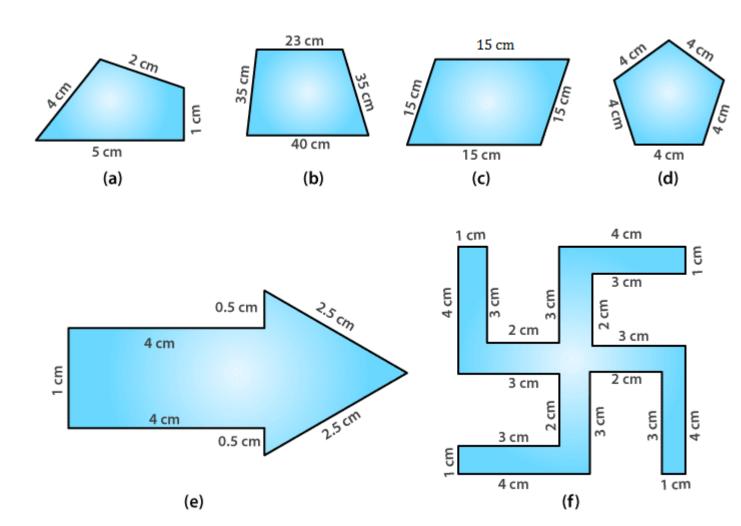


EXERCISE 10.1

PAGE NO. 212

1. Find the perimeter of each of the following figures:



Solutions:

(a) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

= 1 + 2 + 4 + 5

= 12 cm

(b) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

= 23 + 35 + 35 + 40

= 133 cm

(c) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides



$$= 15 + 15 + 15 + 15$$

$$= 60 \text{ cm}$$

(d) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

$$= 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4$$

- =20 cm
- (e) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

$$= 1 + 4 + 0.5 + 2.5 + 2.5 + 0.5 + 4$$

- = 15 cm
- (f) Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

$$= 4 + 1 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 3 + 2 + 3$$

= 52 cm

2. The lid of a rectangular box, with sides 40 cm by 10 cm, is sealed all around with tape. What is the length of the tape required?

Solutions:

Length of required tape = Perimeter of rectangle

$$= 2 \text{ (Length + Breadth)}$$

$$= 2 (40 + 10)$$

$$= 2 (50)$$

- = 100 cm
- : The required length of tape is 100 cm.
- 3. A table top measures 2 m 25 cm by 1 m 50 cm. What is the perimeter of the tabletop?

Solutions:

Length of tabletop =
$$2 \text{ m } 25 \text{ cm} = 2.25 \text{ m}$$

Breadth of tabletop =
$$1 \text{ m} 50 \text{ cm} = 1.50 \text{ m}$$

Perimeter of tabletop = 2 (Length + Breadth)

$$= 2 (2.25 + 1.50)$$

$$= 2 (3.75)$$



 $= 2 \times 3.75$

= 7.5 m

- ∴ The perimeter of the table top is 7.5 m.
- 4. What is the length of the wooden strip required to frame a photograph of length and breadth, 32 cm and 21 cm, respectively?

Solutions:

The required length of the wooden strip = Perimeter of the photograph

- = 2 (Length + Breadth)
- = 2 (32 + 21)
- = 2 (53)
- $=2\times53$
- = 106 cm
- : The required length of the wooden strip is 106 cm.
- 5. A rectangular piece of land measures 0.7 km by 0.5 km. Each side is to be fenced with 4 rows of wires. What is the length of the wire needed?

Solutions:

Perimeter of the field = 2 (Length + Breadth)

- = 2 (0.7 + 0.5)
- = 2 (1.2)
- $= 2 \times 1.2$
- = 2.4 km

Each side is to be fenced with 4 rows = 4×2.4

- = 9.6 km
- ∴ The total length of the required wire is 9.6 km.
- 6. Find the perimeter of each of the following shapes:
- (a) A triangle of sides 3 cm, 4 cm and 5 cm
- (b) An equilateral triangle of side 9 cm
- (c) An isosceles triangle with equal sides of 8 cm each and the third side of 6 cm.



Solutions:

- (a) Perimeter of triangle = 3 + 4 + 5
- = 12 cm
- (b) Perimeter of an equilateral triangle = $3 \times \text{side}$
- $=3\times9$
- = 27 cm
- (c) Perimeter of isosceles triangle = 8 + 8 + 6
- = 22 cm
- 7. Find the perimeter of a triangle with sides measuring 10 cm, 14 cm and 15 cm.

Solutions:

Perimeter of triangle = 10 + 14 + 15

- = 39 cm
- ∴ The perimeter of the triangle is 39 cm.
- 8. Find the perimeter of a regular hexagon with each side measuring 8 m.

Solutions:

Perimeter of hexagon = 6×8

- = 48 m
- ∴ The perimeter of the regular hexagon is 48 m.
- 9. Find the side of the square whose perimeter is 20 m.

Solutions:

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$

$$20 = 4 \times \text{side}$$

Side = 20 / 4

$$Side = 5 m$$

- : The side of the square is 5 m.
- 10. The perimeter of a regular pentagon is 100 cm. How long is its each side?

Solutions:

The perimeter of the regular pentagon = 100 cm

$$5 \times \text{side} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

Side =
$$100 / 5$$

$$Side = 20 cm$$

- ∴ The side of the pentagon is 20 cm.
- 11. A piece of string is 30 cm long. What will be the length of each side if the string is used to form:
- (a) a square?
- (b) an equilateral triangle?
- (c) a regular hexagon?

Solutions:

(a) Perimeter of square = 30 cm

$$4 \times \text{side} = 30$$

Side =
$$30 / 4$$

$$Side = 7.5 cm$$

(b) Perimeter of equilateral triangle = 30 cm

$$3 \times \text{side} = 30$$

$$Side = 30 / 3$$

$$Side = 10 cm$$

(c) Perimeter of regular hexagon = 30 cm

$$6 \times \text{side} = 30$$

Side =
$$30 / 6$$

$$Side = 5 cm$$

12. Two sides of a triangle are 12 cm and 14 cm. The perimeter of the triangle is 36 cm. What is its third side?

Solutions:

Let x cm be the third side

Perimeter of triangle = 36 cm

$$12 + 14 + x = 36$$

$$26 + x = 36$$

$$x = 36 - 26$$

$$x = 10 \text{ cm}$$

- ∴ The third side is 10 cm.
- 13. Find the cost of fencing a square park of side 250 m at the rate of ₹ 20 per metre.

Solutions:

Side of square = 250 m

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$

$$= 4 \times 250$$

= 1000 m

Cost of fencing = ₹ 20 per m

Cost of fencing for 1000 m = ₹ 20 × 1000

- ∴ The cost of fencing the square park is ₹ 20,000.
- 14. Find the cost of fencing a rectangular park of length 175 cm and breadth 125 m at the rate of ₹ 12 per metre.

Solutions:

Length =
$$175 \text{ cm}$$

Breadth =
$$125 \text{ m}$$

Perimeter of rectangular park = 2 (Length + Breadth)

$$= 2 (175 + 125)$$

$$= 2 (300)$$

$$= 2 \times 300$$

$$= 600 \text{ m}$$

Cost of fencing = 12×600

$$=7200$$

∴ The cost of fencing is ₹ 7,200.

15. Sweety runs around a square park of side 75 m. Bulbul runs around a rectangular park with a length of 60 m and a breadth of 45 m. Who covers less distance?

Solutions:

Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$

- $=4\times75$
- = 300 m
- ∴ The distance covered by Sweety is 300 m

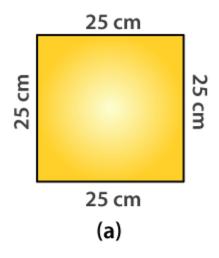
Perimeter of the rectangular park = 2 (Length + Breadth)

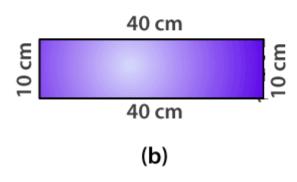
- = 2 (60 + 45)
- = 2 (105)
- $= 2 \times 105$
- = 210 m
- ∴ The distance covered by Bulbul is 210 m

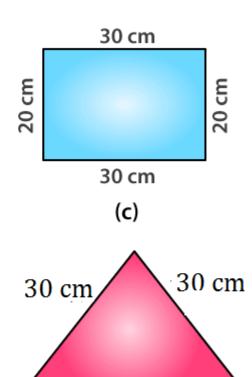
Hence, Bulbul covers less distance than Sweety.

16. What is the perimeter of each of the following figures? What do you infer from the answers?









40 cm

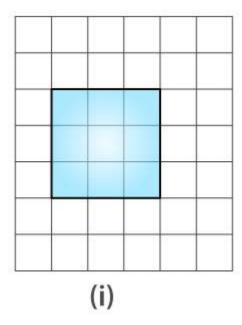
(d)

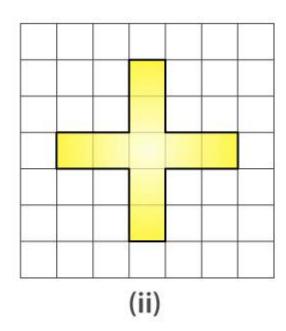
Solutions:

- (a) Perimeter of square = $4 \times \text{side}$
- $=4\times25$
- = 100 cm
- (b) Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (40 + 10)
- $=2\times50$
- = 100 cm
- (c) Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (Length + Breadth)
- = 2 (30 + 20)
- = 2 (50)
- $=2\times50$



- = 100 cm
- (d) Perimeter of triangle = 30 + 30 + 40
- = 100 cm
- : All the figures have the same perimeter.
- 17. Avneet buys 9 square paving slabs, each with a side of 1/2 m. He lays them in the form of a square.
- (a) What is the perimeter of his arrangement [fig 10.7(i)]?





- (b) Shari does not like his arrangement. She gets him to lay them out like a cross. What is the perimeter of her arrangement [(Fig 10.7 (ii))]?
- (c) Which has a greater perimeter?
- (d) Avneet wonders if there is a way of getting an even greater perimeter. Can you find a way of doing this? (The paving slabs must meet along complete edges, i.e. they cannot be broken.)

Solutions:

- (a) Side of square = $3 \times \text{side}$
- $=3\times1/2$
- = 3 / 2 m

Perimeter of Square = $4 \times 3 / 2$

 $=2\times3$



- = 6 m
- (b) Perimeter = 0.5 + 1 + 1 + 0.5 + 1 + 1 + 0.5 + 1 + 1 + 0.5 + 1 + 1
- = 10 m
- (c) The arrangement in the form of a cross has a greater perimeter.
- (d) Perimeters greater than 10 m cannot be determined.