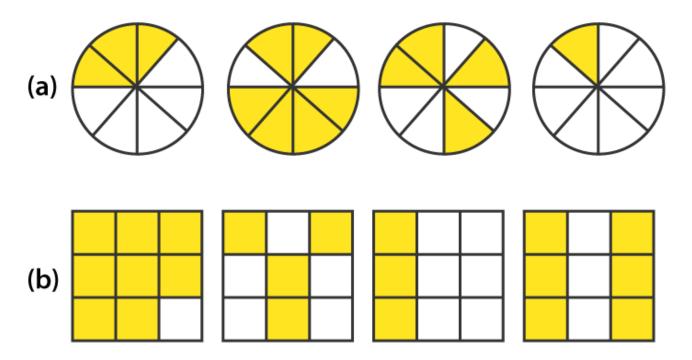


EXERCISE 7.4

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1. Write shaded portion as fraction. Arrange them in ascending and descending order using correct sign '' between the fractions:



(c) Show 2 / 6, 4 / 6, 8 / 6 and 6 / 6 on the number line. Put appropriate signs between the fractions given.

 $5/6 \square 2/6, 3/6 \square 0, 1/6 \square 6/6, 8/6 \square 5/6$

Solutions:

(a) First circle shows 3 shaded parts out of 8 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 3 / 8

Second circle shows 6 shaded parts out of 8 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 6 / 8

Third circle shows 4 shaded parts out of 8 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 4 / 8

Fourth circle shows 1 shaded parts out of 8 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 1 / 8

The arranged fractions are:

1/8 < 3/8 < 4/8 < 6/8

(b) First square shows 8 shaded parts out of 9 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 8 / 9

Second square shows 4 shaded parts out of 9 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is $4\,/\,9$

Third square shows 3 shaded parts out of 9 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 3 / 9

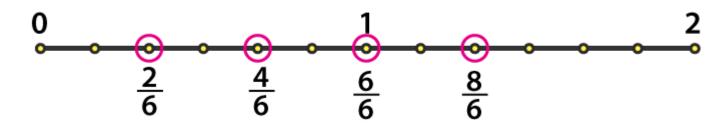
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Fourth square shows 6 shaded parts out of 9 equal parts. Hence, the fraction is 6/9

The arranged fractions are:

3/9<4/9<6/9<8/9

- (c) Each unit length should be divided into 6 equal parts to represent the fractions 2 / 6, 4 / 6, 8 / 6 and
- 6 / 6 on number line. These fractions can be represented as follows:



5/6>2/6

3/6 > 0

1/6<6/6

8/6>5/6

- 2. Compare the fractions and put an appropriate sign.
- (a) $3/6 \square 5/6$
- (b) 1/7 \square 1/4
- (c) $4/5 \square 5/5$
- (d) $3/5 \square 3/7$

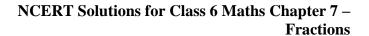
Solutions:

- (a) Here both fractions have same denominators. So, the fraction with greater numerator is the highest factor
- ∴ 3 / 6 < 5 / 6
- (b) Multiply by 4

$$1/7 = (1 \times 4)/(7 \times 4)$$

= 4 / 28

Multiply by 7





 $1/4 = (1 \times 7)/(4 \times 7)$

= 7 / 28

Here 4 < 7

- $\therefore 1/7 < 1/4$
- (c) Here both fractions have same denominators. So, the fraction with greater numerator is the highest factor
- $\therefore 4/5 < 5/5$
- (d) Here both numerators are same. So, the fraction having less denominator will be the highest factor
- $\therefore 3 / 7 < 3 / 5$
- 3. Make five more such pairs and put appropriate signs.

Solutions:

(a) 5/8 < 6/8

Here, the denominators are same. So, the fraction having greater numerator is the highest factor

(ii) 5/8 > 2/8

Here, the denominators are same. So, the fraction having greater numerator is the highest factor

(iii) 6/13 > 6/18

Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator will be the highest factor

(iv) 5/25 > 3/25

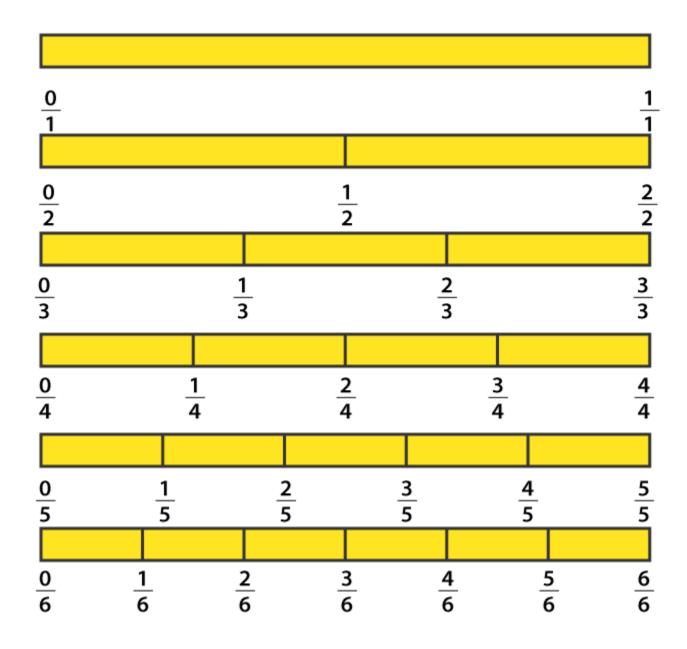
Here, the denominators are same. So, the fraction having greater numerator is the highest factor

(v) 9 / 50 < 9 / 45

Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator will be the highest factor

4. Look at the figures and write '<' or '>', '=' between the given pairs of fractions.





- (a) $1/6 \square 1/3$
- (b) $3/4 \square 2/6$
- (c) $2/3 \square 2/4$
- (d) 6 / 6 \square 3 / 3
- (e) 5 / 6 \square 5 / 5

Solutions:

NCERT Solutions for Class 6 Maths Chapter 7 – Fractions

(a) Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator is the greater

- $\therefore 1/6 < 1/3$
- (b) $3/4 = (3 \times 3)/(4 \times 3)$
- = 9 / 12
- $2/6 = (2 \times 2)/(6 \times 2)$
- = 4 / 12

Between 4 / 12, 9 / 12

Both fractions have same denominators. So, the fraction having greater numerator will be the greater

- $\therefore 9 / 12 > 4 / 12$
- 3/4 > 2/6
- (c) Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator is the greater
- $\therefore 2/3 > 2/4$
- (d) We get 6 / 6 = 1 and 3 / 3 = 1
- So, 6/6 = 3/3
- (e) Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator is the greater
- $\therefore 5 / 6 < 5 / 5$

5. How quickly can you do this? Fill appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')

- (a) $1/2 \square 1/5$
- (b) $2/4 \square 3/6$
- (c) $3/5 \square 2/3$
- (d) 3/4 \(\simeg\) 2/8
- (e) $3/5 \square 6/5$
- (f) $7/9 \square 3/9$
- (g) $1/4 \square 2/8$
- (h) $6/10 \square 4/5$
- (i) 3 / 4 \square 7 / 8



- (j) $6/10 \square 3/5$
- (k) 5 / 7 \square 15 / 21

Solutions:

- (a) Here, the numerators are same. So, the fraction having lesser denominator is greater
- $\therefore 1/2 > 1/5$
- (b) 2/4 = 1/2 and 3/6 = 1/2
- $\therefore 2/4 = 3/6$
- (c) $3/5 = (3 \times 3)/(5 \times 3)$
- = 9 / 15
- $2/3 = (2 \times 5)/3 \times 5$
- = 10 / 15

Here, between 9/15 and 10/15 both have same denominators. Hence, the fraction having greater numerator will be the greater.

- ∴ 3 / 5 < 2 / 3
- (d) Here, 2/8 = 1/4

As, 3 / 4 and 1 / 4 have same denominators. Hence, the fraction having greater numerator will be the greater

- $\therefore 3/4 > 2/8$
- (e) Here, the denominators are same. So, the fraction having greater numerator will be the greater
- ∴ 3 / 5 < 6 / 5
- (f) Here, the denominators are same. So, the fraction having greater numerator will be the greater
- $\therefore 7/9 > 3/9$
- (g) We know 2 / 8 = 1 / 4

Hence, 1/4 = 2/8

- (h) $6 / 10 = (3 \times 2) / (5 \times 2)$
- = 3 / 5

Between 3/5 and 4/5

Both have same denominators. So, the fraction having greater numerator will be greater



$$\therefore 6 / 10 < 4 / 5$$

(i)
$$3/4 = (3 \times 2)/(4 \times 2)$$

$$= 6 / 8$$

Between 6 / 8 and 7 / 8

Both have same denominators. So, the fraction having greater numerator will be greater

(j)
$$6 / 10 = (3 \times 2) / (5 \times 2)$$

$$= 3 / 5$$

$$\therefore 6 / 10 = 3 / 5$$

(k)
$$5 / 7 = (5 \times 3) / (7 \times 3)$$

$$= 15 / 21$$

$$\therefore 5 / 7 = 15 / 21$$

6. The following fractions represent just three different numbers. Separate them into three groups of equivalent fractions, by changing each one to its simplest form.

Solutions:

(a)
$$2/12 = (1 \times 2)/(6 \times 2)$$

$$= 1 / 6$$

(b)
$$3 / 15 = (1 \times 3) / (5 \times 3)$$

$$= 1 / 5$$

(c)
$$8 / 50 = (4 \times 2) / (25 \times 2)$$

$$= 4 / 25$$

(d)
$$16 / 100 = (4 \times 4) / (25 \times 4)$$

$$= 4 / 25$$

(e)
$$10 / 60 = (1 \times 10) / (6 \times 10)$$

$$= 1 / 6$$



(f)
$$15 / 75 = (1 \times 15) / (5 \times 15)$$

$$= 1 / 5$$

(g)
$$12 / 60 = (1 \times 12) / (5 \times 12)$$

$$= 1 / 5$$

$$= (1 \times 16) / (6 \times 16)$$

$$= 1/6$$

(i)
$$12 / 75 = (4 \times 3) / (25 \times 3)$$

$$= 4 / 25$$

(j)
$$12 / 72 = (1 \times 12) / 6 \times 12$$
)

$$= 1 / 6$$

(k)
$$3 / 18 = (1 \times 3) / (6 \times 3)$$

$$= 1 / 6$$

Totally there are 3 groups of equivalent fractions.

$$1/6 = (a), (e), (h), (j), (k)$$

$$1/5 = (b), (f), (g)$$

$$4/25 = (c), (d), (i), (1)$$

7. Find answers to the following. Write and indicate how you solved them.

(d) Is
$$1/15$$
 equal to $4/30$?

Solutions:

(a)
$$5/9$$
, $4/5$

Convert these fractions into like fractions

$$5/9 = (5/9) \times (5/5)$$



$$= 25 / 45$$

$$4/5 = (4/5) \times (9/9)$$

$$= 36 / 45$$

$$\therefore 25 / 45 \neq 36 / 45$$

Hence, 5/9 is not equal to 4/5

Convert into like fractions

$$9/16 = (9/16) \times (9/9)$$

$$= 81 / 144$$

$$5/9 = (5/9) \times (16/16)$$

$$= 80 / 144$$

$$3.81 / 144 \neq 80 / 144$$

Hence, 9/16 is not equal to 5/9

(c)
$$4/5$$
, $16/20$

$$16 / 20 = (4 \times 4) / (5 \times 4)$$

$$= 4 / 5$$

$$\therefore 4/5 = 16/20$$

Hence, 4 / 5 is equal to 16 / 20

(d)
$$1/15$$
, $4/30$

$$4/30 = (2 \times 2)/(15 \times 2)$$

$$= 2 / 15$$

$$\therefore 1 / 15 \neq 4 / 30$$

Hence, 1/15 is not equal to 4/30

8. Ila read 25 pages of a book containing 100 pages. Lalita read 2 / 5 of the same book. Who read less?

Solutions:

Total number of pages a book has = 100 pages

Lalita read =
$$2 / 5 \times 100 = 40$$
 pages



Ila read = 25 pages

- : Ila read less than Lalita.
- 9. Rafiq exercised for 3/6 of an hour, while Rohit exercised for 3/4 of an hour. Who exercised for a longer time?

Solutions:

Rafiq exercised = 3/6 of an hour

Rohit exercised = 3/4 of a hour

3/6, 3/4

Convert these into like fractions

$$3/6 = (3 \times 2)/(6 \times 2)$$

= 6 / 12

$$3/4 = (3 \times 3)/(4 \times 3)$$

= 9 / 12

Clearly, 9 / 12 > 6 / 12

 $\therefore 3/4 > 3/6$

Therefore, Rohit exercised for a longer time than Rafiq.

10. In a class A of 25 students, 20 passed with 60% or more marks; in another class B of 30 students, 24 passed with 60% or more marks. In which class was a greater fraction of students getting with 60% or more marks?

Solutions:

Total number of students in Class A = 25

Students passed in first class in Class A = 20

Hence, fraction = 20 / 25

= 4 / 5

Total number of students in Class B = 30

Students passed in first class in Class B = 24

Hence, fraction = 24 / 30

= 4 / 5

: An equal fraction of students passed in first class in both the classes