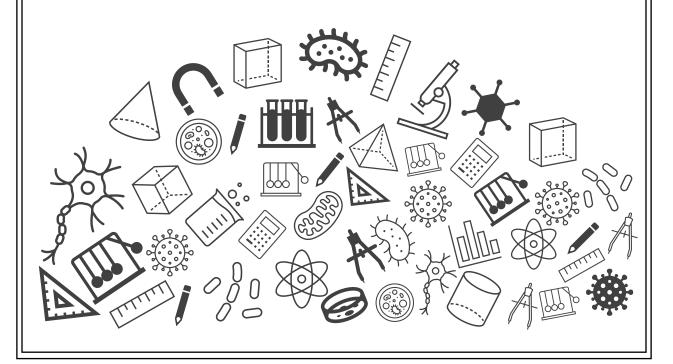
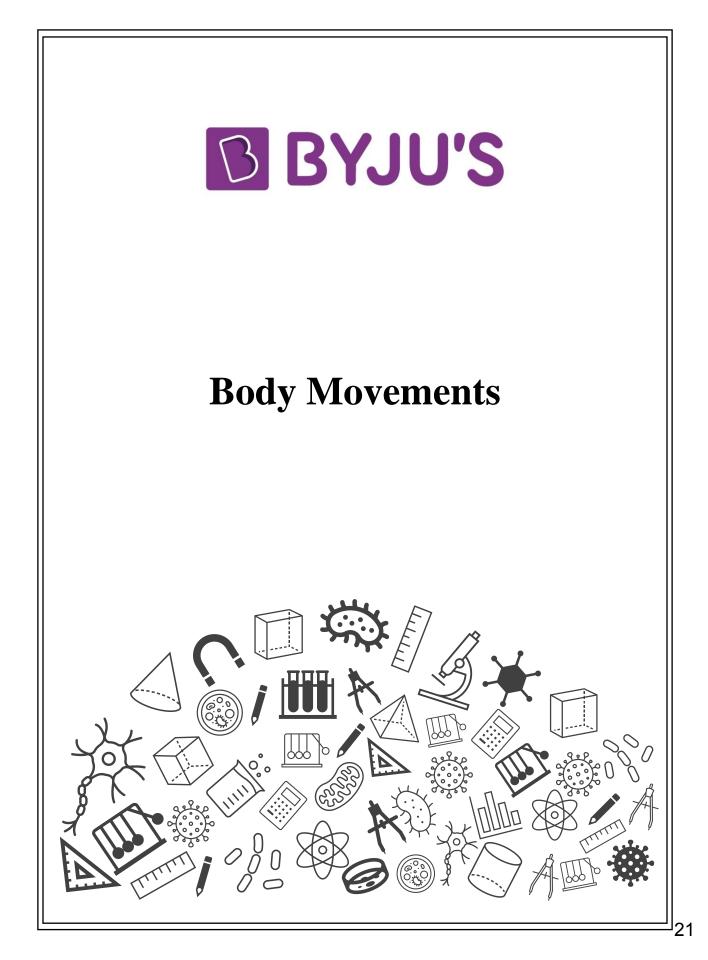


## **Grade 06 : Science** Exam Important Questions



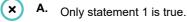




## **Body Movements**

**Topic : Exam Important Questions** 

1.	State whether the following statements are true or false. [1 mark]
	Statement 1: Rib cage helps in protection of the spinal cord.
	Statement 2: Skull helps in the protection of the kidney.



~

- B. Only statement 2 is true.
- **x C.** Both the statements are true.
  - D. Both the statements are false.
- Solution: The correct answer is option (d) (1 mark)
  - The ribcage help protects the organs in the chest, such as the heart and lungs, from damage.
  - Skull helps in the protection of brain.
- 2. The hinge joint is present in the elbow. [1 mark]

A. True

x B. False

Solution: The correct option is (a): True (1 mark)

The hinge joint is present in the elbow that allows only a back and forth movement.

3. Which joints allow movement in all directions? [4 marks]

## Solution:

There are two types of joints which allow movement in all directions. They are as follows:

- Ball and socket joint: It is a joint in which the rounded end of one bone fits into the cavity (hollow space) of the other bone. Such a joint allows movements in all directions. It is present in hips and shoulders. (2 marks)
- Saddle joint: The movable joint present in the wrist and thumb is known as the saddle joint. Such a joint helps to move our wrist in all directions. (2 marks)
- 4. What are fixed joints? [2 marks]

Solution:

- Fixed joints do not allow any movement and thus are called immovable joints. (1 mark)
- Fixed joints are present in the skull. (0.5 marks)
- They attach the upper jaw to the rest of the head. (0.5 marks)
- 5. How does the rippling motion takes place in snail? [3 marks]
  - The snail propels themselves by generating a series of muscular pulses on their foot. (0.5 marks)
  - These waves of muscular relaxations and contractions start at the foot and move towards the entire body. (1 mark)
  - The wave produces enough energy for the snail to move forward. (0.5 marks)
  - The snail also releases a slippery slime, which coats the ground under the snail and this helps to move along easily. (1 mark)



## **Body Movements**

6. Write down the difference between movement and locomotion with examples. [2 marks]

The difference between the movement and locomotion is as following: (2 marks)

	Movement		Locomotion
1.	It refers to a change in posture or change in any body part	1.	It refers to a change in the position
	without any change in the original position of the organism.		of the organism from one place to another.
2.	Example: Birds moving their head	2.	Example: Birds flying away from the tree to the sky

7. How is the skeleton of a bird well-suited for flying?

The skeleton of a bird is well-suited for flying as:

- Bones are hollow and light.
- The bones of forelimbs are modified as wings.
- Shoulder bones are strong.

• The breastbones are modified to hold muscles of flight that are used to move the wings up and down

 State whether the following statements are true or false: Statement 1: Bones are hard structures and cannot be bent. Statement 2: We can bend our elbow and knee joints.

**x** A.

Statement 1: True; Statement 2: False

**B.** Statement 1: False; Statement 2: True

C. Statement 1: True; Statement 2: True

**x** D.

**D.** Statement 1: False; Statement 2: False

Solution:

- Therefore, the correct answer is option (c) Statement 1: True; Statement 2: True.
- Bones are hard structures which give shape and support to our body. They cannot be bent.
- Bending of our body parts such as the elbow, knee is possible due to the presence of different types of joints between the bones.
- Elbow and knee are not made up of a single bone but two or more bones which are joined to each other by a hinge joint.
- This joint along with the muscles help us to bend the elbow and knee.