## B BYJU'S

## Grade 07: Maths Chapter Notes



# B BYJU'S Classes 

## Chapter Notes

## Simple Equations

## Grade 07

## Topics to be Covered

## 1. Introduction

1.1 Constant<br>1.2 Variable<br>1.3 Algebraic Expression<br>1.4 Equation

## 2. Solving an Equation

3.1 Trial and Error Method
3.2 Balance Method
3.3 Transposition Method

## 3. Application of Simple Equation

## Mind Map



## 1. Introduction

### 1.1. Constant

A constant has a fixed numerical value, and its value does not change in any situation.

For example : 5, 2775, 1098 etc.

### 1.2. Variable

A variable is denoted by any alphabets and its value is not fixed.

For example : $a, n, x, y, z$ etc.

### 1.3. Algebraic Expression

An algebraic expression is a combination of variables and constants connected with a mathematical operator.

For example : $8 x+31$

## 1. Introduction

### 1.4. Equation

An equation is a mathematical statement that establishes equality between two expressions.

For example : $4 x+31=9$

Expression 1 Left Hand Side (L.H.S)
$\longrightarrow$ Equate both the sides


Expression 2 Right Hand Side (R.H.S)

## 2. Solving an Equation

### 2.1. Trial and Error Method

Substitute any random value for the variable in the equation, and check if L.H.S = R.H.S or not.

For example : $2 x-5=3$
Checking for some random values of $x$

| $x$ | $2 x-5=3$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $2(2)-5 \neq 3$ |
| 3 | $2(3)-5 \neq 3$ |
| 4 | $2(4)-5=3$ |

Since, for $x=4$, L.H.S $=$ R.H.S, the solution to the given equation is $x=4$.

### 2.2. Balancing Method



## $\xrightarrow[\text { from both sides }]{\text { Subtracting } a}$

To solve equation by balancing method, perform the same mathematical operations on both sides of the equation, so that the balance is not disturbed.

## 2. Solving an Equation

### 2.3. Transposition Method

Rules of transposition of algebraic operators

## L.H.S R.H.S

$$
\left[\begin{array}{c|c|c|}
+ & \rightleftharpoons & - \\
- & \rightleftharpoons & + \\
\times & \rightleftharpoons & \div \\
\div & \rightleftharpoons & \times
\end{array}\right]
$$

Solution of an equation can be done by transposition method using the following steps:

Step 1: Transpose all the variables to one side and all the constants to the other side of the equation.

Step 2: Simplify the expression and solve for the variable.

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x+3= & 9 \\
\Rightarrow 2 x & =9-3 \\
\Rightarrow 2 x & =6 \\
\div & =\frac{6}{2} \\
\Rightarrow x & =3
\end{aligned}
$$

## 3. Application of Simple Equation

A simple equation can be used to solve practical Problems of our daily lives.

Make sure to follow the given steps to solve such problems.
Step 1 : Read the given statements thoroughly and note down the given information.

Step 2 : Frame the equation with the given information and solve the equation using any methods.

Example: Raju's father's age is 5 years more than 3 times Raju's age. Find Raju's age, if his father is 44 years old.

Solution: Given that,

- Raju's father's age is 5 years more than 3 times Raju's age.
- Raju's father's age is 44 years.

Step 1 : Form an equation
Let Raju's age be $x$ years
The equation that gives Raju's age is $3 x+5=44$
Step 2 : Solving the equation using transposition method

- First transpose 5 to get $3 x=44-5=39$
- Dividing both sides by 3 , we get $x=13$

Hence, Raju's age is 13 years.

