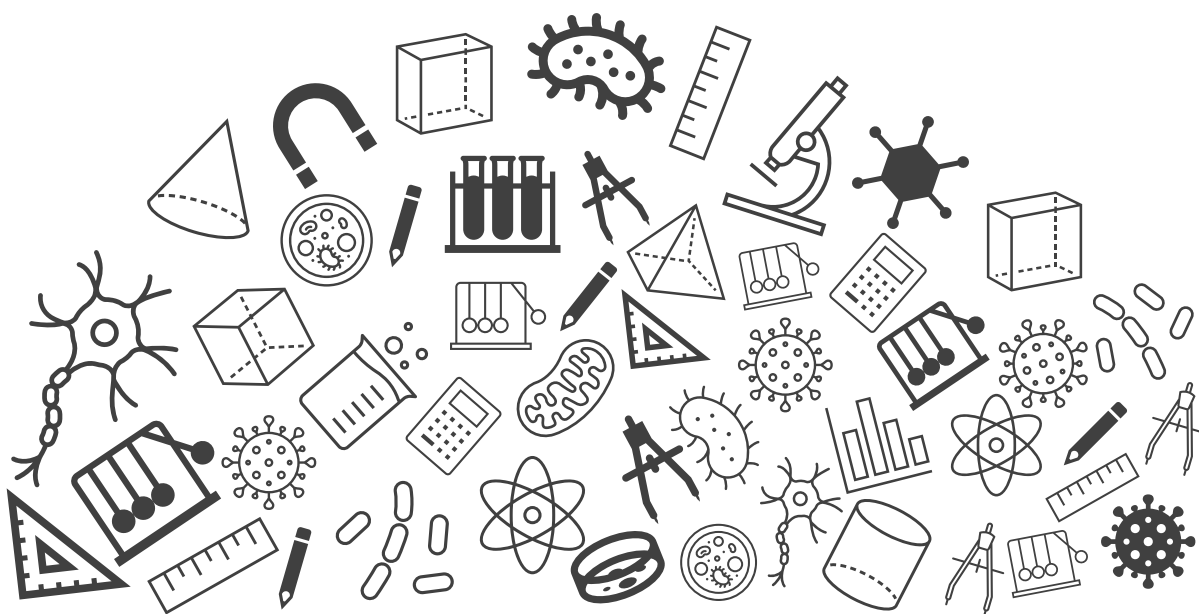




Grade 09: Maths

Exam Important Questions



Topic : Exam Important Questions

1. If the area of an equilateral triangle is $16\sqrt{3}cm^2$, then the perimeter of the triangle is

[3 Marks]

[Area of an Equilateral Triangle]

Solution:

Given, area of an equilateral triangle = $16\sqrt{3}cm^2$

\therefore Area of an equilateral triangle = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}(Side)^2$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}(Side)^2 = 16\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow (Side)^2 = 64$$

\therefore Side = 8cm

.....(2 Mark)

[taking positive square root because side is always positive]

\therefore Perimeter of an equilateral triangle = $3 \times \text{side} = 3 \times 8 = 24\text{cm}$

....(1 Mark)

Hence, the perimeter of an equilateral triangle is 24 cm.

Heron's Formula

2. The edges of a triangular board are 6cm, 8cm and 10cm. The cost of painting it at the rate of 9 paise per cm^2 is _____.

(3 Marks)

[Heron's Formula]

Solution:

Since, the edges of a triangular board are $a = 6cm$, $b = 8cm$ and $c = 10cm$.

Now, semi – perimeter of a triangular board,

$$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$
$$= \frac{6+8+10}{2} = \frac{24}{2} = 12cm$$

....(0.5 Marks)

Now, area of a triangular board = $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ [by Heron's formula]

$$= \sqrt{12(12-6)(12-8)(12-10)}$$

$$= \sqrt{12 \times 6 \times 4 \times 2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(12)^2 \times (2)^2}$$

$$= 12 \times 2 = 24cm^2$$

....(2 Mark)

Given that, the cost of painting an area of $1 cm^2 = Rs.0.09$

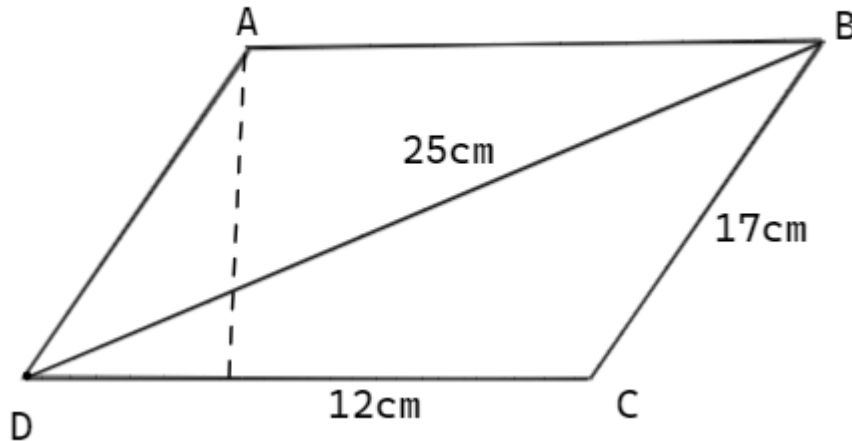
\therefore The cost of painting an area of $24 cm^2 = 0.09 \times 24 = Rs 2.16$

...(0.5 Marks)

Hence, the cost of painting the triangular board at the rate of 9 paise per cm^2 is Rs 2.16.

Heron's Formula

3. Find the area of a parallelogram given in the figure. Also, find the length of the altitude from vertex A on the side DC.
(4 marks)



Area of parallelogram ABCD = 2(Area of $\triangle BCD$)

Now, the sides of a $\triangle BCD$ are $a = 12$ cm, $b = 17$ cm and $c = 25$ cm.

$$\text{Semi-perimeter, } s = \frac{12+17+25}{2} = \frac{54}{2} = 27$$

(0.5 marks)

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{Area of } \triangle BCD &= \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \quad [\text{by Heron's formula}] \\ &= \sqrt{27(27-12)(27-17)(27-25)} \\ &= \sqrt{27 \times 15 \times 10 \times 2} \\ &= \sqrt{9 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2} \\ &= 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 2 = 90 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

(2 marks)

$$\text{Area of parallelogram ABCD} = 2 \times 90$$

$$= 180 \text{ cm}^2$$

Let 'h' be the altitude of the parallelogram.

Area of parallelogram ABCD = Base \times Altitude

$$\Rightarrow 180 = DC \times h$$

$$\Rightarrow 180 = 12 \times h$$

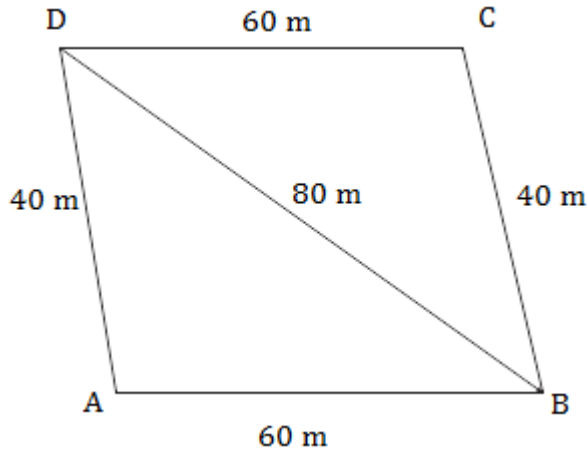
$$\therefore h = \frac{180}{12} = 15 \text{ cm}$$

(1 marks)

Hence, the area of parallelogram is 180 cm^2 and the length of altitude is 15 cm .

(0.5 marks)

4. A field in the form of a parallelogram has sides 60m and 40m and one of its diagonals is 80m long. Find the area of the parallelogram.



[5 marks]

[Heron's Formula]

Solution:

Let ABCD be a parallelogram field with sides $AB = CD = 60\text{m}$, $BC = DA = 40\text{m}$ and diagonal $BD = 80\text{m}$.

Area of parallelogram ABCD = 2 (Area of $\triangle ABD$)

....(i)

Consider $\triangle ABD$,

Semi – perimeter of a triangle $\triangle ABD$,

$$\begin{aligned} s &= \frac{a+b+c}{2} \\ &= \frac{AB+BD+DA}{2} \\ &= \frac{60+80+40}{2} = \frac{180}{2} \\ &= 90\text{m} \\ &\text{.....(1 Mark)} \end{aligned}$$

\therefore Area of $\triangle ABD = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ [by Heron's formula].

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sqrt{90(90-60)(90-80)(90-40)} \\ &= \sqrt{90 \times 30 \times 10 \times 50} \\ &= 100 \times 3\sqrt{15} = 300\sqrt{15}\text{m}^2 \\ &\text{....(2 Marks)} \end{aligned}$$

From Eq.(i),

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of parallelogram } ABCD &= 2 \times 300\sqrt{15} = 600\sqrt{15}\text{m}^2 \\ &\text{...(2 Mark)} \end{aligned}$$

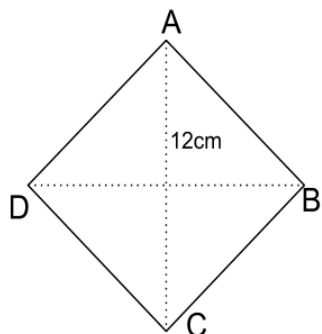
Hence, the area of the parallelogram is $600\sqrt{15}\text{m}^2$

5. A rhombus shaped sheet with perimeter 40 cm and one diagonal 12 cm, is painted on both sides at the rate of ₹ 5 per cm^2 . Find the cost of painting.

(3 Marks)

[Heron's Formula]

Solution:



Let ABCD be a rhombus having each side equal

to x cm.

i.e, $AB = BC = CD = DA = x$ cm

Given, perimeter of a rhombus = 40

$$\therefore AB + BC + CD + DA = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow x + x + x + x = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x = 40$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{40}{4}$$

$$\therefore x = 10 \text{ cm}$$

(1 mark)

In $\triangle ABC$,

let $a = AB = 10$ cm, $b = BC = 10$ cm and $c = AC = 12$ cm

Now, semi-perimeter of

$$\triangle ABC, s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$= \frac{10+10+12}{2} = \frac{32}{2} = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of } \triangle ABC = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \text{ by Heron's formula}$$

$$= \sqrt{16(16-10)(16-10)(16-12)}$$

$$= \sqrt{16 \times 6 \times 6 \times 4} = 4 \times 6 \times 2 = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\therefore \text{Area of the rhombus} = 2(\text{Area of } \triangle ABC) = 2 \times 48$$

$$= 96 \text{ cm}^2$$

(1 mark)

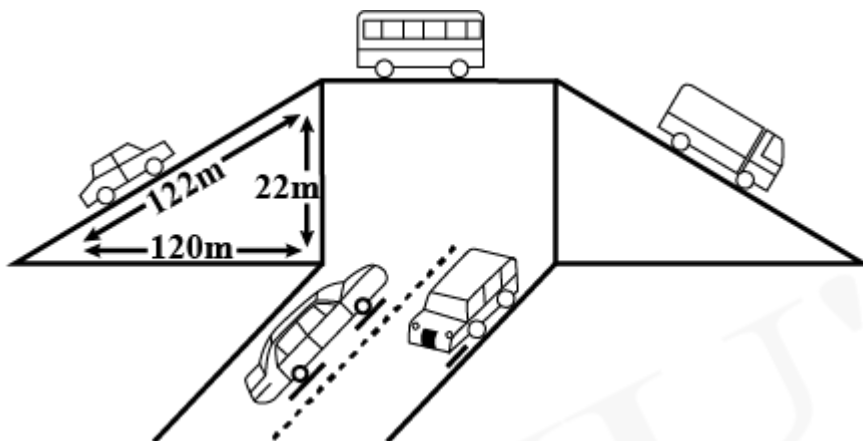
The cost of painting a sheet of $1 \text{ cm}^2 = ₹ 5$

$$\therefore \text{The cost of painting a sheet of } 96 \text{ cm}^2 = 96 \times 5 = ₹ 480$$

$$\text{Hence, the cost of painting the sheet on both sides} = 2 \times 480 = ₹ 960$$

(1 mark)

6. The triangular side walls of a flyover have been used for advertisement. The sides of the walls are 122 m, 22 m, and 120 m (see the given figure). The advertisements yield an earning of Rs 5000 per m^2 per year. A company hired one of its walls for 3 months. How much rent did it pay?



(3 Marks)

Let the sides of the triangle (i.e., a, b, c) be 122 m, 22 m, and 120 m respectively.

Perimeter of triangle = $(122 + 22 + 120)$ m

$2s = 264$ m

$\therefore s = 132$ m (0.5 marks)

By Heron's formula,

Area of triangle = $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$
(0.5 marks)

Area of the given triangle = $\sqrt{132(132-122)(132-22)(132-120)} m^2$

$= \sqrt{132(10)(110)(12)} m^2$

$= 1320 m^2$ (1 Mark)

Rent of 1 m^2 area per year = Rs 5000

Rent of 1 m^2 area per month = $Rs \frac{5000}{12}$

Rent of 1320 m^2 area for 3 months = $Rs \left(\frac{5000}{12} \times 3 \times 1320 \right)$

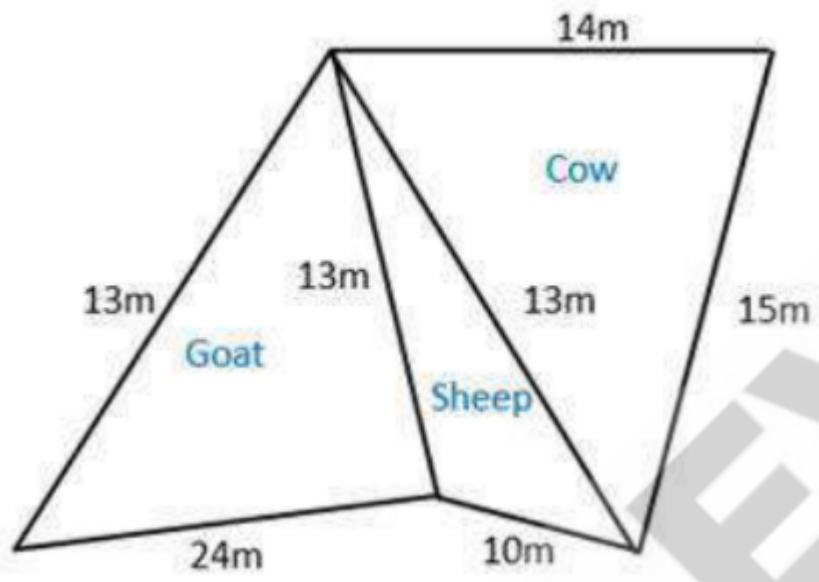
$= Rs (5000 \times 330)$

$= Rs 16,50,000$ (1 Mark)

Therefore, the company paid Rs 16,50,000.

Heron's Formula

7. Raju has a rearing farm which he has divided into 3 parts for rearing cows, sheep and goats. Now using the given information, find the area allotted for cows.



[2 marks]

We can see from the figure that, the area allotted for cows is a triangular region.

hence we can use Heron's formula to find the area allotted for rearing.

Area of a triangle = $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ [0.5 marks]

The length of the sides are 13 m, 14 m and 15 m.

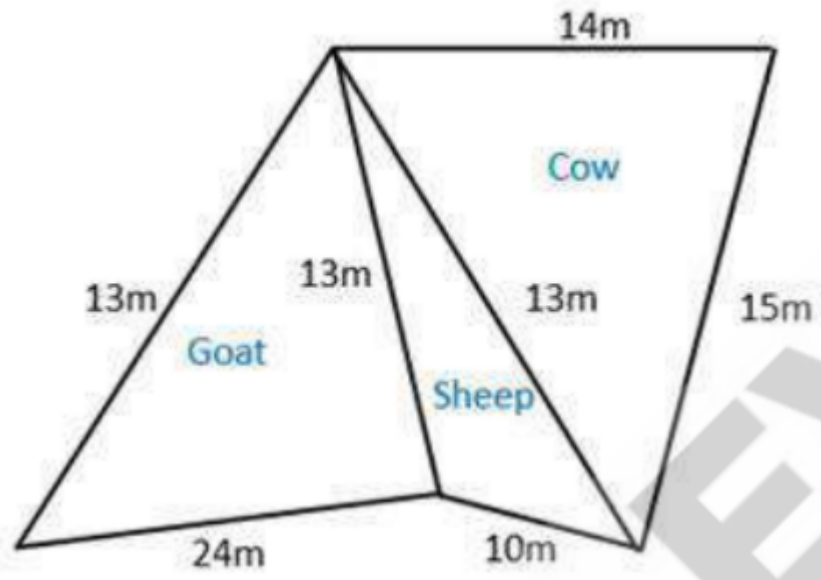
Semiperimeter = $\frac{13+14+15}{2} = \frac{42}{2} = 21 \text{ m}$ [0.5 marks]

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &= \sqrt{21(21-13)(21-14)(21-15)} \\ &= \sqrt{21(8)(7)(6)} \\ &= 84 \text{ m}^2\end{aligned}$$

[1 mark]

Heron's Formula

8. Raju has a rearing farm which he has divided into 3 parts for rearing cows, sheep and goats. Now using the given information, find the area allotted for sheep.



(3 Marks)

[Heron's Formula]

Solution:

We can see from the figure that, the area allotted for sheep is a triangular region.

hence we can use Heron's formula to find the area allotted for rearing.

$$\text{Area of a triangle} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

The length of the sides are 13 m, 13 m and 10 m.

$$\text{Semiperimeter} = \frac{13+13+10}{2} = \frac{36}{2} = 18 \text{ m} \quad (1\text{Mark})$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{18(18-13)(18-13)(18-10)}$$

$$= \sqrt{18(5)(5)(8)}$$

$$= 60 \text{ m}^2 \quad (2\text{Marks})$$