## EXERCISE 10.1

1. Find the perimeter of each of the following figures:


Solutions:
(a) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=1+2+4+5$
$=12 \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=23+35+35+40$
$=133 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=15+15+15+15$
$=60 \mathrm{~cm}$
(d) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=4+4+4+4+4$
$=20 \mathrm{~cm}$
(e) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=1+4+0.5+2.5+2.5+0.5+4$
$=15 \mathrm{~cm}$
(f) Perimeter $=$ Sum of all the sides
$=4+1+3+2+3+4+1+3+2+3+4+1+3+2+3+4+1+3+2+3$
$=52 \mathrm{~cm}$
2. The lid of a rectangular box, with sides 40 cm by 10 cm , is sealed all around with tape. What is the length of the tape required?

Solutions:
Length of required tape $=$ Perimeter of rectangle
$=2($ Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(40+10)$
$=2(50)$
$=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ The required length of tape is 100 cm .
3. A table top measures 2 m 25 cm by 1 m 50 cm . What is the perimeter of the tabletop?

## Solutions:

Length of tabletop $=2 \mathrm{~m} 25 \mathrm{~cm}=2.25 \mathrm{~m}$
Breadth of tabletop $=1 \mathrm{~m} 50 \mathrm{~cm}=1.50 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter of tabletop $=2($ Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(2.25+1.50)$
$=2(3.75)$
$=2 \times 3.75$
$=7.5 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ The perimeter of the table top is 7.5 m .
4. What is the length of the wooden strip required to frame a photograph of length and breadth, 32 cm and 21 cm, respectively?

Solutions:
The required length of the wooden strip $=$ Perimeter of the photograph
$=2($ Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(32+21)$
$=2(53)$
$=2 \times 53$
$=106 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ The required length of the wooden strip is 106 cm .
5. A rectangular piece of land measures 0.7 km by 0.5 km . Each side is to be fenced with 4 rows of wires. What is the length of the wire needed?

## Solutions:

Perimeter of the field $=2$ (Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(0.7+0.5)$
$=2(1.2)$
$=2 \times 1.2$
$=2.4 \mathrm{~km}$
Each side is to be fenced with 4 rows $=4 \times 2.4$
$=9.6 \mathrm{~km}$
$\therefore$ The total length of the required wire is 9.6 km .
6. Find the perimeter of each of the following shapes:
(a) A triangle of sides $\mathbf{3 c m}, \mathbf{4} \mathbf{~ c m}$ and $\mathbf{5 c m}$
(b) An equilateral triangle of side $9 \mathbf{c m}$
(c) An isosceles triangle with equal sides of $\mathbf{8} \mathbf{~ c m}$ each and the third side of $\mathbf{6} \mathbf{~ c m}$.

## Solutions:

(a) Perimeter of triangle $=3+4+5$
$=12 \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) Perimeter of an equilateral triangle $=3 \times$ side
$=3 \times 9$
$=27 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) Perimeter of isosceles triangle $=8+8+6$
$=22 \mathrm{~cm}$
7. Find the perimeter of a triangle with sides measuring $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 14 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 15 cm .

Solutions:
Perimeter of triangle $=10+14+15$
$=39 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ The perimeter of the triangle is 39 cm .
8. Find the perimeter of a regular hexagon with each side measuring 8 m .

Solutions:
Perimeter of hexagon $=6 \times 8$
$=48 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ The perimeter of the regular hexagon is 48 m .
9. Find the side of the square whose perimeter is 20 m .

Solutions:
Perimeter of square $=4 \times$ side
$20=4 \times$ side
Side $=20 / 4$
Side $=5 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ The side of the square is 5 m .
10. The perimeter of a regular pentagon is 100 cm . How long is its each side?

Solutions:

The perimeter of the regular pentagon $=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
$5 \times$ side $=100 \mathrm{~cm}$

Side $=100 / 5$
Side $=20 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ The side of the pentagon is 20 cm .
11. A piece of string is 30 cm long. What will be the length of each side if the string is used to form:
(a) a square?
(b) an equilateral triangle?
(c) a regular hexagon?

Solutions:
(a) Perimeter of square $=30 \mathrm{~cm}$
$4 \times$ side $=30$

Side $=30 / 4$
Side $=7.5 \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) Perimeter of equilateral triangle $=30 \mathrm{~cm}$
$3 \times$ side $=30$
Side $=30 / 3$

Side $=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) Perimeter of regular hexagon $=30 \mathrm{~cm}$
$6 \times$ side $=30$
Side $=30 / 6$
Side $=5 \mathrm{~cm}$
12. Two sides of a triangle are 12 cm and 14 cm . The perimeter of the triangle is 36 cm . What is its third side?

## Solutions:

Let x cm be the third side
Perimeter of triangle $=36 \mathrm{~cm}$
$12+14+x=36$
$26+x=36$
$x=36-26$
$\mathrm{x}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ The third side is 10 cm .
13. Find the cost of fencing a square park of side 250 m at the rate of $₹ 20$ per metre.

Solutions:
Side of square $=250 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter of square $=4 \times$ side
$=4 \times 250$
$=1000 \mathrm{~m}$
Cost of fencing = ₹ 20 per m
Cost of fencing for $1000 \mathrm{~m}=$ ₹ $20 \times 1000$
= ₹ 20,000
$\therefore$ The cost of fencing the square park is ₹ 20,000 .
14. Find the cost of fencing a rectangular park of length 175 cm and breadth 125 m at the rate of $₹ \mathbf{1 2}$ per metre.

Solutions:
Length $=175 \mathrm{~cm}$
Breadth $=125 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter of rectangular park $=2$ (Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(175+125)$
$=2(300)$
$=2 \times 300$
$=600 \mathrm{~m}$
Cost of fencing $=12 \times 600$
$=7200$
$\therefore$ The cost of fencing is ₹ 7,200 .
15. Sweety runs around a square park of side 75 m . Bulbul runs around a rectangular park with a length of 60 m and a breadth of $\mathbf{4 5} \mathrm{m}$. Who covers less distance?

Solutions:
Perimeter of square $=4 \times$ side
$=4 \times 75$
$=300 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ The distance covered by Sweety is 300 m
Perimeter of the rectangular park $=2($ Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(60+45)$
$=2(105)$
$=2 \times 105$
$=210 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore$ The distance covered by Bulbul is 210 m
Hence, Bulbul covers less distance than Sweety.
16. What is the perimeter of each of the following figures? What do you infer from the answers?


Solutions:
(a) Perimeter of square $=4 \times$ side
$=4 \times 25$
$=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) Perimeter of rectangle $=2(40+10)$
$=2 \times 50$
$=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
(c) Perimeter of rectangle $=2$ (Length + Breadth $)$
$=2(30+20)$
$=2(50)$
$=2 \times 50$
$=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
(d) Perimeter of triangle $=30+30+40$
$=100 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ All the figures have the same perimeter.
17. Avneet buys 9 square paving slabs, each with a side of $\mathbf{1 / 2} \mathbf{~ m}$. He lays them in the form of a square.
(a) What is the perimeter of his arrangement [fig 10.7(i)]?

(b) Shari does not like his arrangement. She gets him to lay them out like a cross. What is the perimeter of her arrangement [(Fig 10.7 (ii)]?
(c) Which has a greater perimeter?
(d) Avneet wonders if there is a way of getting an even greater perimeter. Can you find a way of doing this? (The paving slabs must meet along complete edges, i.e. they cannot be broken.)

Solutions:
(a) Side of square $=3 \times$ side
$=3 \times 1 / 2$
$=3 / 2 \mathrm{~m}$
Perimeter of Square $=4 \times 3 / 2$
$=2 \times 3$
$=6 \mathrm{~m}$
(b) Perimeter $=0.5+1+1+0.5+1+1+0.5+1+1+0.5+1+1$
$=10 \mathrm{~m}$
(c) The arrangement in the form of a cross has a greater perimeter.
(d) Perimeters greater than 10 m cannot be determined.

