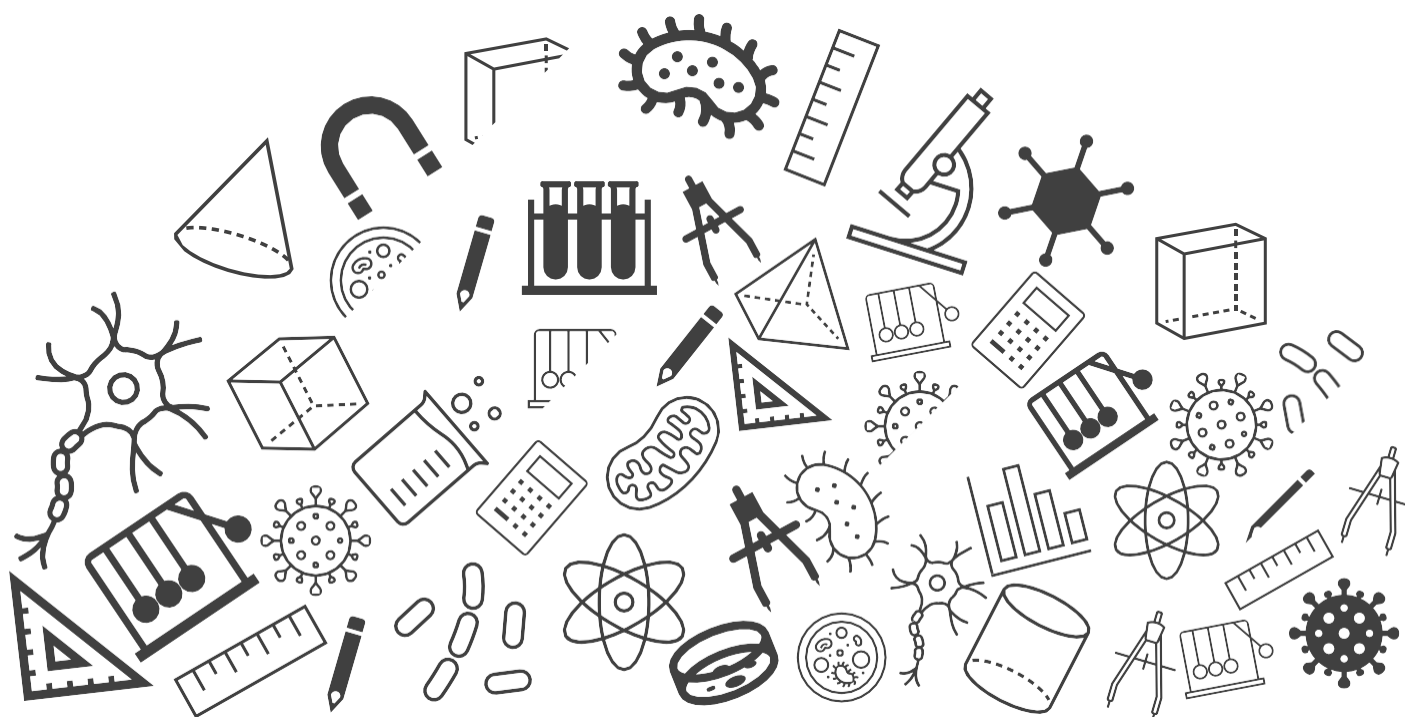




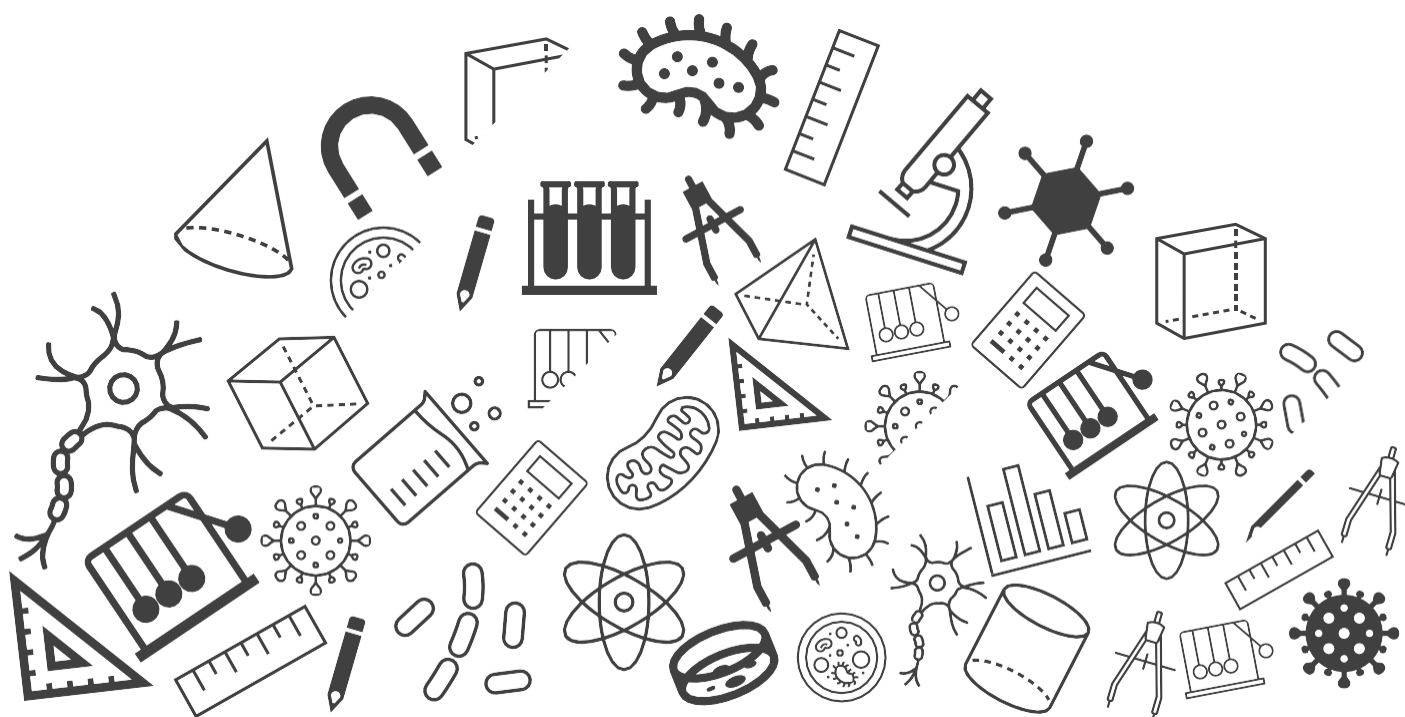
Grade 08: Maths

Exam Important Questions





Cubes and Cube Roots



Cubes and Cube Roots

1. What is the units digit of the cube root of 29791?

[1 mark]

We know that, units place of cube root of a number ending with 1 will always be 1.

Therefore, unit digit of the cube root of 29791 is 1.

[1 mark]

2. State True or False.

If square of a number ends with 5, then its cube ends with 25. [1 mark]

False

Since, $15^2 = 225$, $15^3 = 3375$

(Did not end with 25)

[1 mark]

3. State True or False.

The cube of a two digit number may be a three digit number. [1 mark]

False

Let's take the smallest two digit number 10,

$10^3 = 1000$ [Four digit number]

[1 mark]

Cubes and Cube Roots

4. State whether the number given below is a perfect cube or not.

(i) 216

(ii) 128

[4 marks]

(i) 216

2	216
2	108
2	54
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

[1 mark]

Prime factors of 216 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

Here all factors are in groups of 3's (in triplets)

Therefore, 216 is a perfect cube number.

[1 mark]

(ii) 128

2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

[1 mark]

Prime factors of 128 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

Here one factor 2 does not appear in a 3's group.

Therefore, 128 is not a perfect cube.

[1 mark]

Cubes and Cube Roots

5. Is 9720 a perfect cube? If not, find the smallest number by which it should be divided to get a perfect cube.

[4 marks]

2	9720
2	4860
2	2430
3	1215
3	405
3	135
3	45
3	15
5	5
	1

[1.5 marks]

Prime factors of 9720 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$

[0.5 mark]

The prime factors 3 and 5 do not appear in group of triplets.

So, 9720 is not a perfect cube.

[1 mark]

If we divide the number by $3 \times 3 \times 5$, then the prime factorisation of the quotient will not contain $3 \times 3 \times 5 = 45$

$$\therefore 9720 \div 45 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{3 \times 3 \times 3}$$

$$= 216$$

$$= (6)^3$$

Hence, the smallest number by which 9720 should be divided to get a perfect cube, is 45.

[1 mark]

Cubes and Cube Roots

6. By what smallest number should 3600 be multiplied to make it a perfect cube?
Also, find the cube root of the product.

[5 marks]

2	3600
2	1800
2	900
2	450
3	225
3	75
5	25
5	5
	1

[1.5 marks]

Prime factors of 3600 = $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

[0.5 mark]

Grouping the factors into triplets of equal factors, we get

$$3600 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{2 \times 3 \times 3} \times 5 \times 5$$

We know that, if a number is to be a perfect cube, then each of its prime factors must occur thrice.

We find that 2 occurs 4 times while 3 and 5 occurs twice only.

Hence, the smallest number, by which the given number must be multiplied in order that the product is a perfect cube = $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$

[1 mark]

Also, product = $3600 \times 60 = 216000$

[0.5 mark]

Now, arranging into triplets of equal prime factors, we have

$$216000 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \underline{5 \times 5 \times 5}$$

[1 mark]

Taking one factor from each triplets, we get

$$\sqrt[3]{216000} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

[0.5 mark]

Cubes and Cube Roots

7. Find the cube root of the following number by prime factorization method: 512
[3 marks]

512

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 512 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 256 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 128 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 64 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 32 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad [2 \text{ marks}]$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 16 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[3]{512} &= \sqrt[3]{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \\ &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 8 \quad [1 \text{ mark}] \end{aligned}$$

Cubes and Cube Roots

8. Find the cube root of:

(i) 343

(ii) 1000

(iii) 2744

(iv) 74088

[4 marks]

$$(i) 343 = 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{343} = \sqrt[3]{7 \times 7 \times 7} = 7$$

So, the cube root of 343 is 7.

[1 mark]

$$(ii) 1000 = 10 \times 10 \times 10$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{1000} = \sqrt[3]{10 \times 10 \times 10} = 10$$

So, the cube root of 1000 is 10.

[1 mark]

$$(iii) 2744 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[3]{2744} = \sqrt[3]{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7} = 2 \times 7 = 14$$

So, the cube root of 2744 is 14.

[1 mark]

$$(iv) 74088 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \sqrt[3]{74088} &= \sqrt[3]{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7} \\ &= 2 \times 3 \times 7 = 42 \end{aligned}$$

So, the cube root of 74088 is 42.

[1 mark]