm workers should be paid at least Rs 71 for one day's work. But he pays Rs 55 to Thulasi and Rs 58 to her husband.

If Thulasi works for 49 days, how much money does she get? \_\_\_\_\_

If her husband works for 42 days, how much money does he get? \_\_\_\_\_

Find the money they earn together \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer:**

Thulasi is paid Rs 55 for one day's work.

So, if she works for 49 days, she will get = Rs 55 x 49

$$\begin{array}{r}
 55 \\
 \times 49 \\
 \hline
 495 \text{ (} 55 \times 9 \text{)} \\
 2200 \text{ (} 55 \times 40 \text{)} \\
 \hline
 2695
 \end{array}$$

Thus, Thulasi will get Rs 2,695 for working 49 days in the farm.

Thulasi's husband is paid Rs 58 for a day's work.

So, if he works for 42 days, he will get = Rs 58 x 42

$$\begin{array}{r}
 58 \\
 \times 42 \\
 \hline
 116 \text{ (} 58 \times 2 \text{)} \\
 2320 \text{ (} 58 \times 40 \text{)} \\
 \hline
 2436
 \end{array}$$

Thus, Thulasi's husband will get Rs 2,436 for working 42 days in the farm.

Total money earned by both of them = Rs 2,695 + Rs 2,436 = Rs 5,131

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I saw this in the newspaper.  
Governments of different states have said that farmworkers should not be paid less than this salary for a day's work.

State	Salary for one day
Haryana	Rs 135
Rajasthan	Rs 73
Madhya Pradesh	Rs 97
Orissa	Rs 75

The table shows the amounts fixed by four states.

a) For farm work which state has fixed the highest amount? Which state has fixed the lowest?

b) Bhairon Singh is a worker in Rajasthan. If he works for 8 weeks on the farm, how much will he earn?

c) Neelam is a worker in Haryana. If she works for  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months on the farm, how much will she earn?

d) How much more will a farm worker in Madhya Pradesh get than a worker in Orissa after working for 9 weeks?

**Answers:**

(a) For farm work, Haryana has fixed the highest amount of Rs 135 for one day. The lowest is for Rajasthan paying Rs 73 for one day.

(b) Bhairon Singh works in Rajasthan, so he will be paid Rs 73 for one day.

We know, 1 week = 7 days

Then, 8 weeks =  $7 \times 8 = 56$  days

So, Bhairon Singh's earnings for working in the farm for 56 days = Rs  $73 \times 56$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 73 \\
 \times 56 \\
 \hline
 438 \quad (73 \times 6) \\
 3650 \quad (73 \times 50) \\
 \hline
 4088
 \end{array}$$

Thus, Bhairon Singh will earn Rs 4,088 in 8 weeks.

(c) Neelam working in Haryana will be paid Rs 135 for one day.

We know, 1 month = 30 days and  $\frac{1}{2}$  month =  $30/2 = 15$  days

Then,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months =  $(2 \times 30) + 15 = 75$  days

So, the earnings of Neelam for working in the farm for  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months = Rs  $135 \times 75$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 135 \\
 \times 75 \\
 \hline
 675 \quad (135 \times 5) \\
 9450 \quad (135 \times 70) \\
 \hline
 10125
 \end{array}$$

Hence, Neelam will earn Rs 10,125 in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months.

(d) The salary of a farm workers for one day in Madhya Pradesh = Rs 97

We know, one week = 7 days

Then, 9 weeks =  $9 \times 7 = 63$  days

So, the earning of a farm worker working for 63 days = Rs  $97 \times 63$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 97 \\
 \times 63 \\
 \hline
 291 \quad (97 \times 3) \\
 5820 \quad (97 \times 60) \\
 \hline
 6111
 \end{array}$$

Hence, a farm worker will get Rs 6,111 in 9 weeks working in Madhya Pradesh.

Now,

The salary of a farm workers for one day in Orissa = Rs 75

We know, one week = 7 days

Then, 9 weeks =  $9 \times 7 = 63$  days

So, the earning of a farm worker working for 63 days =  $\text{Rs } 75 \times 63$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 75 \\
 \times 63 \\
 \hline
 225 \quad (75 \times 3) \\
 4500 \quad (75 \times 60) \\
 \hline
 4725
 \end{array}$$

Hence, a farm worker will get Rs 4,725 in 9 weeks working in Madhya Pradesh.

Difference between the earning of the farm workers =  $\text{Rs } 6,111 - \text{Rs } 4,725 = \text{Rs } 1,386$

Therefore, a farm worker in Madhya Pradesh will get Rs 1,386 more than a farm worker in Orissa after working for 9 weeks.

### Satish's story

Satish is a 13 year old boy. His father had taken a loan for farming. But the crops failed. Now Satish's mother has to pay Rs 5000 every month for the loan.

Satish started working — he looked after 17 goats of the village.

He earns Rupee 1 every day for one goat.

- How much will he earn in one month?
- Does he earn enough to help pay the loan every month?
- How much will he earn in one year?

**Answers:**

Satish earns Rs 1 for one goat every day. He looked after 17 goats of his village.

So, Satish will earn = Rs  $1 \times 17$  = Rs 17 for a day

Hence,

For a month Satish will earn = Rs  $17 \times 30$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 17 \\ \hline 210 \quad (30 \times 7) \\ 300 \quad (30 \times 10) \\ \hline 510 \end{array}$$

Thus, Satish will earn Rs 510 in one month.

Satish's mother has to pay Rs 5,000 every month for the loan. But, the earnings of Satish will not help pay the loan every month.

We know, 1 year = 12 months

Satish's earning in one year = Rs  $510 \times 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} 510 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline 1020 \quad (510 \times 2) \\ 5100 \quad (510 \times 10) \\ \hline 6120 \end{array}$$

Therefore, Satish will earn Rs 6,120 in one year for looking after 17 goats.

### Kamla Bai's story

To help farmers the State Government gave cows. Kamla Bai Gudhe also got a cow. The cost of the cow was Rs 17,500. She had to pay Rs 5,500 and the government spent the rest of the money.

- How much did the government spend on the cow?
- If 9 people from her village got cows, how much did the government spend in all?

But Kamla Bai was not happy, She had to spend Rs 85 everyday on the cow. She made some money by selling the milk. But still she wanted to sell the cow.

- If Kamla Bai spends Rs 85 a day, find out how much she will spend in one month.
- The cow gives 8 litre of milk every day. How much will it give in one month?
- If the milk is sold at Rs 9 per litre, how much money will Kamla Bai make in one month?

So the money spent on keeping the cow was Rs \_\_\_\_\_



Money earned by selling the milk Rs \_\_\_\_\_

Which is more — money spent on the cow or money earned from it? How much?

- Explain why she wanted to sell the cow.

**Answers:**

- Kamla Bai paid Rs 5,500 for getting the cow.

The cost of the cow is Rs 17,500.

So, the amount government spent on the cow = Rs (17,500 – 5,500)

$$\begin{array}{r} 17500 \\ - 5500 \\ \hline 12000 \end{array}$$

Hence, the government spent Rs 12,000 on one cow.

- Now, we know the money spent by the government for one cow is Rs 12,000

So, for 9 cows the money spent by the government would be = Rs 12,000 x 9

$$\begin{array}{r} 12000 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 108000 \end{array}$$

Hence, the government spent Rs 1, 08,000 on nine cows for nine people.

- Kamla Bai spends Rs 85 a day.

1 month = 30 days

So, the money spent by Kamla Bai in one month = Rs 85 x 30

$$\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 00 \text{ (85} \times 0\text{)} \\ 2550 \text{ (85} \times 30\text{)} \\ \hline 2550 \end{array}$$

Hence, Kamla Bai will spend Rs 2,550 on the cow in one month.

- The cow gives 8 litres a day.

1 month = 30 days

So, the amount of milk the cow will give in one month = 8 L x 30

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 240 \end{array}$$

Hence, the cow will give 240 litres of milk in one month.

- The milk is sold at Rs 9 per litre.

Then, the selling price for 240 litres of milk = Rs 9 x 240

$$\begin{array}{r} 240 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline 2160 \end{array}$$

Hence, Kamla Bai will earn Rs 2,160 by selling 240 litres of milk in one month.

So, the money spent for keeping the cow was Rs 2,550

Money earned by selling the milk Rs 2,160

The money spent on the cow is more as compared to the money earned by the cow.

= Money spent for the cow – Money earned by selling milk

= Rs 2,550 – Rs 2,160

= Rs 390

Hence, the money spent on keeping the cow is Rs 390 more than the money earned by selling the milk.

- She wanted to sell the cow because she had to spend more money on the cow compared to her earnings by selling the milk of the cow.

### Practice time

(a) Sukhi works on a farm. He is paid Rs 98 for one day. If he works for 52 days, how much will he earn?

(b) Hariya took a loan to build his house. He has to pay back Rs 2,750 every month for two years. How much will he pay back in 2 years?

(c) Ratiram is milk seller in the city. He sells 13 litres of milk everyday at Rs 23 per litre. How much does he earn?

(d) A farmer sells 1 litre of milk for Rs 11. In one month he sells 210 litres of milk. How much does he earn in a month?

(e) A company sells 1 litre of packed water for Rs 12. A shopkeeper buys 240 litres of packed water. How much does he pay?

**Answers:**

(a) Sukhi is paid Rs 98 for working one day on a farm.

So, his earning if he works 52 days will be = Rs 98 x 52

$$\begin{array}{r}
 52 \\
 \times 98 \\
 \hline
 416 \quad (52 \times 8) \\
 4680 \quad (52 \times 90) \\
 \hline
 5096
 \end{array}$$

Hence, Sukhi will earn Rs 5,096 by working in the farm for 52 days.

(b) Hariya pays back Rs 2,750 every month.

She has to pay the amount for a period of 2 years.

2 years = 2 x 12 months = 24 months

So, the money to be paid by Hariya in 24 months = Rs 2,750 x 24

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2750 \\
 \times 24 \\
 \hline
 11000 \quad (2750 \times 4) \\
 55000 \quad (2750 \times 20) \\
 \hline
 66000
 \end{array}$$

Hence, Hariya will pay back Rs 66,000 in 2 years for the loan.

(c) The earnings of Ratiram by selling 1 litre of milk = Rs 23.

Then, the earnings of Ratiram by selling 13 litres of milk = Rs 23 x 13

$$\begin{array}{r}
 23 \\
 \times 13 \\
 \hline
 69 \quad (23 \times 3) \\
 230 \quad (23 \times 10) \\
 \hline
 299
 \end{array}$$

Hence, Ratiram earns Rs 299 after selling 13 litre of milk every day.

(d) The farmer sells 1 litre of milk at Rs 11.

So, the earning of selling 210 litres of milk in one month = Rs 11 x 210

$$\begin{array}{r}
 210 \\
 \times 11 \\
 \hline
 210 \quad (210 \times 1) \\
 2100 \quad (210 \times 10) \\
 \hline
 2310
 \end{array}$$

Hence, the farmer earns Rs 2,310 in a month by selling milk.

(e) Selling price of 1 litre of packed water = Rs 12

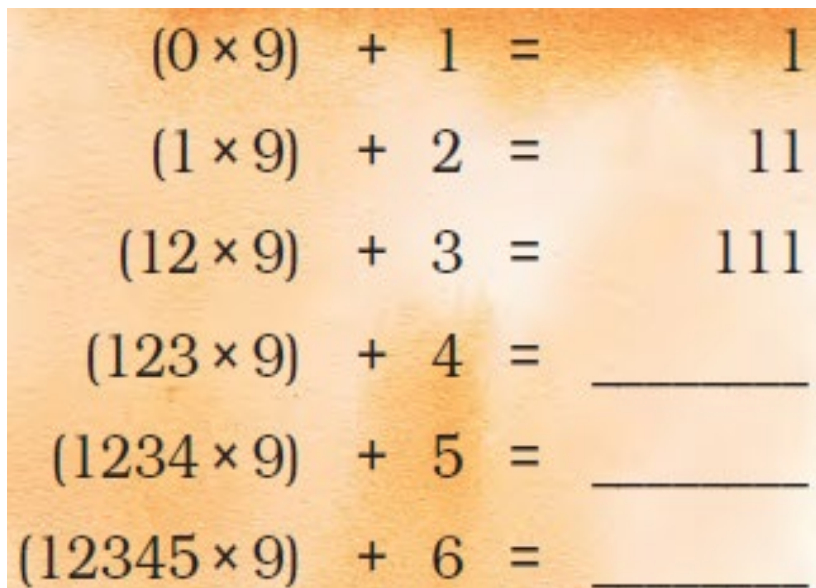
Then, the amount the shopkeeper has to pay for buying 240 litres of packed water = Rs 12 x 240

$$\begin{array}{r}
 240 \\
 \times 12 \\
 \hline
 480 \quad (240 \times 2) \\
 2400 \quad (240 \times 10) \\
 \hline
 2880
 \end{array}$$

Hence, the shopkeeper has to pay Rs 2,880 for 240 litres of packed water.

### Fun with multiplication

A) Look for the pattern and take this forward.



$$\begin{array}{l}
 (0 \times 9) + 1 = 1 \\
 (1 \times 9) + 2 = 11 \\
 (12 \times 9) + 3 = 111 \\
 (123 \times 9) + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 (1234 \times 9) + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\
 (12345 \times 9) + 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}
 \end{array}$$

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 (0 \times 9) + 1 = 1 \\
 (1 \times 9) + 2 = 11 \\
 (12 \times 9) + 3 = 111 \\
 (123 \times 9) + 4 = \underline{1111} \\
 (1234 \times 9) + 5 = \underline{11111} \\
 (12345 \times 9) + 6 = \underline{111111}
 \end{array}$$

B) Each letter a, b, c stands for a number.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{a a a} \\
 \times \text{a a a} \\
 \hline
 \text{a a a} \\
 \text{a a a 0} \\
 \text{a a a 0 0} \\
 \hline
 \text{a b c b a}
 \end{array}$$

Take a = 1, then find what the numbers b and c will be.

Answer:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 111 \\
 \times 111 \\
 \hline
 111 \quad (111 \times 1) \\
 1110 \quad (111 \times 10) \\
 11100 \quad (111 \times 100) \\
 \hline
 12321
 \end{array}$$

Therefore, we have b = 2 and c = 3.

C) Tricks with your age.

Write your age \_\_\_\_\_

Multiply it by 7 \_\_\_\_\_

Again multiply the answer by 13 \_\_\_\_\_

Multiply again that answer by 11 \_\_\_\_\_

Now look at your last answer. Can you find your age in that answer? How many times does your age show in the answer?

Now try this trick with other people.

**Answer:**

Write your age: 10

Multiply it by 7:  $10 \times 7 = 70$

Again multiply the answer by 13:  $70 \times 13 = 910$

$$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \times 13 \\ \hline 210 \quad (70 \times 3) \\ 700 \quad (70 \times 10) \\ \hline 910 \end{array}$$

Multiply again that answer by 11:  $910 \times 11 = 10010$

$$\begin{array}{r} 910 \\ \times 11 \\ \hline 910 \quad (910 \times 1) \\ 9100 \quad (910 \times 10) \\ \hline 10010 \end{array}$$

Yes, I can find my age in the final answer. My age appears two times in the answer.

D) Going round and round!

142857	142857	142857	142857	142857
$\times 1$	$\times 2$	$\times 3$	$\times 4$	$\times 5$
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Answers:

$142857$	$142857$	$142857$	$142857$	$142857$
$\times 1$	$\times 2$	$\times 3$	$\times 4$	$\times 5$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b><math>142857</math></b>	<b><math>285714</math></b>	<b><math>428571</math></b>	<b><math>571428</math></b>	<b><math>714285</math></b>

Do you find a pattern in all these answers? Discuss this with your friends.

Answer:

No, we didn't find any pattern in the answer.

Division

Dolma took a loan from a friend to buy a moped for Rs 9,588. She has to pay it back in equal amounts every month for six months.

- How much will she have to pay every month? She asked her children to calculate.
- Will both of them get the same answer? Discuss.

Her daughter did it this way.

$$500 + 500 + 500 + 90 + 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6 \overline{) 9588} \\
 \underline{- 3000} \\
 6588 \\
 \underline{- 3000} \\
 3588 \\
 \underline{- 3000} \\
 588 \\
 \underline{- 540} \\
 48 \\
 \underline{- 48} \\
 \times
 \end{array}$$

Her son started this way.  
Now you complete it.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1000 + \\
 6 \overline{) 9588} \\
 \underline{- 6000} \\
 \\
 \underline{\quad\quad} \\
 \\
 \underline{\quad\quad} \\
 \\
 \underline{\quad\quad} \\
 \\
 \underline{\quad\quad}
 \end{array}$$

**Answer:**

The answer calculated by her daughter =  $500 + 500 + 90 + 8 = 1598$

Her son started this way.  
Now you complete it.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1000 + 500 + 90 + 8 \\
 6 \overline{) 9588} \\
 \underline{- 6000} \\
 3588 \\
 \underline{- 3000} \\
 588 \\
 \underline{- 540} \\
 48 \\
 \underline{- 48} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$



The answer calculated by her son =  $1000 + 500 + 90 + 8 = 1598$ .

So, both the children get the same answer.

Therefore, Dolma has to pay a sum of Rs 1,598 every month for 6 months to her friend.

### Practice time

Try to solve these using as few steps as you can.

a)  $4228 \div 4$  b)  $770 \div 22$  c)  $9872 \div 8$

d)  $672 \div 21$  e)  $772 \div 7$  f)  $639 \div 13$

Answers:

(a) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{)4228} \quad (1057 \\ \underline{-4} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-2} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 8 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-8} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

(b) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 22 \overline{)770} \quad (35 \\ \underline{-66} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 11 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-11} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

(c) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{)9872} \quad (1234 \\ \underline{-8} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 18 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-16} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 27 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-24} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 32 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-32} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

(d) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \overline{)672} \quad (32 \\ \underline{-63} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 42 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-42} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

(e) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \overline{)772} \quad (110 \\ \underline{-7} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 07 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-7} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 02 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

(f) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \overline{)639} \quad (49 \\ \underline{-52} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 119 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \underline{-117} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \phantom{0} 2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

### How Much Petrol?

Isha has Rs 1000 with her. She wants to buy petrol. One litre of petrol costs Rs 47. How many litres can she buy?

Money with Isha = Rs 1000

Cost of 1 litre = Rs 47

Litres of petrol she can buy =  $\text{Rs } 1000 \div \text{Rs } 47 = ?$

Isha can buy \_\_\_\_\_ litres of petrol.

**Answer:**

Dividing Rs 1000 ÷ Rs 47 we have,

$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \overline{) 1000} \quad (21 \\ - 94 \downarrow \\ \hline 60 \\ - 47 \\ \hline 13 \end{array}$$

Remainder = 13

Hence, Isha can only buy 21 litres of petrol with Rs 1,000.

**Find out**

**If Isha comes to your city, how much petrol can she buy with the same money?**

**Answer:**

The cost of petrol in my city = Rs 50

So, the number of litres of petrol Isha can buy with Rs 1000 =  $1000 \div 50$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \overline{) 1000} \quad (20 \\ - 100 \downarrow \\ \hline 00 \\ - 0 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

Thus, Isha can buy 20 litres of petrol in my city.

**Children's Day**

Children are happy today. They are celebrating Children's Day. Each child will be given 4 coloured pencils from school. The school has got 969 pencils. To find out how many children can get pencils the teacher asks them to divide.



Iru's Way

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 969} \quad 100 + \\ - 400 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Sreeni's Way

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 969} \quad 200 + \\ - \quad \quad \quad \end{array}$$

Complete Iru's and Sreeni's way of division. What is the answer you get?

Answer:

**Iru's Way**

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 969} \quad 100 + 100 + 40 + 2 \\ - 400 \\ \hline 569 \\ - 400 \\ \hline 169 \\ - 160 \\ \hline 9 \\ - 8 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

**Sreeni's Way**

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 969} \quad 200 + 40 + 2 \\ - 800 \\ \hline 169 \\ - 160 \\ \hline 9 \\ - 8 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

In both the ways we got the same answer which is 242.

Hence, 242 students can get the colour pencils.

### Practice Time

1. 576 books are to be packed in boxes. If one box has 24 books, how many boxes are needed?

Answer:

Total number of books to be packed in boxes = 576

Number of books one box = 24

Then,

The number of boxes required to put 576 books =  $576 \div 24$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \overline{) 576} \quad (24 \\ \underline{-48} \phantom{0} \downarrow \\ 96 \\ \underline{-96} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Hence, 24 boxes are required to pack 576 books.

**2. 836 people are watching a movie in a hall. If the hall has 44 rows, how many people can sit in 1 row?**

**Answer:**

Total number of people watching movie in the hall = 836

Number of rows in the hall = 44

Then,

The number of people sitting in one row =  $836 \div 44$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44 \overline{) 836} \quad (19 \\ \underline{-44} \phantom{0} \downarrow \\ 396 \\ \underline{-396} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Hence, 19 people are sitting in 1 row of hall.

**3. A gardener bought 458 apple trees. He wants to plant 15 trees in each row. How many rows can he plant?**

**How many trees would be left over?**

**Answers:**

Total number of trees bought by gardener = 458

Number of trees planted in one row = 15

So, the number of rows he can plant =  $458 \div 15$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15 \overline{) 458} \quad (30 \\
 \underline{-45} \downarrow \\
 08 \\
 \underline{-0} \\
 8
 \end{array}$$

Thus, the gardener can plant 30 rows of apple trees and he'll be left with 8 trees.

### Brain Teaser

1. Shyamli bought a battery. She read on it 'Life: 2000 hours'. She uses it throughout the day and the night. How many days will the battery run?

**Answer:**

The life of the battery = 2000 hours

She uses it all day and night, i.e. for 24 hours

So, the number of days the battery will run =  $2000 \div 24$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 24 \overline{) 2000} \quad (83 \\
 \underline{-192} \downarrow \\
 80 \\
 \underline{-72} \\
 8
 \end{array}$$

Thus, the battery will run for 83 days.

### More with Multiplication and Division

1. A tank is full of 300 L of water. How much water will be filled in 25 tanks? If 15 buckets can be filled with one tank of water, how many buckets in all can be filled with the water in 25 tanks?

**Answer:**

Amount of water in 1 tank = 300 L

Then, the amount of water in 25 tanks =  $25 \times 300 \text{ L} = 7500 \text{ L}$

Next,

The number of buckets that can be filled with one tank of water = 15

So, the number of buckets that can be filled with 25 tanks of water =  $25 \times 15$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15 \\
 \times 25 \\
 \hline
 75 \quad (15 \times 5) \\
 300 \quad (15 \times 20) \\
 \hline
 375
 \end{array}$$

Hence, 375 buckets can be filled with 25 tanks of water.

**2. There are 28 laddoos in 1 kg. How many laddoos will be there in 12 kg? If 16 laddoos can be packed in 1 box, how many boxes are needed to pack all these laddoos?**

**Answer:**

Number of laddoos in 1 kg = 28

Then, the number of laddoos in 12 kg =  $28 \times 12$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12 \\
 \times 28 \\
 \hline
 96 \quad (12 \times 8) \\
 240 \quad (12 \times 20) \\
 \hline
 336
 \end{array}$$

Hence, there will be 336 laddoos in 12 kg,

Number of laddoos that can be packed in one box = 16

So, the number of boxes required to pack 336 laddoos =  $336 \div 16$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 16 \overline{) 336} \quad (21) \\
 \underline{-32} \downarrow \\
 16 \\
 \underline{-16} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

Hence, 21 boxes are needed to pack all the laddoos.

**3. There are 26 rooms in a school. Each room has 4 plants. If each plant needs 2 cups of water, how much water do we need for all the plants?**

**Answer:**

Number of rooms in the school = 26

Number of plants in each room = 4

So, the total number of plants =  $26 \times 4 = 104$

Number of cups needed for each plant = 2 cups

Then, the total number of cups required for 104 plants =  $104 \times 2 = 208$

Hence, we need 208 cups of water for all the plants.

### Make the Best Story Problem

Each line gives a story. You have to choose the question which makes the best story problem.

(1) *A shopkeeper has 50 boxes. There are 48 fruits in one box.*

a) How much will the shopkeeper pay in all?

b) How many fruits are there in all?

c) How many more boxes will he need?

Explain why (a) and (c) are not good choices.

Answer:

Option (a) is not a good choice because price is not given in the story

Option (c) is not a good choice because total number of boxes is given in the story.

(2) *352 children from a school went on a camping trip. Each tent had a group of 4 children.*

2) *352 children from a school went on a camping trip. Each tent had a group of 4 children.*

a) How many children did each tent have?

b) How many tents do they need?

c) How many children in all are in the school?

Answer:

a) How many children did each tent have?

b) How many tents do they need?

c) How many children in all are in the school?

(3) *A shopkeeper has 204 eggs. He puts them in egg trays. Each tray has 12 eggs.*

3) A shopkeeper has 204 eggs. He puts them in egg trays.  
Each tray has 12 eggs.

- a) How many more eggs will he need?
- b) How many fresh eggs does he sell?
- c) How many egg trays does he need?



Answer:

- a) How many more eggs will he need?
- b) How many fresh eggs does he sell?
- c) How many egg trays does he need?

(4) The cost of one book is Rs 47. Sonu buys 23 books.

- a) How much money does she have?
- b) How much money does she pay for the books?
- c) What is the cost of 47 books?

Answer:

- a) How much money does she have?
- b) How much money does she pay for the books?
- c) What is the cost of 47 books?

Practice Time

Do these divisions. Check your results by multiplication.

(a)  $438 \div 9$  (b)  $3480 \div 12$  (c)  $450 \div 7$

(d)  $900 \div 10$  (e)  $678 \div 6$  (f)  $2475 \div 11$

Answers:



$$\begin{array}{r}
 9 \overline{) 438} \quad (48 \\
 \underline{-36} \downarrow \\
 78 \\
 \underline{-72} \\
 6
 \end{array} \quad (a)$$

Quotient = 48, Remainder = 6 and Divisor = 9.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $9 \times 48 + 6 = 438 = \text{Dividend}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12 \overline{) 3480} \quad (290 \\
 \underline{-24} \downarrow \\
 108 \\
 \underline{-108} \downarrow \\
 00 \\
 \underline{-0} \\
 0
 \end{array} \quad (b)$$

Quotient = 290, Remainder = 0 and Divisor = 12.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $12 \times 290 + 0 = 3480 = \text{Dividend}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7 \overline{) 450} \quad (64 \\
 \underline{-42} \downarrow \\
 30 \\
 \underline{-28} \\
 2
 \end{array} \quad (c)$$

Quotient = 64, Remainder = 2 and Divisor = 7.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $7 \times 64 + 2 = 450 = \text{Dividend}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 10 \overline{) 900} \quad (90 \\
 \underline{-90} \downarrow \\
 00 \\
 \underline{-0} \\
 0
 \end{array} \quad (d)$$

Quotient = 90, Remainder = 0 and Divisor = 10.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $10 \times 90 + 0 = 900 = \text{Dividend}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6 \overline{) 678} \quad (113 \\
 \underline{-6} \downarrow \\
 07 \\
 \underline{-6} \downarrow \\
 18 \\
 \underline{-18} \\
 0
 \end{array} \quad (e)$$

Quotient = 113, Remainder = 0 and Divisor = 6.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $6 \times 113 + 0 = 678 = \text{Dividend}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 11 \overline{) 2475} \quad (225 \\
 \underline{-22} \downarrow \\
 27 \\
 \underline{-22} \downarrow \\
 55 \\
 \underline{-55} \\
 0
 \end{array} \quad (f)$$

Quotient = 225, Remainder = 0 and Divisor = 11.

Checking:

Divisor x Quotient + Remainder =  $11 \times 225 + 0 = 2475 = \text{Dividend}$

**2) Solve the given sums and colour the answers in the grid given below See what you find.**

**21 x 16**

$15 \times 7$

$93 \times 2$

$17 \times 5$

$10 \times 10$

$26 \times 26$

$77 \times 10$

$50 \times 10$

$11 \times 11$

$59 \times 7$

$31 \times 19$

$85 \times 30$

$64 \times 42$

$3200 \div 40$

$19 \times 3$

$248 \div 8$

$432 \div 18$

$729 \div 9$

$825 \div 5$

$221 \div 13$

$576 \div 12$

$288 \div 4$

$869 \div 11$

$847 \div 7$

$981 \div 3$

$475 \div 19$

Answers:

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 16 \\ \hline 126 \text{ (21} \times 6\text{)} \\ 210 \text{ (21} \times 10\text{)} \\ \hline 336 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline 105 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 93 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 186 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 85 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline 00 \text{ (10} \times 0\text{)} \\ 100 \text{ (10} \times 10\text{)} \\ \hline 100 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ \times 26 \\ \hline 156 \text{ (26} \times 6\text{)} \\ 520 \text{ (26} \times 20\text{)} \\ \hline 676 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline 00 \text{ (77} \times 0\text{)} \\ 770 \text{ (77} \times 10\text{)} \\ \hline 770 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline 00 \text{ (50} \times 0\text{)} \\ 500 \text{ (50} \times 10\text{)} \\ \hline 500 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ \times 11 \\ \hline 11 \text{ (11} \times 1\text{)} \\ 110 \text{ (11} \times 10\text{)} \\ \hline 121 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ \times 19 \\ \hline 279 \\ 590 \\ \hline 589 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ \times 30 \\ \hline 2550 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 128 \text{ (64} \times 2\text{)} \\ 2560 \text{ (64} \times 40\text{)} \\ \hline 2688 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40 \overline{) 3200} \text{ (80)} \\ \underline{-320} \phantom{0} \\ 00 \\ \underline{-0} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 57 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 248} \text{ (31)} \\ \underline{-24} \phantom{0} \\ 08 \\ \underline{-8} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \overline{) 432} \text{ (24)} \\ \underline{-36} \phantom{0} \\ 72 \\ \underline{-72} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \overline{) 729} \text{ (81)} \\ \underline{-72} \phantom{0} \\ 09 \\ \underline{-9} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 825} \text{ (165)} \\ \underline{-5} \phantom{00} \\ 32 \\ \underline{-30} \phantom{0} \\ 25 \\ \underline{-25} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \overline{) 221} \text{ (17)} \\ \underline{-13} \phantom{0} \\ 91 \\ \underline{-91} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \overline{) 576} \text{ (48)} \\ \underline{-48} \phantom{0} \\ 96 \\ \underline{-96} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 18 \overline{) 432} \quad (24 \quad 9 \overline{) 729} \quad (81 \quad 5 \overline{) 825} \quad (165 \\
 \underline{-36} \downarrow \quad \underline{-72} \downarrow \quad \underline{-5} \downarrow \quad \underline{32} \downarrow \\
 72 \quad 09 \quad 30 \quad 25 \\
 \underline{-72} \quad \underline{-9} \quad \underline{-30} \quad \underline{-25} \\
 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \\
 \\
 13 \overline{) 221} \quad (17 \quad 12 \overline{) 576} \quad (48 \\
 \underline{-13} \quad \underline{-48} \downarrow \\
 91 \quad 96 \\
 \underline{-91} \quad \underline{-96} \\
 0 \quad 0 \\
 \\
 4 \overline{) 288} \quad (72 \quad 11 \overline{) 869} \quad (79 \quad 7 \overline{) 847} \quad (121 \quad 3 \overline{) 981} \quad (327 \\
 \underline{-28} \downarrow \quad \underline{-77} \downarrow \quad \underline{-7} \downarrow \quad \underline{14} \downarrow \quad \underline{-9} \downarrow \\
 08 \quad 99 \quad 14 \quad 08 \\
 \underline{-8} \quad \underline{-99} \quad \underline{-14} \quad \underline{-6} \downarrow \\
 0 \quad 0 \quad 07 \quad 21 \\
 \quad \quad \quad \underline{-7} \quad \underline{-21} \\
 \quad \quad \quad 0 \quad 0 \\
 \\
 19 \overline{) 475} \quad (25 \\
 \underline{-38} \\
 95 \\
 \underline{-95} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$

545	110	434	642	709	623	919	341	12	168
984	16	561	608	236	413	529	62	259	905
709	907	367	632	336	121	492	178	431	25
167	806	584	186	100	589	72	717	248	676
624	82	105	24	165	17	85	770	327	500
247	997	485	2688	81	80	48	901	126	121
742	427	756	531	79	2550	347	1001	314	57
945	1000	687	854	1200	31	124	3126	918	53
109	799	845	1999	864	955	123	1234	678	56
549	459	614	1864	834	559	900	1111	268	171